NEW METHOD

O F

LEARNING FRENCH,

IN A PRACTICAL AND BASY WAY:

BEING AN

ILLUSTRATION of all the FRENCH VERBS,

Systematically arranged, and combined in short Sentences, with the Substantives and other Words to which they are the most likely to be connected: With an English Translation, so very literal, as to answer to the French, Word for Word, without offending the Rules of Construction.

Br Mr. Dv MITAND,

Teacher of Greek and Latin, and of the Ten principal European living Tongues,

Author of feveral grammatical Works.

LONDON:

Printed by J. W. GALABIN,
For the AUTHOR, at whose House it may be had, No 19,
GREAT SUFFOLK-STREET, CHARING-CROSS.

MDCCLXXXVIII.

PRICE SIX SHILLINGS.



reserved to the last of the contract of the co

AN

the configuration of demander, the days have been

EXPLANATORY PREFACE,

Interspersed with Remarks on the right Method of teaching and learning Languages.

the state of the s

NE of the greatest checks to learning is the multiplicity of systems on which the art of Grammar is grounded. Several Grammarians feem to have had no other aim in view but to deviate as widely as possible from the road followed by their predecessors, merely because that road had been entered into before; and to have indulged themselves in the adoption of a new plan, the offspring of their own brain. Thus have the public schools been pestered with an immense number of grammatical performances, whose authors modestly give each other the lie direct. Thus is it that a pupil being transferred from the one to the other school, seems transplanted into another world, where a language is spoken not familiar to his ear. For, even in the first angulus.

first seminaries of learning, the dead languages are taught by different grammars respectively; and, were we to look down to what is called Academies in the three kingdoms, fifty Latin grammars, I dare to say, could be produced, which number would even come up to some hundreds, if we included in it all those used in the different states of Europe. Yet the language has been invariably the same for almost two thousand years. Strange! that the same object should be moulded into so many different forms; and that, through a new kind of vanity, children should pretend to know better than their sathers.

The misfortune I am now lamenting, in regard to the dead languages, is more fenfibly felt in the study of the living ones. You might as well attempt to reckon the stars affixed to the firmsment as to pretend to ascertain the number of French Grammars scattered upon the face of the In foreign countries, each market-town has adopted a French-master like a tutelar angel. In grammatical controversies he is the oracle of the place: the people fwear by him in all the tippling-houses. His barbarous name, and his heterogeneous afpect, give him the character and fanctity of a rare bird. His fortune is generally built upon a grammar understood upon the spot, and no where elfe. He borrows of the tailor to pay the printer, and spends his life merrily between the pint and the pot. Most of those grammars are so different from one another, that they do not feem intended to teach the fame language.

language. One grammarian acknowledges but four conjugations, another finds out fix, a third goes as far as ten; but a fourth, without mincing the matter makes the number even with the buttons of his coat, and establishes thirteen: so that, caprice and chance ruling the councils of those gentry, a few rulty buttons grafted upon a threadbare coat become the standard of grammar. The verbs are also divided into tenses as the maggot bites, some authors adopting twelve tenses, others fifteen, and so on, with odd and dissonant names affixed to them, in the choice of which as great a variety is displayed as in a tailor's patternbook. The same disorder and diversity of systems prevail in the other parts of speech, each new author disdaining to adopt or improve another man's definitions.

The mischief extends still farther for those who wish to learn more of the living languages than one; for, they are as much embarraffed to understand the definitions of the different grammars of the languages they have a mind to learn, to distinguish the tenses of the verbs which correspond together, from the one to the other tongue, as they are to learn the tongues themselves; fince, what a French grammarian places in the indicative mood, and calls the conditional tense; an Italian places in the fubjunctive and calls it the imperfest; a grammarian of another nation delights in giving the same tense another peculiar name. One grammarian has fix forts of pronouns, another seven, or even eight; so that, the greatest confusion confusion ensuing, they find themselves engaged in an intricate labyrinth, who would wish to penetrate the different grammars, to understand the one by the other, and to compare them together. The difficulty of the pursuit may, perhaps, be affigned as a reason why so few persons apply themselves to the study of the European languages; and why the FRENCH TONGUE has, by a fort of tacit convention, been chosen as a medium of communication between the many countries into which that quarter of the globe is parcelled. This expedient has brought its different states to coalesce, as it were, into one. It has caused all the scientific and commercial discoveries of each to become a general property, whose benefits are rapidly diffused through the whole. The French being thus adopted as the channel through which ideas are interchangeably conveyed, its superiority to all languages, at least in point of utility, follows of course; nay, the single circumstance above mentioned raises it to such a degree of importance, that an acquaintance with all other idioms could scarcely compensate the inconvenience which would refult from the being a stranger to it. Various cogent reasons might be adduced to justify the preference with which the French language has been honoured upon the above occasion; but, without entering either into a detail or discussion of them, and even admitting that fuch preference derived its origin not from reason but caprice, the choice is so flattering

tering to a Frenchman, that he will feel little

temptation to murmur at it.

Be this, however, as it may, the fact of the universality of the French tongue is of too glaring notoriety to be longer dwelt upon; and fo much the more is it to be lamented, that the mode of teaching it, either privately or in schools, should, generally speaking, be as irrational as most of the grammars, by which it is conveyed, are intricate and unintelligible. The ardor to learn it has established schools, folely appropriated to that end, in every quarter of Europe, and particularly in England, where the mafters and mistresses, pretending to teach it, would, were any common spacious enough to muster them, form a more numerous body than even the worshipful fraternity of black-legs. In effect, what cheefemonger or shoemaker is there within the bills of mortality, whose back-parlour or frontgarret is not let to a day-school, where French is boldly taught by fuch as can scarcely read it; by raw youths without beards, or tottering beldames without teeth? I grant that, in more reputable schools, a regular French-master attends twice or three times a week. This may, on a first view, appear better than nothing; but, indeed, closer inspection will return no very favorable report of its utility: for, without meaning to question the attending gentleman's abilities, his stipend is so very small, that it is reasonable to suppose he will proportion his labor to it. Who can fancy this unfortunate man will exert himfelf ftrenuoufly strenuously in an undertaking, from which another is to reap the whole credit and emolument? But, even allowing that in him literary capacity is united to an inclination of performing much for little or no consideration, the pupils enjoy the advantage of his instruction but for a very short space, when the master or mistress in ordinary hurries them away to fqueek out the lecture they just received, that they themselves may filch some improvement from it. By this huddling and flovenly mode of proceeding, ill-fated Monfieur always finds, upon his next visit, the work of his last utterly spoiled. Disgust naturally ensues, and he, no longer confidering his attendance in any other light than the last desperate affault of the wretched upon subsistence, places himself at the desk in a half-fitting, half-reclining, posture, where, after a drowly fashion, he delivers what he thinks a quantum sufficit compound of half English and half French; and where, in the mean time, to prevent his gentle flumber from rifing to a thundering fnore, which might carry difmay through a peaceable neighbourhood, he injects handfuls of the most pungent Scotch into his own expanded nostrils.

Let not the foregoing representation be supposed even to glance at the capital boardingschools in or about town, which have long been in the possession of a well-merited reputation, and where, doubtless, a rational mode of teaching has been adopted, and is steadily pursued; such are the academies in Queen-square, those at Hackney, Greenwich, Walthamstow, Islington, Cheam, &c. but the circumstances of all families will not permit them to benefit their children by an education in those seminaries; and, of those not prevented by narrowness of fortune from sending their sons or daughters to them, many are de-

cifively partial to domestic tuition.

But how greatly imposed opon are most families by the mafters employed to co-operate in the education of their children at home. Brought up to worfe hopes, most of those gentry are quite ignorant of the lystem of grammar, and, of course. utter strangers to the great art of conveying languages. Yet, like audacious pretenders, they flare up, with a grammar in their hands, Gods knows how, and come God knows whence; after having fuccessively, though without fuccess, handled the needle, the razor, and the spade. Hap-py for them, if they had kept to the last! Not daring to expose themselves to the scrutinizing view of mankind by discovering their names and places of abode, those renegadoes are mostly finuggled into families upon the recommendation of fome cook, friseur, or valet de chambre; and can no better stand the ordeal of an enquiry into their talents, and moral characters, than the owl does day-light, but are for ever obliged to creep about in the dusk of a cloudy reputation.

To the above-mentioned reasons may we impute the little progress children make in the study of French. They all learn it for years, yet we see but sew able to speak it when grown up.

Thus

61797

Thus is the most precious part of human life foolishly wasted, or rather irretrievably lost. This circumstance is the more to be regretted, as youth is undoubtedly the fittest time of life to learn languages: for, however better qualified to receive information grown gentlemen may be thought by reason of their greater maturity of judgment, it is nevertheless found, that they are marvelously deficient in the perseverance necessary to wade through the obscure definitions and tedious rules of grammar. Besides, they have too great a relish for dissipation, together with too strong a sense of the value of the present time, to regard much mental enquiries, or periods removed at any diffance from their dear now. Children. on the other hand, unacquainted with the allurements of the world, and with minds little diffurbed by its more tumultuous wishes, fears, and anxieties, fuffer with less rearing, plunging, or restive impatience, the trammels of grammar to be yoked on, under which they foon frisk forward with blithe and jocund hearts. But, to charm our full-grown students into calm attention, for any length of time, would prove a more arduous task than any atchieved by Hercules.

The master may give French lectures, course after course, fairly appointing the days and hours of meeting at his own house; many of those gigantic pupils will eagerly enroll under his banner, and chearfully subscribe their names; but will they often trust themselves within hearing of his incantations? Not they indeed. One day he receives the following

following cavalier apology in writing for nonattendance. - " Sir, I have just bought a wifkey, and am going to take a ride in it to the country; therefore beg you will excuse me." The next day another, keeping himself at the fame wary diftance, fays by his meffenger -" Sir, there is to be a new play to-night; this I must absolutely see, please therefore to excuse me." A third morning the mafter's door groans under a porter's massy fist, who, having enforced ready admission, slings in the following halfcard, half-billet - " There is to be a bruifingmatch this day at Hockley-in-the-bole, on the event of which I have a cool thousand depending; I hope therefore you will excuse me. 12 o'clock, SQUIRE SAPSCULL."—But when they deign to come, alas! what attention do they give? Why, behold, while Monsteur, dressed in his best coat, (should he happen to have more than one,) is feriously explaining the rules, one of the new converts lugs the Morning-Post out of his pocket, and, shewing it to his next neighbour, a clatter of politics enfues, which shortly proceeds to a dispute about the exact number of troops in the Russian army. The other hopeful pupil, that he might combat his opponent with equal weapons, produces the Public Advertiser, with which, though he forgot his grammar, he took care to come provided to the lecture. From this paper he reads a paragraph giving the Morning-Post the lie direct; a wager is immediately laid with great heat and vociferation, as if thefe geniules previously ascertained of the exact number of privates each Russian regiment contains. This buckish manner of receiving instruction being duly considered, it will no longer appear a mystery, why so many goodly personages are seen stalking about the metropolis and suburbs, who, though they discover no mean knowledge of French articles, yet, not having learned long enough to hear of a pronoun, shall make a most precipitate and disorderly retreat at the bare mention of it, as if no such thing existed in this upper world, but was some hideous goblin evoked out of the lower by a tremendous necromancer.

For fear of appearing morosely satirical, I shall now deast from any farther animadversions, and content myself with simply explaining the systematic plan of the present book, and the manner

of uling it.

It is acknowledged, on all hands, that practice is the best method of learning a living tongue; that the ear is the great receptacle of that fort of science, and that the right pronunciation cannot be attained but by oral sounds. That practice is the best mode of learning a language, experience plainly demonstrates; since we see hundreds of people who understand what they read in French as well as Frenchmen themselves; and yet, because they never were much in the way of hearing, nor contracted the habit of speaking, can hardly understand an easy conversation, or connect themselves a sew words in speech. Nay, practice

practice is so very necessary that even the eminent professors of Greek and Latin, who have been for years in the habit of teaching those languages, could not express themselves readily in them on the common occurrences of life, merely for want of the practical part. As to the necessity of acquiring a true pronunciation by means and with the help of oral founds, it is plain enough from the very nature of founds themselves, which cannot be painted with precision and exactness. Indeed, were a language composed but of a few simple and uniform founds, characters might perhaps be found expressive of them: but how is it possible to depict to the eye all the combinations of founds and their various shadings, blended moreover with, and modulated by, profody? Experience again, our great teacher, will tell us, that no one ever attained the true pronunciation of a language who learned it merely from rules, and without studying to acquire it by imitation from the mouth of natives. It being fo, that book must need be considered as the most useful. by the help of which instruction is conveyed in a practical way, that leaves the organs of speech fubservient to the sense of hearing, though keeping both in a constant state of improvement. That the present book will answer this double purpose, I hope will be granted, after mature reflection on the following description of it.

1. I give an authentic lift of all the French verbs, arranging them under different heads, according as they are auxiliaries, regulars, or irre-

gulars,

gulars, and according as they end in er, ir, oir, or re. But, as a bare and dry lift of them would leave no impression upon the mind, I have combined them in short sentences with the substantives or other words they are the most likely to be connected with in speech; for example, in the list of verbs in er, I connect the verbs, abbaisser, to let down; abandonner, to abandon; abdiquer, to abdicate; accelerer, to accelerate; abboyer, to bark; accepter, to accept; accoupler, to pair; achever, to finish, &cc. — I say, I connect the above verbs in the following manner; viz.

Abbaiffez les rideaux, Abandonnez votre entreprise,

Il a abdiqué sa charge,

l'ai accélere l'affaire,

Le chien abboye, Acceptez mon offre, Accouplez les pigeons, Acbevez votre ouvrage, Let down the curtains, Abandon your enterprise.

He has abdicated his charge.

I have accelerated the af-

The dog barks.

Accept my offer.

Pair the pigeons.

Pinish your work.

Because, if we happen to speak of letting down, of abandoning, or of abdicating, it is twenty to one it will be of letting down curtains, abandoning an enterprise, or abdicating a charge; and, if we speak of barking, what other animal can bark but a dog? Again, if in a conversation there should occur the sollowing verbs, to accept, to pair or to sinish, is

to

n

t

W

P

V

0

e

a

f

I

n

n

it not quite natural to think they will be connected as in the above examples? Since, when people do accept, pair, or finish, they generally accept affers, pair, or couple, animals, or finish works already begun.

2. The verbs are methodically arranged, and conjugated moreover through their different moods and tenfes in this manner; viz. There precedes a table of the characterifics, or uniform terminations, of all the French verbs, regulars or irregulars, in most of their tenses, with the name of each tenfe, and a number in the margin beginning by 1. down to 11. The use of those numbers is to represent afterwards the names of the tenses in the conjugation of the different kinds of verbs, and thereby to avoid tedious repetitions. After this table, follow the two auxiliaries, avoir, to bave, and être, to be, conjugated all through; then a pattern of the first conjugation, with a lift of all the verbs that conform to it, placing those called reflective in a particular division. Proceeding afterwards with the fame order, a pattern of each regular conjugation is exhibited, with a subsequent list of the verbs that admit of the fame variations; and, laftly, come all the irregulars with their compounds. Wherefore, if, in conjugating the verbs, a pupil should not recollect the name of a particular tense, he need but attend to the number at the top of it, and then, referring to the table, he will find the name he wants opposite to a similar number: For For example, should the number 7 be at the top of a tense, he will find the words Future Tense printed opposite to the same number in the table, and so forth. Six tenses out of eleven have only the first person set down. This happens because those tenses, in all kinds of verbs, take invariably the same characteristics, or terminations; and it would be ridiculous beyond degree, though it is constantly done by French grammarians, to conjugate them at full length. But, fairly to prove the absurdity of it, I shall only ask whether the following rule is not within the comprehension of the meanest capacity.

All French verbs, not one excepted, take these terminations in the following tenses; viz. in the Imperfect,

ois, ois, oit, ions, iez, oient:

rai, ras, ra, rons, rez, ront:

rois, rois, roit, rions, riez, roient:
Present of the Subjunctive,

e, es, e, ions, iez, ent:

Perfect of the Subjunctive,

ffe, ffes, 't, ffions, ffiez, ffent:

As to the Perfect of the Indicative, it always takes either,

us, us, ut, ûmes, ûtes, urent: or is, is, it, îmes, îtes, irent:

that

that is to say, not either indifferently, but some us others is, except only Tenir, to bold, Venir, to come, and their compounds, with verbs ending in er. Now, when the first person of these tenses is known, can there be any difficulty in finding out the others from my table of characteristics, where the said terminations are displayed as above? For example, if I give the following tenses to be conjugated through; viz.

je revêtois, je revêtirai, je revêtirois, (que) je revête, (que) je revêtiffe, je disois, je dirois (que) je dise, (que) je dise, je conduirai, je conduirois, (que) je conduise, (que) je conduisse, je revêtis, je conduisse, je reçus, je pris, je vecus, &c.

Will any one be at a loss to form the other persons

and fay,

je revêtois, tu revêtois, il revêtoit, nous revêtions, vous revêtiez, ils revêtoient: je revêtirai, turevêtiras, and so forth? Yet, by this single observation, a French grammar of 200 pages, might be reduced to 150; and, if a thing so palpable has not been adopted, people may judge how far the art of grammar might be improved. To prevent the trouble of continually turning over the leaves of this book in order to refer to the table of characteristics, I have set it double, so that one may be cut out, put on paste-board, and kept under the eye while the learner is conjugating the verbs.

3. The sentences that serve as illustrations to the verbs are, at least down to page 77 without interruption, so very literal, that the English words

words answer exactly to the French ones in the fame order as they are placed, without offending the idiom of either language. This may be obferved, as a specimen of the whole, in the following examples, intended to illustrate the verbs devorer, empoisonner, et pratefter;

Le loup a dévoré une The wolf has devoured a brebis. Pigmalion, roi de Tyr, fut empoisonné par sa

maîtresse Astarbé,

La lettre de change a été protestée,

theep.

Pigmalion, King of Tyre, was poisoned by his mistress Astarba.

The bill of exchange has been protested.

Where the true fignification of every word may be ascertained, so-le the loup wolf a hes dévoré devoured une a brebis sheep-Pigmalion Pigmalion soi King de of Tyr Tyre fut was empoisonné poi-

foned, &cc. &cc.

And as I have, as much as possible, avoided repeating the fame words twice in the whole scheme, the pupil, by going through it, will be continually getting new ground: nay, according to the computation I have made, he will have learned seven thousand words by the time he reaches the 77th page, which is not above one-third of the work. The difficulty of compoling fo many hundred phrases, as described, is such, that I have often been for a whole hour endeavouring to inlay one fingle verb in a phrase, before I could hit of one that admitted of an English translation,

translation, both literal and accurate. But, as conjunctive pronouns are almost always placed in French before the verbs that govern them, which is exactly the reverse in English, when any occur they are taken into a parenthesis in both languages, as an indication that those words answer to each other; as,

Cela (me) fâche, That grieves (me.)
Je (lui) ai parlé, I have spoken (to him.)

And if one or more words are taken into parentheses in one language only, it shews that that word or those words either must absolutely be, or at least are generally, lest out in the other language; as,

Jebrule (du) bois et vous I burn wood and you (du) charbon, coal.

Where fome answering to du is better omitted than expressed in English; again,

(Les) reproches enveni- Reproaches embitter the ment l'esprit, mind.

J'ai reçu cent guinées, I have réceived (a) handred guineas.

Venez ici, (ma) fœur, Come here, fifter, &c. &c.

All the verbs, in both languages, are printed in italics, that they might be more readily diffinguished from the other words; and, when two verbs in English are remarked answering to only

one in French, with the latter inclosed between two crochets, this indicates that the first word is more literal, but the second better; as,

Ne disputez pas avec lui, Do not dispute [contend]
with him.

Réparez vos fautes, Repair [amend] your
faults.

This book is chiefly intended for the use of my pupils, for which reason it is printed on a large type and fine paper, and of course must sell dearer than common school-books.

My manner of reducing it to practice is briefly as follows: I first read every phrase with a very loud and distinct voice; and, in order to affect the learner's ear more forcibly, I make a short stop at every sound, regulating my pronunciation by sounds, and not by syllables; and making the stop after every emission of the voice nearly in the same manner as in music.

While I am reading the phrases, the learner has his eyes fixed on them and repeats them after me; I then take the book into my own hand, pronounce the phrases again, and cause the pupil, without seeing the book, to repeat them after me, and tell me the English, and vice versa, (after he has made some proficiency.) By that process, the sense of hearing soon becomes capable of distinguishing sounds from one another, and as sounds

founds fo far act upon the foul, that words uttered excite certain ideas, the different notions, representative of those sounds, are at last durably engraved in the memory.

I could say a great deal more here on the necessity of teaching by oral sounds, but my different avocations will not allow me at present. However, I have another work on a similar plan now printing, intitled French and English Conversations, which is intended as a companion to this; and I mean, in a long introduction to the same, fully to expariate on a subject I si d myself now under the necessity of dropping.

right a characteristic specification professional

A K HATHERY CAMP BOOK CONTROL SHEET IN A

May the state of t

religen tradfaithethachallationale

- At Mr. Du-MITAND's House may be bad the following Works, published by and for bim; viz,
- 1. A TREATISE on Languages, with a Sketch of the Latin Tongue. Price 3s. 6d.
- 2. A Greek and Latin Grammar. 4s.
- 3. A Table on Imperial Paper, that shews the reciprocal Correspondence of all the variable Parts of Speech in the Seven most useful living Tongues. 5s. and 7s. 6d. with Rollers.
- 4. Another Table, that presents a succinct Method of declining every Article, Noun and Pronoun in French, and which reduces all the Verbs to a single Conjugation. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- 5. A fimilar Table for the Italian Language. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- 6. Another for the Spanish. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- 7. Another for the Portuguese. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- 8. French and Latin Poetry, on various Subjects and Public Events. 4s. 6d.
- 9. A new French and English Spelling Book. 1s.
- 10. The Art of reading English, blended with the Beauties of the whole Bible. 2s. and 3s.
- 11. A new Set of Exercises, illustrating the French Syntax.
- 12. A new System of Grammar. 6s. And other Publications.
- Genteel Accommodations for Gentlemen to board and lodge, or only to board in the Family.

Street, Street, State Control of the Control of the All the contemporation of the Follow. eds to to the design of the second of the second second of the the Transfer of the Late of the La al (Physical Company of the Company of he d. CONTRACTOR STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PART . A ... Talk of the first of the section of the section of the section of a Chilips, Lough winds or done. control of the control of the control of the control - AND THE MAN Marie New Properties rachistic transfer of the first transfer of the the market the state Market Francis - Allen Market Land Space Francis to the second se · 中间写出了 storing of the land of the land

A TABLE of the French Characteristics, with their corresponding Signs in English.

I. INFINITIVE MOOD, Present Tense, To. 2. Participle Prefent, -ING. -ant. 3. Participle Past, ______ -ED, (when regular). 4. INDICATIVE, Present, _____ I DO.* (Plural) -ons, -ez, -ent. 5. Imperfect, --ois, ois, -oit, -ions, -iez, -oient. 6. Perfect, _____ I -ED, (when regular). -us, -us, -ut, -ûmes, -ûtes, -urent, or, -is, -is, -it, -îmes, -îtes, -irent. 7. Future, ____ I SHALL or WILL. -rai, -ras, -ra, -rons, -rez, ront. 8. Conditional, I SHOULD, WOULD, or COULD. -rois, -rois, -roit, -rions, -riez, -roient. 9. IMPERATIVE, ____ DO YOU.+ (Plural) -ons, -ez, -ent. 10. SUBJUNCTIVE, Present, (that) I MAY. -e, -es, -e, -ions, -iez, -ent. II. Perfect, _____ (that) I MIGHT. -ffe -ffes, -t, -ffions, -ffiez, -ffent. * That is, I do (love,) or I love.

+ That is, do you (love,) or love thou.

^{*} This Table is meant to be cut out, and put on paste-board, for the convenience of the learner in conjugating the verbs.

A TABLE of the French CHARACTERISTICS, with their corresponding Signs in English.

1. INFINITIVE MOOD, Present-Tense, To.
2. Participle Present,
3. Participle Past, ———— -ED, (when regular).
4. INDICATIVE, Present, I Do.* (Plural) -ons, -ez, -ent.
5. Imperfect, I DID I DID I DID
6. Perfect, -us, -us, -ut, -ûmes, -ûtes, -urent, or, -is, -is, -it, -îmes, -îtes, -irent.
7. Future, I shall or willrai, -ras, -ra, -rons, -rez, -ront.
8. Conditional, I SHOULD, WOULD, or COULDrais, -rais, -roit, -rions, -riez, -raient.
9. IMPERATIVE, (Plural) -ons, -ez, -ent.
10. SUBJUNCTIVE, Present, (that) I MAY.
II. Perfect, ————————————————————————————————————
That is, I do (love,) or I love.

The Auxiliary Verb avoir.

		i ne At	ixilia	ry verb avoir.
1:				
Avoir	-		-	le fel,
2.				
Ayant	-	-	-	le poivre,
3:			,	
Eu -	•	-	-	
T, 4.				
J'ai -				le beurre,
tu as	-		-	le fromage,
ila -	-	-	-	le lait,
nous avons	-	Park of		le gâteau,
vous avez		-	-	le pâté,
ils ont		-		le vin,
T, 5.				Tr - A
J'avois	-			la crême,
6.				LCLI
J'eus		- 1	-	la falade,
7.				In desired
Faurai 8.		-		la tourte,
		2		la bierre,
J'aurois				la bierre,
9 Aie -				Page
qu'il ait	`			l'eau,
	-			les oeufs, les faucisses,
ayons				
qu'ils aient				les raves,
10.			100	les pommes,
(que) J'aye				(du) noin
tu ayes				(du) pain,
il ait -			308 - 2	(de la) viande, (de l') huile,
※回答は「日本のできる。」		_		(der) phricate
nous ayons				(des) abricots, (des) cerifes.
vous ayez				(des) cernes.
				(des) amandes,
II.				(dec) former
(que) J'eu				(des) figues,

To have	-	-	the falt.
Having	-	-	the pepper,
Had —	_	-	
I have	-	-	the butter.
thou haft he has —	_ _ _ _	ekystas į	the cheefe.
we have	.34	10.23	the cake.
ye have			the pie.
they have	-	_	the wine.
I had -	_	_	the cream.
I had —	-	-	the fallad.
I shall have	-	-	the tart.
I should have	-	-	the beer.
Have thou		_	the water.
let him have			the eggs.
let us have -	-	_	the faufages.
have ye	-	. —	the radishes.
let them have	77		the apples.
(that) I may ha	ve	_	bread.
thou mayest hav	re i		meat.
he may have	1	-	oil.
we may have	_	12 - 12 1	apricots.
ye may have			cherries.
they may have		-	almonds.
(that) I might l	nave	_	figs.
		A	2

The Auxiliary Verb Etre.

	THE A	Зиліца	th A CID Title.
Etre		** ******	capable,
2.			capacity,
Etant -		**	hardi,
Eté —		_	and the second
4.			//
Je fuis —	-		libre,
tu es —		201 <u>4</u> 21	aimable,
il est —	E		généreux,
nous fommes	_		heureux,
vous êtes	_	- 4	favans,
ils font —	-		vieux,
J'étois —	<u>.</u>	4	riche,
6.			
Je fus —	-	-	fatisfait,
Je ferai —	_	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	chagrin,
Je serois —	-		inquiet,
Sois —	_	1442	vigilant,
qu'il foit	_	-	fage,
foyons -		_	prudens,
foyez —		_	vifs,
qu'ils soient	_	-	charitables,
10.			
(que) Je fois	-	-	content,
tu fois —	_	_	avare,
il foit —	_	-	diligent,
nous foyons	_	_	fidèles,
vous foyez		-	fortunés,
ils foient —	-		bons,
(que) Je fusse	-	=	industrieux,

on with the strange for the

To be —	-	-	capable.
Being -	-		bold.
Been —	-	-	entaria de la companya della companya della companya de la companya de la companya della company
I am —		راصر	free.
thou art			amiable.
he is —	_	_	generous
we are —		_	happy.
ye are —	_	-	learned.
they are	-	-	old.
I was —	-	مسو	rich.
I was —	-	-	fatisfied.
I shall be	_	-	forrowful.
I should be	_	4	uneafy.
Be thou	1	Provide and	vigilant.
let him be	_	_	wife.
let us be	-	-	prudent.
be ye —	-	: =	lively.
let them be	-	-	charitable.
(that) I may be	-		contented.
thou mayest be		-	covetous.
he may be	_	-	diligent.
we may be	-	-	faithful.
ye may be	-	-	fortunate.
they may be	-		good.
(that) I might b	e	÷-	industrious.

inida Amerika Amerika

The First Conjugation ending in er.

J.	~	onjug.	actor chang in er.
Aimer -		-	fon père,
Aimant —	-	_	sa mère,
3- Aimé —		1_	
4-			
J'aime —	_	-	mon fils,
tu aimes			ta fille,
il aime —	-		fa nièce,
nous aimons	-	. 14	nos frères,
vous aimez		· .	vos fœurs,
Is aiment	-	-	leurs enfans,
5.			
J'aimois -	-	-	ton coufin,
6.			
J'aimai —	-	e i a	ta cousine,
tu aimas	-	_	mon oncle,
il aima —		10000	ma tante,
nous aimâmes	-		vos neveux,
vous aimâtes	-	No.	le petit garçon,
ils aimèrent	-	_	la petite fille,
7-		Settere)	
J'aimerai	_	-	vos amis,
8.	. 3	gelög så	A Design Comment
J'aimerois	-	S. Toron	leurs parens,
9-		48.00	and the state of
Aime —	-	-	ta famille,
qu'il aime	400	-	fes voifins,
aimons . —	-		nos ennemis,
aimez —	.1	ex -1 0	vos femmes,
qu'ils aiment	-		leurs maîtres,
10.	2 Tables		
(que) J'aime			mon grand-père,
(que) J'aimasse		4: 1	ma grand-mère.

942

16.

est med set

To love —	-	_	one's father.
Loving -	_	-	one's mother.
Loved —		-	
I love — thou lovest he loves we love ye love — they love		11111	my fon. thy daughter. his niece. our brothers. your fifters. their children.
I did love	_	_	thy coufin.
I loved — thou lovedft he loved we loved ye loved they loved		<u> </u>	thy coufin. my uncle. my aunt. your nephews. the little boy. the little girl.
I shall love	-	_	your friends.
I should love	_	_	their relations.
Love thou let him love let us love love ye — let them love (that) I may love		0 11111	thy family. his neighbours. our enemies. your wives. their masters. my grand-father.
(that) I might lo		=	my grand-mother VERES.

VERBS, CONJUGATED LIKE aimer, EXEMPLIFIED.

ABBAISSEZ les rideaux, Abandonnez votre entre- Abandon your enterprise. prife, Le chien abboye, Abrégez votre livre, Il a abdiqué sa charge, La mer abonde en poissons, Il (m)'a abordé civilement, l'ai accéléré l'affaire, Accentuez cette lettre, Acceptez mon offre, Accompagnez votre frère, Accordez-moi votre protection, Accostez votre sœur, Accouplez les pigeons, Accoutumez-le à cela, Accrochez la viande, Il accumule (des) richeffes, Vous m'accusez faussement, Achetez du pain,

Achevez votre ouvrage,

Acquiescez à ma prière,

Adaptez ceci à cela,

Adhérez à sa volonté,

The dog barks. Abridge your book. He has abdicated his charge. The sea abounds in fish. He has accosted (me) civilly. I have accelerated the affair. Accent this letter. Accept my offer. Accompany your brother. Grant me your protection. Accost your fifter. Pair the pigeons. Accustom him to that. Hang up the meat. He accumulates riches. You accuse me falsely. Buy some bread. Finish your work. Acquiesce to [in] my prayer. Adapt this to that. Adhere to his will.

Let down the curtains.

Je vous adjugerai cent guinées, I will adjudge you (a) hundred guineas.

Administrez les facremens, Admirez fa constance, Adoptez fon fentiment, Adorez Dieu.

Vous affectez un filence im- You affect an impertinent pertinent, Affichez votre avertissement,

Elle affirme la vérité, Vous affligez vos parens,

N'aggravez pas votre faute, N'agitez pas cette question-

(là),

Aidez les affligés, Aiguifez votre couteau, Ajoutez-(y) cela, Ajustez tout cela, La chatte alaite ses petits, Pourquoi êtes-vous alarmé? Alleguez vos raisons, Allouez-lui fes gages, Vous allumerez la chandelle, Allongez votre bras, Il amasse (des) trésors, Améliorez vos finances Amenez votre frère, Amusez les enfans,

Administer the facraments. Admire his constancy. Adopt his fentiment. Adore God.

filence.

Stick up your advertisement. She affirms the truth. You afflict your relations. Do not aggravate your fault. Do not agitate [discuss] that question.

Help the afflicted. Whet your knife. Add that (to it.) Adjust all that.

The cat fuckles her young ones, Why are you alarmed? Allege your reasons. Allow him his wages.

You shall light the candle. Stretch out your arm. He beaps up treasures. Mend your finances. Bring your brother.

Amuse the children.

Vous animez la passion, Annexez-(y) cette lettre,

Je vous annoncerai (de) bonnes I will announce you good news. nouvelles.

Qu'il appaise sa colère, Appareillez ces souliers, Appellerai-je votre domestique? Shall I call your servant? M'apportez-vous de l'argent? Appréciez ce tableau,

Apprehendez fon reffentiment,

Apprétez le diner, Apprivoifez l'oifeau,

A quel usage appropriez-vous cela?

Approuvez-vous fa conduite? Arborez votre pavillon, Arrachez cette dent-(ci),

table,

Il a arrêté le voleur,

Le Roi est arrive,

Le jardinier a arrofe le jardin,

neurs,

You animate his passion. Annex this letter (to it.)

Let him appeale his anger. Pair these shoes.

Do you bring me some money? Appraise this picture.

Apprehend [dread] his refentment.

Get the dinner ready. Tame the bird.

To what use do you appropriate that ?

Do you approve his conduct? Hoist your flag.

Draw this tooth.

J'ai arrangé les tasses sur la I have arranged the cups on the table.

> He has arrested [stopped] the robber.

The King is arrived.

The gardener has watered the garden.

Les ambitieux aspirent aux hon- The ambitious aspire to honours. - A 10 0 10 00 00

Il a été affaffiné sur le grand He has been affaffinated upon the highway. chemin,

Le Parlement est affemblé,

par terre, Affignez-lui une place,

Affistons les malheureux, Le boucher a affommé le boeuf, The butcher has knocked down

Attaquez votre ennemi avec Attack courage,

Deux témoins ont atteffé le fait, Two witnesses have atteffed

Sa beauté attire les regards de Her beauty attrasts the looks toute l'assemblée,

Le chat a attrapé une souris, A quoi attribuez-vous sa mala-

die?

Elle a avalé la pillule, Avancez vers moi,

H est aveuglé par ses passions,

Augmentez vos revenus par Augment your revenues by votre économie,

Il a avoué son erreur,

The Parliament is affembled.

La ville est affiégée par mer et The town is besieged by sea and by land.

Affign him a place.

Let us affift the unfortunate.

the ox.

your enemy courage.

the fact.

of the whole affembly.

The cat has caught a moufe.

To what do you attribute his illnefs?

She has fwallowed the pill. Advance towards me.

He is blinded by his passions.

your economy.

He has avorved [confessed] his error.

(Le) mauvais exemple femble Bad example feems to authoauthorifer (le) vice, rife vice.

Ne babillez pas tant, Ne badinez pas avec le chat, Comme vous baillez! Baifez cet enfant tendrement, Kifs that child tenderly. La servante a balayé l'escalier,

Do not prate so much. Do not play with the cat. How you gape! The maid has fwept the staircase.

La petite fille sera baptisée au- The little girl will be baptised jourd'hui, Avez-vous baffiné mon lit? Bêchez la terre, Entendez-vous les brebis bêler? Do you hear the sheep bleat? Bercez le petit garçon,

Have you warmed my bed? Dig the earth [ground.] Rock the little boy. Do not blame any body.

to-day.

Ne blâmez personne, Ne blasphémez pas le nom de Do not blaspheme the name of Dieu,

God.

Il a été dangereusement blesse,

He has been dangeroufly wounded.

La ville fut bloquée, Bombardez la citadelle,

The town was blockaded. Bombard the citadel.

A-t-il bouché la bouteille?

Has he corked the bottle?

bouclerez-vous pas fouliers?

vos Will you not buckle your Thoes?

Ne bougez pas de là,

Do not fir from thence,

Pourquoi ne boutonnez-vous pas Why do you not button your yotre habit et (votre) veste? - coat and waistcoat?

Il bravoit ses ennemis, Les étoiles brillent beaucoup, Vous briferez la table, Cette demoiselle brode avec That young lady embroiders beaucoup (de) goût, Brofferez-vous mon chapeau? Brouillez les cartes, Broyez les couleurs,

Je brule (du) bois et (du) char- I burn wood and coal. bon,

Bridez mon cheval,

The theologist last regions of the

He braved his enemies.

The stars shine much [bright.]

You will break the table.

with much tafte.

Will you brush my hat? Shuffle the cards. Grind the colours.

Baignez l'enfant dans la rivière, Bathe the infant in the river. Bridle my horfe.

Cachetez votre lettre,

Ne calmerez-vous jamais votre Will you never calm your colère?

Ne calomniez personne,

plaine,

On cannona la forteresse pen- They cannonaded the fortress dant deux heures,

Ensuite elle capitula,

Captivez vos passions,

Seal your letter.

anger?

Slander no body.

L'armée étoit campée dans la The army was encamped in [on] the plain.

during two hours.

Afterwards it capitulated.

Captivate [subdue] your palfions.

Elle caresse ses enfans avec She caresses her children with (une) grande tendresse, Ne cassez pas les œufs,

great tenderness.

Do not break the eggs.

Pourquoi

causex-vous dans Why do you prattle in the Pourquoi fchool? l'école ? I yielded to the strongest. Je cédai au plus fort, We celebrate your arrival. Nous célébrons votre arrivée, Censurez (le) vice, Censure vice. Certifiez la vérité du fait, Certify the truth of the fact. Qu'il cesse ses plaintes, Let him cease his complaints, Ne chagrinez pas votre mère, Do not chagrin [grieve] your mother.

Ils changerent cette pièce d'or, They changed that piece of gold.

Je vous chanterai une chanson I will sing you a song after après diner, dinner.

Nous chargeames l'ennemi avec We charged the enemy with beaucoup (d') impétuosité, much impetuosity.

Demain nous chasserons le cerf, To-morrow we will bunt the stag.

Ne me chatouillez pas, Do not tickle me.

Cherchez vos jarretières, Look for your garters.

You rumple my cap.

Aviez-vous commencé votre Had you begun your work?

J'ai commenté Homère, I have commented (upon) Homer.

Commercez avec honneur, Trade with honor.

Communiquez votre dessein au Communicate your design to ministre, the minister.

Nous

E

G

Je

Nous compenserons la dépense We will compensate the expence between us. entre nous, Il a enfin complété sa bibliotèque, He has at last completed his library. Le gouverneur complimenta le The governor complimented the King. Roi, Il a compose un beau poeme, He has composed a fine poem. Compterez-vous votre argent? Will you count [tell] your money? L'affaire ne fut pas bien con- The affair was not well concertée. certed. Le juge condamna les coupables. The judge condemned the guilty. (Me) confesserez-vous la vérité? Will you confess the truth (to me ?) Ma tante (m')a confirmé cette My aunt has confirmed that nouvelle, news (to me.) Tous fes effets ont été con- All his effects have been confiscated. fisqués, Les différens témoins ont été The différent witnesses have confrontés, been confronted. Elle a congédié ses domestiques. She has dismissed her servants. Congratulez-le, Congratulate him. Que conjecturez-vous de cet What do you conjecture from évènement? that event? Conjuguerez-vous vos verbes? Will you conjugate your verbs? Je vous conjure de me pardon- I conjure you to forgive me. ner L'évêque L'évêque a été confacré,

The bishop has been confecrated.

Je vous conseille de faire votre I advise you to do your duty. devoir.

Confervez son amitié, Considérez ceci avec attention, Ont-ils configné l'argent?

Preferve his friendship. Consider this with attention. Have they configned the money?

En quoi cela confifte-t-il? Yous êtes toujours prêt à con- You are always ready to confoler les affligés.

In what does that confift? fole the afflicted.

Les provisions sont consommées, Il a conspiré contre son Roi,

The provisions are consumed. He has conspired against his King.

Le fait est constaté, On a constitué (des) juges et They have appointed judges fait (des) loix,

The fact is proved.

Je consulterai mes amis. Tout le bled est consumé, and made laws.

I will confult my friends.

avec attention, Vous contentâtes votre désir,

All the corn is consumed. Nous contemplâmes ce tableau We viewed that picture with attention.

* () () ()

You gratified your defire.

Pourquoi (le) contesteriez-vous? Why should you contest (it?) J'ai commencé; qui continuera? I have begun; who will comtinue ?

D'abord ils contractèrent (des) At first they contracted debts. dettes,

L'ordre

L'ordre fut contre-mande,	The order was countermand-
Contre-figuez la lettre,	Counter-fign the letter.
Je serois bien-aise de contribuer à votre bonheur,	I should be very glad to con-
Pourquoi contrôliez-vous fa conduite?	Why did you controll his con- duct?
Venez avec moi, nous conver- ferons ensemble,	Come with me, we will con-
Le Roi a convoqué un nouveau parlement,	The King has convoked [con- vened] a new parliament.
Je copierai deux pages,	I will copy two pages.
Le fecond témoin corrolera la déposition du premier,	The second witnesscorroborated the deposition of the first.
Ne me coudoyez pas,	Do not elbow me.
L'eau coule avec rapidité,	The water flows with rapidity.
(Vous) couperai-je de la viande?	Shall I cut (you) fome meat?
Courbons cette branche,	Let us bend this branch.
Le Roi de France a été couron-	The King of France has been crowned.
Ne crachez pas fur le tapis,	Do not fpit upon the carpet.
그리고 있다면 하면 하는데 하는데 그리다면 살아보니 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 없다.	Do you hear the floor crack?
Dieu créq le monde en fix	God created the world in fix
jours,	days.
Le perruquier a crêpé mes che	- The hair-dreffer has craped
veux,	my hair,
·	Deux

Deux des canons neufs ont Two of the new cannons have crevé,
bursted.

En creusant la terre, on trouva In digging the earth [ground],

un trésor, they found a treasure.

Pourquoi criez-vous ainsi? Why do you cry out thus?

Tous ses ouvrages ont été All his works have been cricritiqués, ticised.

Cette Françoise cuisine fort That French-woman cooks bien, very well.

Que (les) hommes cultivent la Let men cultivate [till] the terre, et elle (les) nourrira, earth, and it will nourish (them.)

Qui aime bien, châtie bien, Who loves well, chastises well.

Je (les) convierai à diner, I will invite (them) to dinner.

Combien ce drap coutera-t-il? How much will that cloth cost?

D.

Vous ne daignez seulement pas You do not even deign to an-(me) répondre, swer (me.)

Dansons un menuet ensemble, Let us dance a minuet together.

De quelle époque datez-vous? From what epocha do you date?

Les troupes sont débarquées, The troops are disembarked [landed.]

Prenez mon tire-bouchon, et Take my cork-screw, and undébouchez-cette bouteille, cork this bottle.

Débouclez mes souliers, Unbuckle my shoes. Je ne debourserai point mon I will not disburse [lay out] argent pour vous, my money for you. Déboutonnerai-je ma veste? Shall I unbutton my waiftcoat? Vous dibriderez mon cheval, You shall unbridle my horse. Who has unfealed this letter? Qui a décacheté cette léttre? Il fut décapité dans la vingt He was beheaded in the twentycinquième année de son âge, fifth year of his age. Si votre pistolet est chargé, If your pistol is loaded, unload it. déchargez-le. Pouvez-vous déchiffrer cette Can you decipher this wriécriture-(ci?) ting? Décideriez-vous cette question? Could you decide [folve] this question? En (vous) déclarant mon fenti- In declaring my fentiment (to ment, je vois que je (vous) you, I see that I displease déplais, (you.) Avez-vous appris à décliner vos Have you learned to decline noms? your nouns? Décomposez cette liqueur, Decompound this liquor. Ce malheur (l')a entièrement That misfortune has entirely disconcerted (him.) déconcerté, La chapelle est bien décorée, The chapel is well decorated. Vous (me) découragez par vos You discourage (me) by your triftes réflexions, fad reflexions. N'oubliez pas de décroter mes. Do not forget to clean my shoes. fouliers, Pourquoi dédaignez-vous ses Why do you disdain his preprésens ? fents?

Je dédierai mon ouvrage au I shall dédicate my work to Roi, the King. Si je perds ma fortune, qui (me) If I lose my fortune, who will dédommagera ? indemnify (me?) I defer [fubmit] to your opi-Je défère à votre opinion, nion. Ce cheval est boiteux, deferrez. This horse is lame, unshoe him. Vous défigurerez ce portrait, si You will disfigure this porvous (le) lavez, trait, if you wash (it.) Je suis dégagé du tumuste du I am disengaged from the tumult of the world. monde. Les animaux d'un pays digé- The animals of one country degenerate in another. nerent dans un autre, Je vois que ce ragout (vous) I fee that this ragout diffults (you.) dégoute, (Le) vice degrade (la) nature Vice degrades human nature, humaine, Scour my clothes. Dégraissez mes habits, Pourquoi deguifez-vous vos Why do you diffuife your fentimens? fentiments? Deharnachez les chevaux, Unharness the horses. Les Romains defficient leurs The Romans deified their héros, heroes. Ma fante est bien delabres, My health is much impaired. Délacez votre fœur, Unlace your fifter. Il est delaiffe de tout le monde, He is forfaken by all the world, Délayez ce sel dans (de l') cau, Dilute this falt in water,

Les

Les juges delibérèrent long- The judges deliberated a long tems ensemble, time together.

Que ne deliez-vous ce paquet? Why don't you untie this bundle?

mal,

Quand delogerez-vous? Demandez, et vous recevrez, Les vaisseaux sont dématés, Il est quelquefois difficile de démêler (le) yrai du faux,

Je déménagerai dans un mois, Où demeurez-vous à-préfent?

Avez-vous démontré la propofition?

Qu'est-ce que cela dénote?

Seigneur! delivrez nous du (O) Lord! deliver us from

When will you remove? Alk, and you shall receive. The flips are difmafted.

It is fometimes difficult to distinguish truth from falsehood.

I shall remove in a month. Where do you live at prefent?

Have you demonstrated the proposition?

What does that denote [indicate?]

Pouvez-vous dénouer ce cordon? Can you unitie this firing? Je suis dénué de toutes ressour- I am berest of all ressources.

Savez-vous depeter (la) vian- Can you carve meat? de?

Pourquoi avez-vous depense Why have you spent all your tout votre argent? money?

On a depethé un courier au They have dispatched a mes-Roi, senger to the King.

Le ..

Le pays est entièrement dépeuplé, The country is entirely depopulated. Do not difplace my books. Ne déplacez pas mes livres, Unfold this paper. Dépliez ce papier, Allez-vous déplisser votre bon- Are you going to unplait your cap? net? Qui ne déploreroit son malheur! Who would not lament his misfortune! Unfold that piece of stuff. Déployez cette pièce d'étoffe, Où avez-vous déposé votre Where have you deposited your money? argent? On (l')a dépossédé de tous ses They have dispossessed (him) of all his estates. biens. Ne déprifez pas ma maison, Do not undervalue my house, Ne dérangez pas les affiettes, Do not derange the plates. He has stolen my book. H a dérobé mon livre, Vous étiez noble, mais vous You were noble, but you have avez dérogé, degenerated. Déroulez ce papier sur la table, Unfold this paper on the table. Croyez-moi, tâchez de défarmer Believe me, endeavour to fa colère, difarm his anger. Ne désavouez pas votre faute, Do not disown your fault, but mais plutôt confessez-la, rather confess it. Désembalez ces marchandises, Unpack these goods, and put et (les) mettez dans le maga- (them) in the magazine [warehouse.] zin, Les vins sont défembarques, The wines are disembarked.

Deux foldats ont déferté,

Two foldiers have deferted.

N

Ne désespèrez pas de son falut, Do not despair of his salvation. Désbabillez les enfans, Undress the children. Son père (l')a déshérité, His father hasdifinberited (him.) Vous deshonorez votre famille, You disgrace your family. Dites ce que vous désirez, et Say what you desire, and we nous (vous) fatisferons, will fatisfy (you.) Respectez votre père, et ne (lui) Respect your father, and do désobéissez pas, not difobey (him.) Ne désobligez pas vos amis, Do not disoblige your friends. Desfalez le poisson, Unfalt [water] the fish. Ungird my horse. Deffanglez mon cheval, La chaleur du soleil a desséché The heat of the sun has dried les marais, up the marshes. Desfellez mon cheval, et (le) Unsaddle my horse, and lead menez à l'écurie, (it) to the stable. Avez-vous defferré vos jarre- Have you lossened your gartières ? ters ? Apprenez-vous à dessiner? Do you learn to draw [drawing?] Les dieux (1') ont destiné à régner The gods have destined (him) to reign over us. fur nous, Je suis destitué de toutes res- I am deprived [bereft] of all reflources. fources, Il est tems de détacher le chien, It is time to untie the dog. Je ne puis déterminer quelle I cannot determine what season faison est la plus agréable, is the most agreeable. Son corps fut déterré par ordre His body was dug up by order des magistrats, of the magistrates.

Il oft hal et déteffé de tout le He is hated and detefféd by all the world. (Les) mauvais rois font souvent Bad kings are often dethroned. déthrônés. S'il veut fortir, ne (l'en) détour- If he will go out, do not deter (him from it.) Il le) croyoit, mais je (l')ai He believed(it,) but I have undeceived (him.) detrompé, Il a été dévalisé par (des) He has been Aripped by robvoleurs, bers. L'aurore devance le lever du The dawn precedes the rifing foleil, of the fun. Les Turcs ont dévasté soute The Turks have laid waste all (la) Grèce, Greece. Développez cette pièce de mouf- Unfold this piece of muslin, feline, et (me la) montrez, and shew (it to me.) You have gueffed, the rid-Vous avez deviné l'énigme, dle. Qui pourroit dévoiler tous les Who could unravel all the fecrets de la nature? fecrets of nature? Le loup a dévoré une brebis, The wolf has devoured a freep. Je (vous) suis entièrement I am intirely devoted (to you.) dévoué. Dictez-moi un thême, Distate an exercise to me. Différens l'exécution de cette Let us defer [put off] the execution of that enterprise. entreprise, Diminish [leffen] your expence. Diminuez votre dépense,

A quelle heure dinerons-nous?	At what o'clock shall we dine?
Qui dirigera cette operation?	Who will direct [regulate] that operation?
Pouvez-vous discerner si ce vaisseau est Anglois ou Fran- çois?	17 (2 7 ° () 2 7 ° () 2 7 ° () 2 7 ° () 3 7 ° () 3 7 ° () 4 7 ° () 3 7 ° () 4 7 ° () 4 7 ° () 5 ° () 5 7 ° () 5 7 ° () 5 7 ° () 5 7 ° () 5 7 ° () 5 7 ° () 5 7 ° () 5 7 ° () 5 7 ° () 5 7 ° () 5 7 ° () 5 7 ° () 5 °
Les troupes du Roi de Prusse sont bien disciplinées,	The troops of the King of Pruffia are well disciplined.
Discontinuez de (m')insulter, ou je	Discontinue [cease] to insult (me,) or I
Vous (l')avez disculpe,	You have exculpated [vindi- cated] (him.)
Nous discuterons cette affaire une autre fois,	We will discuss that affair another time.
Le ministre a été disgracié,	The minister has been dif- graced [dismissed.]
Tous mes os font difloques,	All my bones are diflocated.
Vous trouverez des coquilles	You will find thells difperfed
dispersées çà et là sur le fable,	[fcattered] here and there upon the fand.
L'homme propose, et Dieu dispose,	Man proposes, and God dif-
Ne disputez pas avec lui,	Do not difpute [contend] with
Vous diffinulez, et cachez vos vrais fentimens,	You diffemble and conceal your real fentiments.
D	Le Le

Le soleil dissipera le brouillard, The sun will dissipate [dispel] the fog. S'il veut fortir, ne (l'en) dissuadez If he will go out, do not diffuade (him from it.) point. Il étoit déja si tard, qu'on ne It was already so late, that pouvoit plus distinguer (les) one could no longer distinguish objects. objets, Il a distribué les récompenses He has distributed the rewards (qu')il avoit promises, he had promised. Divisors ce pâté en six parties Let us divide this pie into six égales, equal portions. Ne divulguez pas cette nouvel- Do not divulge that news. le, Cette montagne domine la vil- That hill commands the townle, Faites (vous) violence, et Do violence (to yourself,) and subdue your passions. domptez vos paffions, Le bon pasteur donne sa vie The good shepherd gives his life for his fheep. pour ses brebis, Enfin nous doublâmes le Cap de At last we doubled the Cape of

Bonne Espérance, Good Hope.

Te doute (de) la vérité de ce fait, I doubt the truth of that fact.

Je crois que vous voulez (me) I think you want to impose

duper,

upon (me.)

Si vous êtes foigneux, votre lf you are careful, your coat habit (vous) durera un an, will last (you) a year.

Ebauchez ce portrait, A-t-on ébranché les arbres? N'ébranlez pas ce poteau, bien. Ecallez (des) noix, menacent, échangés, Il échappa de leurs mains, fuffisamment, de fable, Un cheval (m')a éclabouffé, Le soleil éclaire la terre, La bombe éclata en tombant, La lune est éclipsée, Ecorchez les anguilles,

ne (les) écorchez pas,"

Sketch out this picture. Have they lopped the trees? Do not shake this post. Ecaillez le poisson, et (le) lavez Scale the fish, and wash (it) well. Shell walnuts. Ecartez les malheurs qui (vous) Avert the misfortunes that threaten (you.) Les prisoniers ont déja été The prisoners have already been exchanged. He escaped from their hands. La bassinoire échauffera le lit The warming pan will warm the bed fufficiently. Le vaisseau échoua sur un banc The ship ran a-ground [struck] upon a fand-bank. A horse has splashed (me.) The fun lights the earth. The bomb burft in falling [as it fell,] The moon is eclipsed. Skin the eels. Un empereur, parlant de ses An emperor speaking of his fubjects, faid to his minister: fujets, disoit à son ministre : " Sheer my theep, but fleece "Tondez mes brebis, mais (them) not." Ont D 2

Have they shelled the pease? Ont-elles écosse les pois? Ecoutez! n'entendez-vous pas Do listen! don't you hear the noise of a coach? le bruit d'un carosse? Ecrêmez le lait, et conservez la Skim the milk, and preserve crême, the cream. If the pot boils, skim it. Si le pot bout, écumez-le, Scour the flew-pans. Ecurez les cafferoles, Sa conduite régulière et sa piété His regular conduct and his piety edify (us) all. (nous) édifient tous, Prenez garde, vous effacez Take care, you blot out [erafe] mon écriture, my writing. Do not frighten my bird. N'effarouchez pas mon oifeau, N'effectuerez-vous jamais votre Will you never fulfil [perpromeffe? form] your promise? Vous avez effrayé les poules, You have frightened the hens, Je (le) suivis de près, mais je I followed (him) close, but I could not equal his courage, ne pus égaler son courage, Son guide pourroit (bien) guide might mifead His (him.) (l')égarer, Les foldats égorgèrent sans pitié, The foldiers slaughtered with-. (les) vieillards, (les) fem- out mercy, old men, womes, et (les) enfans, men, and children. Si vous jouez avec le chat, il If you play with the cat, he (vous) égratignera, will fcratch (you.) Elevez cette poutre, et (la) Lift up this beam, and carry portez fur vos épaules, (it) on your shoulders. Eloignez cela du feu, Remove that from the fire.

Vous

Vous ne résolvez pas cette dif- You do not solve that diffificulté, vous ne faites que culty, you do but elude it. l'éluder,

Ma montre est émaillée, My watch is enamelled.

J'ai vu les lettres émanées du I have seen the letters issued

prince, by the prince.

Emballez ces marchandises, Pack up those merchandises.

Votre question (m') embarrasse, Your question embarrasses

[perplexes] (me.)

Le corps du Roi fut embaumé, The body of the King was embalmed.

Emboursez votre argent, Pocket your money.

Embrassez ces enfans, Embrace these children.

Embrochez la viande, Spit the meat.

N'embrouillez pas davantage Do not perplex that affair any cette affaire, more.

Emmailletez l'enfant, Swathe the child.

Emmenez-les avec vous, Carry them away with you.

La pointe de mon couteau est The point of my knife is émoussée, blunted.

Il fut empalé par ordre du grand He was impaled by order of feigneur, the grand feignior.

Empaquetez ces bas, Pack up these stockings.

Je fouhaite fortir, et vous (m') I wish to go out and you (en) empéchez, binder (me.)

Le voisinage des marais empeste The neighbourhood of the la ville, marshes infects the town.

La mer empiète sur les côtes, The sea encroaches upon the coafts. Cette maladie pourroit empirer That illness might grow worse by delay. par le retardement, Pourquoi ne voulez-vous pas Why will you not employ (1')employer? (him?) Pigmalion, Roi de Tyr, fut Pigmalion, King of Tyre, empoisonné par sa maîtresse was poisoned by his mistress Aftarbé, Aftarbe. Emportez tous vos effets, Carry away all your effects. Tous les gens suspects furent All suspected people were imemprisonnés, prisoned. Vous empruntez toujours, mais You always borrow, but (never) lend. (ne) prêtez (jamais,) Mon tableau est encadré. My picture is framed. Les prisoniers étoient enchaînés, The prisoners were chained. Ses manières agréables (nous) Her agreeable manners enenchanterent tous, chanted [charmed] (us) all. Les ennemis enclouerent leurs The enemies spiked their guns. canons, Encouragez-le à faire son de- Encourage him to do his duty. Ces draps font bien endommagés, These clothes are much damaged. Cette lettre de change est en- This bill of exchange is endorfed. doffee, Il n'endurera pas vos imperti- He will not endure your impertinences. nences,

La

Le libertinage énerve le corps, Libertinism weakens the body. Sainte Elifabeth enfanta Saint Saint Elizabeth brought forth Jean Baptiste, St. John (the) Baptift. N'oubliez pas d'enfermer la Do not forget to lock up the viande, meat. Ne pouvez-vous pas enfiler Are you not able to thread votre aiguille? your needle? Votre visage est tout enflammé, Your face is quite inflamed. Votre joue paroît enflée, Your cheek appears fwelled. Enfoncez un clou dans la mu- Drive a nail in the wall. raille, Il sera obligé d'engager son He will be obliged to pawn argenterie, his plate. Abraham engendra Isaac, Isaac Abraham begat Isaac, Isaac engendra Jacob, begat Jacob. L'eau ne coule pas, parce que The water does not run, because the pipe is choked up. le tuyau est engorgé, Engraissez vous poulets, et (les) Fatten your chicken, and fell (them.) vendez, Enharnachez vos chevaux, Harness your horses. Cette guitarre demande à être This guittar wants to be enjolivée, adorned. Elle a été enlevée par force, . She was carried off by force.

contes, tales.

Les différentes compagnies, qui The différent companies, that composient la garnison, composed the garrison, ont été enrégimentées, were formed into a regiment.

Ie suis ennuyé de tous vos I am wearied with all your

Le parlement a enrégistré l'édit	The parliament has registered the King's edict.
Ce sergent enrôle (des) soldats pour le Roi de Prusse,	This ferjeant enrols [enlifts] foldiers for the King of Pruffia.
Si je parle trop haut, cela (m') enroue,	If I speak too loud, it makes (me) hoarfe.
Le pavé du temple étoit tout enfanglanté;	The pavement of the temple was all covered with blood.
Enseignez-lui à lire,	Teach him to read.
Ensemencez vos terres,	Sow your land.
Les plénipotentiaires ont entamé une négociation à Paris,	The plenipotentiaries have beguna negociation at Paris.
Il entaffe (des) richeffes,	He heaps up riches.
Enterrez les morts,	Bury the dead.
Cette ficelle est entortillée,	This packthread is entangled.
Entourons fa maifon,	Let us furround his house.
Le torrent a entraîné les arbres	\$1. TARKETEN BETTER
et les maisons,	the trees and the houses.
Enveloppez ceci proprement,	Fold this up neatly.
(Les)reproches enveniment l'ef- prit,	Reproaches embitter the mind.
J'envie votre bonheur,	I envy your happiness.
Calipso étoit environnée d'une foule de jeunes nymphes,	
Envisagez-moi bien, (me) re-	
connoîssez-vous?	collect (me?)
Laiffer envoler Poifeau,	Let the bird fly away.
	Epanchez-

Epanchez-(moi) votre cœur, Disclose [open] your heart (to me.) Il commence à épargner son He begins to spare his money. argent, Epaulez-moi, fi vous pouvez, Help me up, [affift me,] if you can. Epelez ce mot-(ci,) Spell this word. Epluchez la falade, Pick the fallad. Le Comte de . . . a épousé la The Count of . . . has mars Marquise de . . . ried the Marchioness of . . . N'épouvantez pas les enfans, Do not frighten the children. Il a éprouvé (la) bonne et (la) He has experienced good and bad fortune. mauvaile fortune. My reflources are exhaufted. Mes ressources sont épuisées, Equipez un corfaire, Fit out a privateer. On a érigé une statue équestre They have erested an equesà ce prince, trian statue to that prince. Laissez les boeufs errer dans Let the oxen wander [rove] in the fields. les champs, Ensuite on escalada les murailles Afterwards they scaled the city de la ville. walls. J'espère qu'il reviendra bientôt, I hope he will return soon. Vous espionnez toutes mes ac- You pry into all my actions. tions, Try to catch (him.) Effayez de (l')attraper, Essayez vos mains avec cette Wipe your hands with this towel. ferviette, Esteem honest men. Estimez (les) honnêtes gens, Il est estropia, He is maimed,

Elle

Elle étaloit tous ses charmes, La maison demande à être The house wants to be propétayée,

Te ne saurois étancher ma soif, I cannot quench my thirst. Il a éternise sa reconnoissance,

Le tabac (me) fait éternuer, Le feu étincèle, Etiquettez ces bouteilles, J'(en) suis tout étonné, La fumée (l')(a) étouffe, Il fut étranglé par ordre du He was strangled by order of Grand Seigneur, Le cocher étrille le cheval,

Etudiez votre leçon, Evaluez cette maison, Cette liqueur est évaporée, Eveillez les enfans, Te (vous) confeille d'éviter (les) I advise (you) to avoid disputes,

Vous exagérez trop, Examinez votre conscience, Sa dépense excède son revenu.

Raphael excelloit dans (la) Raphael excelled in painting. peinture, Personne ne fut excepte,

Service.

She displayed all her charms. ped.

He has immortalized his gratitude_

Snuff makes (me) fneeze. The fire sparkles. Label these bottles.

I am quite surprised (at it.) The smoke sufficated (him.)

the Grand Seignior.

The coachman curries the horse.

Study your leffon. Appraise this house. This liquor is evaporated. Wake the children.

disputes.

You exaggerate too much. Examine your conscience. His expence exceeds his income.

No body was excepted.

(35)

Il ne (l') auroit pas fait, si vous He would not have done (it,)
ne (l'y) aviez pas excité, if you had not excited (himto it.)

Je vous excuse volontiers, I excuse you willingly.

Exécutez votre projet, Execute your project.

Lai un privilège du Roi, qui I have a privilège fr

J'ai un privilège du Roi, qui I have a privilège from the (m'en) exempte, King, that exempts (me from it.)

Exercife the foldiers.

Les fleurs, qui sont dans votre The flowers, which are in jardin, exhalent une odeur your garden, exhale a very fort agréable, agreeable smell.

Exhortez-le à faire son devoir, Exhort him to do his duty.

Qu' exigez-vous de moi? What do you require of me?

Le parlement de Paris a été The parliament of Paris has exilé.

Le phénix est un oiseau qui The phenix is a bird which n'existe que dans les livres, exists only in books.

Aurez-vous bientôt expédié Shall you have soon dispatched votre besogne? your business?

Nous devons expier nos fautes We ought to expiate our faults par (la) pénitence, by repentance.

Il expirace matin à cinq heures, He expired this morning at five o'clock.

Expliquez-moi le sens de cette Explain to me the sense of that enigme, riddle.

Experiences fleurs au foleil, Experie these flowers to the

E 2

Exprimez-

Exprimez-lui votre reconnois- Express to him your gratitude.

Vous êtes exténué par (les) You are emaciated by fasts and jeunes et (les) fatigues, fatigues.

Dieu est lent à punir, mais à la God is slow to punish, but at fin il exterminera les impies, last he will exterminate the impious.

F.

Où fabrique-t-on les étoffes Where do they manufacture d'or et d'argent? . . . A gold and filver stuffs? . . . Lyon, At Lyons.

Cela (me) fache, That grieves (me.)

(La) patience facilite (le) Patience facilitates labourtravail.

L'avidité du gain porte (les) The lust of gain prompts men hommes à falsisser tout ce to adulterate whatever they qu'ils vendent, fell,

(Les) passions fascinent l'esprit, Passions fascinate [enchant] the mind.

Je suis extrêmement fatigué, I am extremely fatigued.

A-t-on déja fauché les prés? Have they already mowed the meadows?

Il favorise les desseins du mi- He favours the designs of the nistre,

Vous êtes marié, et je (vous You are married, and I conen) félicite, gratulate (you for it.) La pâte fermente,

Les chevaux sont ferrés,

Le laboureur laboure la terre, le The husbandman plows the jardinjer (l')arrose, mais c'est Dieu qui (la) fertilife,

Nous avons été bien fêté,

Ma fille a été fiancée hier,

Ficelez ce paquet,

Il est presque impossible à une It is almost impossible to [for] vieille femme de filer, et de se taire en même tems,

(Le) hazard varie les destinées Chance varies the destinies des hommes, mais (la) providence de Dieu (les) fixe,

Flairez cette bouteille, Voyez comme le feu flambe, La muraille est flanquée de The wall is flanked [defended] deux tours, La pluie a gâté le bled,

Ce bois flotte fur l'eau,

The dough ferments [rifes.] The horses are shod.

earth [ground,] the gardener waters (it,) but it is God that makes (it) fruitful.

We have been well entertained.

My daughter has been [was] betrothed yesterday.

Tie this bundle with packtbread.

an old woman to spin, and be filent in [at] the fame time.

[fortunes]ofmen,butGod's providence fixes (them) [gives (them) stability.]

Smell this bottle.

See how the fire blazes.

with two towers.

The rain has spoiled the corn. This wood floats upon the

water.

l'aime

Paime à vous voir foldtrer, I like to fee you dally [play merry tricks.]

Vous fementez son libertinage, You fament his libertinism. Romulus fonda l'empire Ro- Romulus founded [laid the main.

Il a été forcé de payer,

foundation of] the Roman empire.

Il a forgé cette nouvelle,

He has been forced [compelled] to pay.

Formez votre fils à (la) vertu,

He has forged [coined] that news.

La ville est bien fortifiée,

Form [train up] your fon to virtue.

Les prédicateurs foudroient (le)

The town is well fortified.

Mon ancien* maître d'école Myold* school-master (often) fouettoit (souvent) ses élèves pour tuer (le) tems,

The preachers thunder (against) vice.

Fouillez (dans) fes poches, Cet ouvrage fourmille de pen- That work teems with new fées neuves et hardies.

flogged his pupils to kill time!

Feu Mr. L. . , d'heureuse mémoire, grand tireur d'oreilles de son métier, et qui possédoit le secret incomparable de faire des soupes maigres sans beurre; secret, par parenthèse, qu'on a perdu depuis.

Search his pockets.

and bold thoughts.

* The late M. L. . . , of flagellating memory; he was as eminent a ftretcher of boys ear-leather as he had been originally of soe-leather; and, for toffing up foup-maigre without butter, the world had not his fellowbut, alast he carried that invaluable decret with him to the grave.

Il fut frappé d'étonnement,

He was fruck with amazement.

Ce vin (me) paroît frelaté,

That wine appears (to me) adulterated.

Le Roi a frété vingt vaisseaux The King has freighted twenty marchands,

merchant-ships.

Fricassez la viande avec (des) Fricassee the meat with onioignons,

Vous (m')avez friponné,

You have cheated (me.)

Frisez mes cheveux,

Curl my hair.

Je frissonne de froid,

I am shivering with cold,

Il a fraisse son bras,

He has bruifed his arm. vos-Why do you cantract your

Pourquoi francez - vous fourcils?

brows.

Vous frondez toutes mes ac- You fneer (at) all my actions.

Nettoyez cette table, et frottez- Clean this table, and rub it la bien,

well.

La terre fructifie, lorsque Dieu The earth fructifies [bears répand (sur elle) sa bénédiction,

fruit,] when God sheds his bleffing (over it.)

Il a été frustré de la récompense He was frustrated [disappoint-(qu') il avoit méritée,

ed] of the reward he had deferved.

Ne fulminez pas tant, La cheminée fume,

Do not form fo much. The chimney smakes.

mon ancien maître d'école,

Persone ne fustigeoit mieux que No body flogged better than my old school-master.

Que voulez-vous gager? l'ai gagné la gageure, Le tailleur a galonné mon habit, The tailor has laced my coat. Faites galoper votre cheval, Gardez (bien) la porte, J'aime à entendre les oiseaux I love to hear the birds gazouiller, Le bled commence à germer,

Vous gesticulez tant, que vous You gesticulate so much, [use (me) faites perdre le fil de votre discours.

Tenez l'échelle, autrement elle Hold the ladder, otherwise it gliffera,

Glorifions Dieu,

ce que vous (en) pensez,

(Les) préjugés gouvernent le Prejudices govern [rule] the monde,

Graissez les roues du carosse,

Elle graffeye, mais cela (lui) She lifps, but that becomes fied bien,

Grattez à la porte du Roi, mais Scratch at the King's door, ne frappez pas,

What will you bet [lay?] I have gained [won] the bet. Make your horse gallop. Watch the door (well.) warble.

The corn begins to fboot. fo much gesticulation,] that you make (me) lose the thread of your discourse.

will flip.

Let us glorify God.

Goutez ce plat, et (me) dites Tafte this dish, and tell (me) what you think (of it.)

world.

Greafe the coach-wheels.

(her) well.

but don't knock,

H

H

Je (

La loi de nature est gravée dans le cœur de tous (les) hommes,

Grimpez au haut de cet arbre,

Ne grincez pas vos [les] dents,

Il commence à grisonner,

Vous (me) grondez, comme si vous étiez mon maître,

Il (vous) aidera de ses conseils, et (vous) guidera dans le sentier de (la) vertu, The law of nature is engraved in the hearts of all men.

Glimb to the top of that tree.

Do not gnash your teeth.

He begins to grow grey.
You fcold (me,) as if you were
my mafter.

He will help (you) with his counfels, and guide [lead] (you) into the path of virtue.

H.

Habillez les enfans,

Les palais sont babités par (les) rois et (les) princes,

N' habituez pas vos enfans à
dormir plus de huit heures,

Hachez la viande,

Harnachez les chevaux,

Si je réuffis, cela hauffera

mon courage,

Je (ne) veux (rien) hazarder,

Dress the children.

Palaces are inhabited by kings and princes.

Don't accustom your children to sleep more than eight hours.

Hof the meat.

Harness the horses.

If I succeed, that will raise my courage.

I will rifk (nothing.)

F

Il a bérité (de) l'intrépidité de son père, Je n' bésiterai pas à (le) faire,

Il (le) fit pour (m') humilier,

Les loups hurlent,.
Il a hypothéqué tous ses biens,

He has inherited his father's intrepidity.

I shall not besitate to do (it.)
He did (it) to bumble [mortify] (me.)

Wolves bowl.

He has mortgaged all his estates.

the contract of the same of the

I. Author Bin and

Elle idolatre ses enfans,. La ville sera illuminée ce soir,

(La) vertu illustre (la) noblesse,

J' imagine (que) le roi viendra,

Imitez (les) bons exemples, et fuyez (les) mauvais,

Immolez une victime au dieu

(Les) grandes actions immortalisent (les) heros,

Implorez la miséricorde de Dieu.

Vous (m') importunez,

The town will be illuminated this evening.

Virtue renders nobility il-

I imagine the king will come.

Imitate good examples, and fhun bad (ones.)

Sacrifice a victim to the god of the fea.

Great actions immortalize

Implere the mercy of God:

You importune [teaze] (me.)

Son ouvrage n'est pas encore His work is not yet printed. imprimé.

A quoi imputez-vous ce mal- To what do you impute heur?

Ce prince incline à (la) clémence,

Je crains de (vous) incommoder,

Cette vérité devroit être inculquée dans l'esprit de tous (les) chrétiens,

Si vous (y) perdez, je (vous) indemnifierai,

Voulez-vous (m') indiquer la maison du gouverneur?

Il (vous) infectera de ses erreurs,

Qu' (en') inférez-vous?

L'air (que) nous respirons influe sur notre santé,

Ie (vous)informerai de toutes les circonstances de cette affaire,

(Faites) infuser ces feuilles dans (de l') eau,

[ascribe] that misfortune? That prince inclines towards [has a propenfity to] clemen-

I fear to incommode [difturb] (you.)

That truth ought to be inculcated in the minds of all christians.

If you lose (by it,) I will indemnify (you.)

Will you direct (me) (to) the governor's house?

He will infect (you) with his errors.

What do you infer (from that?)

The air we breathe influences [bas an influence] upon our health.

I will inform (you) of all the circumstances of that affair.

Infuse [steep] these leaves in water.

F 2

Son corps fut inhumé dans His body was buried in the l'église cathédrale,

Injectez cette liqueur dans la plaie,

Nous (vous) initierons dans tous nos mystères,

Les torrens qui tomboient du fommet des montagnes, inonderent la campagne,

Inférez ce passage dans votre ouvrage,

(de) bons principes à vos enfans,

Les prophètes étoient inspirés de Dieu.

Nous (l') (avons) installé dans fon nouvel emploi,

Les jeux Néméens furent institués en (l') honneur d' Hercule,

Les lettres des ennemis furent interceptées,

Tout (nous) intéresse à remplir nos devoirs,

J' interpôserai mon autorité pour réprimer son audace,

cathedral church.

Inject this liquor into the wound.

We will initiate (you) in all our mysteries.

The torrents that fell from the top of the mountains, overflowed the country.

Infert that passage in your work.

Infinuez de bonne heure Infil betimes good principles into your children.

> The prophets were inspired. by God.

We inflalled (him) in his new office.

The Nemean games were instituted in honour of Hercules.

The enemy's letters were intercepted.

Every confideration urges (us) to fulfil our duties.

I shall interpose my authority to reptefs his audacity.

Vous

Vous interprétez mal ma You misinterpret my thought. penfée.

Il (lui) intima les ordres du

N' intimidez pas cet enfant,

nouvelle, vous (l') intriguerez beaucoup,

N' invectivez pas contre vos fupérieurs,

Les Egyptiens (ont) inventé plusieurs arts utiles,

Il (m') a invité à diner,

Invoquens le faint nom de Dieu,

Le champ de bataille étoit arrofé de fang, et jonché de morts,

(La) réfistance irrite (le) défir,

Le petit chien jappe,

Vous jasez comme une pie, Ne jettez point (d') encre

fur votre papier, Savez-vous jouer aux cartes?

Jumez-vous aujourd'hui?

He intimated (to him) the king's order. -

Do not frighten that child.

Si vous (lui) dites cette If you tell (him) that news, you will puzzle [disconcert] (him) much.

> Do not inveigh against your fuperiors,

> The Egyptians invented feveral ufeful arts.

He has invited (me) to din-

Let us invoke the holy name of God.

The field of battle was watered with blood, and frewed with dead (bodies.)

Resistance stimulates desire.

The little dog yelps.

You chatter like a magpie.

Don't three ink upon your paper.

Can you play at cards? Do you fast to-day?

Ne

We jugez point, et vous ne Judge not, and you shall not ferez point jugés,

Ne jurez, ni par (le) ciel, parce que c'est le trône de Dieu; ni par la terre, parce que c'est son marche-pied,

Justifiez-le.

be judged.

Swear not, neither by heaven, because it is God's throne: nor by the earth, because it is his foot-stool.

Fuftify him.

Il y a (des) pays où (les) boeufs labourent la terre,

J' (ai) laissé mes gands sur la table.

Elle lamente la perte de son époux,

II (m') (a) lancé une pierre, St. Etienne fut lapidé par les Juifs,

Lardez le lièvre, et (le) mettez à la broche.

Vous (me) laffez; Lavez vos mains, votre bouche, et votre visage, Mon chien liche vos pieds, Il (lui) légua cent guinées,

She bewails the loss of her hufband.

There are countries where

I left my gloves on the table.

oxen plough the ground.

He flung a stone (at me.) St. Stephen was floned to death by the Jews.

Lard the hair, and put (it) on the spit.

You tire (me.)

Wash your hands, your mouth, and your face.

My dog licks your feet.

He bequeathed (him)(a) hundred guineas,

Il a enfir levé le masque,

Ses pieds et (ses) mains étoient liés,

Limez la tête de ce clou, Son pouvoir est limité,

Le gouverneur livra la place
aux ennemis,
Où logez-vous?
Que toutes (les) nations

Une grande ame lutte contre (l') adversité, He has at last taken off the

His feet and hands were tied.

File off the head of that nail.

His power is limited [circumfcribed.]

The governor yielded up the place to the enemy.

Where do you lodge?

Let all nations praise the Lord.

A great foul wrestles with adversity.

M.

Vous avalez fans macher,

Il a machiné ma mort,
Il cherche à maîtriser partout,
Vous (l') avez mal-mené,
Il (m') a mandé de venir,

Soit que vous mangiez, soit que vous buviez, &c. . . faites tout pour la gloire de Dieu,

You swallow without cheusing.

He has plotted my death.

He feeks to domineer every where.

You used (him) ill.

He sent (me) word to come.

Whether you eat, or drink,

&c. . . . do all for the
glory of God.

Ne

Ne maniez pas ces pêches, La beauté des créatures manifeste la puissance du Créateur,

Les Anglois manœuvrent mieux leurs vaisseaux que les François,

Les Anglois manufacturent leurs draps fins avec (des) laines d'Espagne,

Comme vous marchez! disoit l'écrevisse mère à sa fille; ne fauriez-vous marcher droite?

Il (a) marii sa fille à un négotiant,

Que marmotez-vous là?
Savez-vousmarquer(le)linge?
Les vaisseaux sont-ils mâtés?
Vous mécantentez vos maîtres,

Il médite un grand projet,

Mélangez des fleurs,

Mêlez l'eau avec le vin, Dieu (nous) menace de (nous) Do not handle these peaches.

The beauty of creatures discovers the mightiness of the Creator.

The English work their ships better than the French.

The English manufacture their superfine cloths with Spanish wool.

How you walk! faid the mother crawfish to her daughter; can you not walk straight?

He married his daughter to a merchant.

What do you mutter there?
Can you famp linen?
Are the ships masted?

You discontent [displease] your masters.

He is meditating a great pro-

Intermingle their flowers together.

Mis the water with the wine. God threatens to punish (us) punis,

Po

punir, fi nous n' observons point ses commandemens,

Ménagez votre santé,

Il est réduit à la nécessité de mendier son pain,

Pouvez-vous (me) mener à la comédie?

Il ne (m') a point mentionné cette circonstance,

Ne méprifez ni ne rebutez

Il mérite d'être récompensé,

Mesurez la farine, La femme de Lot sut métamorphosée en une statue de sel,

J'ai meublé ma maison de campagne,

Entendez-vous les bœufs meugler?

(Les) chats miaulent, Son châtiment a été mitigé,

Modérez votre fureur,
Pourquoi cherchez-vous à
(me) molester?

if we do not keep his commandments.

Spare your health.

He is reduced to the necesfity of begging his bread.

Can you conduct (me) to the

He has not mentioned that circumstance (to me.)

Neither despise nor discourage any body.

He merits [deserves] to be recompensed.

Measure (out) the flower.

Lot's wife was transformed into a statue of salt.

I have furnished my countryhouse.

Do you hear the oxen low?

Cats mew.

His punishment has been mitigated.

Abate your fury.

Why do you feek to wer (me.)

G

Montez

Montez dans mon apparte- Come up to my apartment,

Montrez-moi votre tabatière, Moralisons, Moriginez vos enfans, Vous (l') avez bien mortisié,

Mouchez la chandelle,
Mouillez votre tabac,
La bière mousse,
Les poules muent,
Croissez et multipliez,
La porte fut murée,
Les Israëlites murmuroient
contreMoïse dans le désert,

Son corps est tout mutilé,

Shew me your fnuff-box.

Let us moralize.

Keep your children in awe.

You mortified [bumbled] (him)
much.

Snuff the candle.

Wet [moisten] your snuff.

The beer froths.

The hens are moulting.

Increase and multiply.

The door was walled up.

The Israelites murmured a

The Israelites murmured against Moses in the wilderness.

His body is quite mutilated.

N.

Savez-vous nager?

Après avoir navigé longtems, nous entrâmes (dans)
le port,

Ne négligez pas vos affaires,
On négocie la paix,

Nettoyez mes boucles,
Je (lui) ai notifié vos ordres,

Nouez ce cordon,

Can you fwim?

After having failed long, we entered the harbour.

Do not neglect your business.
They are negotiating a peace.
Clean my buckles.
I notified your orders (to him.)
Tie this string.

Numé-

Numérotez toutes les pages Number all the pages of this de ce livre, book.

0.

Vous avez toujours quelque chose à objecter aux propositions (que) je fais,

LECTEUR BÉNÉVOLE, En achetant ce livre, vous obligerez celui qui a l'honneur d'être

Votre très-humble et (très)-obéissant serviteur, Du M----

Il est continuellement obsédé par ses créanciers,

Observons les commandemens de Dieu,

Comment pourrez-vous obvier (à) ces inconvéniens?

Cette circonstance occasionna son départ précipité,

Occupez-le à rédiger vos

Yous (1') avez offense,

You have always fomething to object to the propositions I make.

Benevolent Reader,
By buying this book, you will

oblige him who has the honour to be

Your most humble and obedient servant, Du M-

He is continually befet by his creditors.

Let us observe God's commandments.

How will you be able to obviate those inconveniences?

That circumstance occasioned his abrupt departure.

Employ him to fettle your accounts.

You have offended [affronted]
(him.)

G 2

Dien

Dieu a opéré (de) grandes merveilles pour la rédemption du genre humain,

Ma poitrine est fort oppreffee,

Les grands oppriment ordinairement les petits,

Vous pouvez opter,

Mon maître (m') ordonna de (le) fuivre,

Ornez votre esprit de connoissances utiles,

Vous orthographiez fort bien, Oferiez-vous (me) résister!

Nous oublions plus aisément (les) bienfaits que (les) injures,

Dites à la fervante d'ourler ces mouchoirs,

Vous cherchez à (m') outrager,

God has operated [wrought] great wonders for the redemption of mankind.

My breast is very much oppressed.

The great commonly oppress the little.

You may choose.

My master ordered (me) to follow (him.)

Adarn your mind with useful knowledge.

You spell very accurately.

Would you dare to oppose (me!)

We forget more eafily benefits than injuries.

Tell the maid to bem these handkerchiefs.

You feek to affront (me.)

Je fis ce que je pus (pour) I did what I could to pacify (le) pacifier,

Nous devons pallier le mal We ought to palliate the evil que nous ne faurions empêcher,

(him.)

which we cannot prevent.

Quand

Quand pancerez-vous mes.

Seigneur! pardonnez-nous nos offenses, comme nous pardonnons (à) ceux qui (nous) ont offenses,

Ils parèrent l'autel de ses plus beaux ornemens,

Parfumez votre linge,

Que voulez-vous parier qu'il ne viendra pas?

Mais, vous ne parlez pas de (me) payer!

Cette broderie est parsemée de fort belles fleurs,

Partagez votre argent avec

Nous passames par Amiens à notre retour de Paris,

Avez-vous jamais patiné?

Les chevaux pâturent dans les champs,

Les rues de Londres sont bien pavées,

Payez vos dettes,

[Mon] père, j'ai péché contre (le) ciel et contre vous,

When will you dress my wounds?

Lord! forgive us our offences, as we forgive them who have offended (us.)

They decorated the altar with its finest ornaments.

Perfume your linen.

What will you lay that he will not come?

But, you do not speak of paying (me!)

This embroidery is firewed with very fine flowers.

Share your money with me.

We passed through Amiens at our return from Paris.

Did you ever skait?

The horses are grafing in the fields.

The streets of London are well paved.

Pay your debts.

Father, I have finned against heaven and against you, et (je) ne suis plus digne d'être appellé votre fils,

Voulez-vous pecher dans cette rivière?

Pelez cette pomme,

La maison penche de ce côté (ci,)

Qu' (en) pensez-vous?

Pouvez-vous percer la mu-

Maître Corbeau, sur un arbre perché, tenoit en son bec un fromage,

(La) vertu est presque toujours persécutée,

Celui qui perseverera jusqu'à la fin sera sauvée,

Persistez-vous toujours dans

La fable personnisse (les) arbres, (les) rochers, et toutes (les) autres choses inanimées,

Dites ce que vous voudrez, vous ne (me) persuaderez point,

Pefez cette viande, Le feu pétille, and am no longer worthy to be called your fon.

Will you fift in this river?

Peel this apple.

The house leans on this fide.

What do you think (of it?)
Can you pierce the wall?

Master Raven, perched upon a tree, held a cheese in his beak.

Virtue is almost always per-

He who will persevere to the end shall be faved.

Do you still perfift in your fentiments?

The fable personifies trees, rocks, and all other inanimate things.

Say what you will, you shall not perfuade (me.)

Weigh this meat. The fire sparkles. J'ai trouvé su le sommet d'
une montagne un poisson
entier pétrissé,
Le royaume de France est
bien peuplé,
Pilez du poivre,
La ville a été pillée,
Pourquoi (me) pincez-vous?
Piochez la terre,
Mais, (ma) sœur, vous (me)
piquez,

Placez vos livres fur la table,

Je plaiderai votre cause,
Ne plaisantez pas tant,
Voyez ces pigeons planer
dans l'air,
Plantez (des) arbres dans
votre jardin,
Plâtrez la muraille,
Pourquoi pleurez-vous?
Pliez votre bras,
Plissez mes manchettes,
Il plongea un poignard dans
fon sein,
Plumez ces pigeons,
Il su poignardé dans son lit,

mountain a whole fifth petrified.

The kingdom of France is well peopled.

Pound fome pepper.

The town was plundered.

Why do you pinch (me?)

Dig the ground.

But, fifter, you prick (me.)

I have found on the top of a

Place your books upon the table.

I will plead your cause.

Do not joke so much.

See those pigeons hovering in the air.

Plant trees in your garden.

Plaster the wall.
Why do you cry?
Bend your arm.
Plait my ruffles.
He plunged a dagger in her breaft.
Pick these pigeons.
He was stabbed in his bed.

Poivres

Poivrez la soupe,

Les choux commencent à

Notre vaisseau faisoit beaucoup d'eau, ce qui (nous) obligea de pomper jour et nuit,

Tout arbre qui ne porte point (de) bon fruit, fera coupé et jetté au feu,

Pofez les taffes fur la table,

Bienheureux font ceux qui font doux; parce qu'ils posséderont la terre,

Le gouverneur a posté des fentinelles aux portes de la villé,

Poudrez-mes cheveux avec la houppe de cygne,

Pourquoi (me) poussez-vous hors de ma place?

Pratiquez (la) vertu, et vous (la) trouverez aimable,

Notre curé prêche avec beaucoup (d') éloquence, Pepper [put pepper in] the foup.

The cabbages begin to pome [to grow to a round bead.]

Our vessel made a great deal of water, which obliged (us) to pump night and day.

Every tree that does not bear good fruit, shall be cut down and cast into the fire.

Place the cups upon the ta-

Happy are those that are meek; because they shall possess the land.

The governor has posted fentries at the city gates.

Powder my hair with the fwan-skin puff.

Why do you push [thrust] (me) out of my place?

Practife virtue, and you will find (it) amiable.

Our parson preaches with much eloquence.

Ne

Ne précipitez pas votre départ,

Chez les princes Afiatiques, (les) présens doivent toujours précéder (les) visites, Quel plat préserez-vous?

Commençons par prélever les

Vous avez longtems prémédité ce beau projet,

Vous êtes trop préoccupé de fes charmes,

Préparez votre leçon,

L'ambassadeur d'Espagne a été présenté au roi,

Vous (m') avez préservé d'un grand malheur,

Pressez les citrons,

Je présume (qu') il viendra aujourd'hui,

Je puis vous prêter cent guinées,

Entrez, (je vous) prie,

Prisez cette maison,
Ne (nous) privez pas sitôt de
votre compagnie,

D'où procède cette méprise?

Do not precipitate [hurry]
your departure.

Among Afiatic princes, prefents must always precede visits.

What dish do you prefer?

Let us begin by deducting the expence.

You have been long preconcerting that fine project.

You are too much prepoffeffed with her charms.

Prepare your leffon.

The Spanish ambassador was presented to the king.

You have preserved (me) from a great misfortune.

Squeeze the lemons.

I prefume [fancy] he will come to-day.

I can lend you (a) hundred guineas.

Come in, pray.

Appraise this house.

Don't deprive (us) so soon of your company.

From whence does that miftake proceed? A fa mort de George second, George trois sut proclamé roi d'Angleterre,

Procurez-moi une occasion de (vous) servir,

Ne profanez pas (les) choses faintes, ni ne jettez aux chiens le pain des enfans.

Il n'a pas *proféré* une feule parole,

Les Turcs professent la religion de Mahomet,

Profitez des conseils que votre précepteur (vous) donnera,

(Les)marchandises Angloises ne sont plus prohibées en France.

Vous prolongez l'affaire que vous aviez promis d'arranger,

Vous ne prononcez pas bien ce mot-(là,)

Ce que vous (nous) dites là, ne (nous) pronostique rien de bon,

At the death of George the fecond, George the third was proclaimed kind of England.

Procure me an opportunity'
to ferve (you.)

Do not lavish your money.

Do not profane holy things,
nor throw the children's
bread to dogs.

He has not uttered a fingle word.

The Turks profess the reli-

Profit [benefit] by the advice your tutor will give (you.)

English goods are no longer prohibited in France.

You protract the business which you had promised to settle.

You don't pronounce that word well.

What you tell (us) there, portends (us) no good.

Jes dix Sybilles (ont) prophétifé la rédemption du genre humain d'une manière très-claire,

Les fenêtres de cette maison ne sont pas bien proportionnées,

J'ai quelque chose à (vous)

Le parlement a été prorogé,

Si vous ne respectez pas votre père dans sa vieillesse, vous ne prospérerez pas dans le monde,

Louis quatorze protegeoit
(les) arts, et récompensoit
(les) artistes

La lettre de change a été

Proposition (que) vous avancez?

Puisez (de l') eau à la source,

Pulvérisez ce sel, Cette hérésie a pullulé en peu d'années, The ten Sybils predified the redemption of mankind in a very explicit manner.

The windows of this house are not well proportioned.

I have fomething to propose (to you.)

The parliament has been prorogued.

If you do not respect your father in his old age, you will not prosper in the world.

Lewis the fourteenth protected arts, and rewarded artists.

The letter of exchange has been protested.

How will you prove [demonfirate] the proposition your advance?

Draw water at the fpring-

Pulverize this falt.

That herefy increased [extended greatly] in (a) few years.

H 2

Le

Le chevalier Jean Fielding a Sir John Fielding has cleared purgé la ville de filoux,

the town of pick-pockets.

Elle querelle ses domestiques du matin au foir,

TO THE CREME SERVICE OF SECURITY

Ne (me) questionnez pas fur ce chapitre, Ne quittez pas votre place,

new declar nor ob new it

uses from this sid of surface

She is fcolding her fervants from morning till night.

Do not interrogate (me) on that head.

Do not quit [kave] your

All mount work and the State and

Rielisty Wesengaway uno

Faites raccommoder mes bas, Notre Sauveur (nous) a racheté de son précieux sang, Racentez-nous vos avantures,

Les vieilles gens radotent ordinairement.

(Le) sucre croît en Amérique, mais on (le) raffine en Europe,

Il a beaucoup (d') esprit, et fait railler fans jamais offenser personne,

Get my flockings mended. Our Saviour redeemed (us) with his precious blood. Relate to us your adventures,

Old folks commonly doat.

Sugar grows in America, but they refine (it) in Europe.

He has a great deal of wit. and knows (how) to rally [joke] without ever offending any body.

Vous

Vous raisonnez juste,
Ralliez vos troupes,
Ramassez mes gants,
Je puis compter dans ce batteau jusqu'à huit matelots qui me paroissent ramer de toutes leurs forces,
Respectons les grands, mais ne rampons pas devant eux,

Rangez les affiettes,
Vous ranimez mon courage,
Il fut rappellé à (la) cour,
Rapportons tout à Dieu, de
qui tout procède,

Cette liqueur est rarésée,
J'ai tant mangé que je suis rassasse,
Où les ennemis rassemblerontils leurs troupes?
Rassurez-le, et (lui) dites que le danger est passé,
La paix a été ratissée à Utrecht,
Ratissez les carottes,
Cette écriture est entièrement raturée,

You argue well.

Rally your troops.

Take up [pick up] my gloves.

I can reckon in that boat up
to eight failors, who feem
to me to row with all their
might.

Let us respect the great, but let us not crawl before them.

Set the plates in order.
You revive my courage.
He was recalled to court.
Let us refer every thing to
God, from whom every
thing proceeds.
This liquor is clarified.

I have eaten fo much that I am satiated [satisfied.]

Where will the enemies
unite [collect] their forces?
Comfort him, and tell (him)
that the danger is over.

The peace was ratified at Utrecht.

Scrape the carrots.

This writing is entirely erased.

Les ennemis ont ravagé tout le pays,

Rayez ce que vous avez Erose what you have writécrit,

Ne (le) rebutez pas,

Récapitulons les différens articles,

Réchauffez la viande,

J'ai cherché et recherché mes gands, fans pouvoir (les) trouver,

Je (vous) ai pardonné la première fois, mais (je) ne (m') attendois pas à (vous) voir récidiver,

Récitez votre lecon,

Je réclame votre protection,

Je (vous) recommande ce domestique,

Recommencez votre ouvrage,

(Les) rois devroient toujours récompenser (le) mérite,

Comment pourrons-nous reconcilier deux choses si oppofées?

Ce sergent recrute pour le roi de Prusse,

The enemies have laid the whole country waste.

Do not rebuke (him)

Let us fum up the different articles.

Warm the meat again.

fought and fought agains my gloves, without being able to find (them.)

I forgave (you) the first time, but did not expect to fee (you) relapfe.

Recite your lesson.

I claim your protection.

I recommend that fervant for you.)

Begin your work again.

Kings ought always to recompense merit.

How shall we be able to reconcile two things fo toppolite?

This serjeant recruits for the king of Pruffia.

Com-

Comment rectifierez-vous

Reculez cette chaife, Redoublez vos efforts,

Je ne redoute point fon reffentiment,

Il feroit difficile de réformer tous (les) abus,

Réfrênez vos passions,

Ne (me) refusez pas cette faveur,

Il seroit aisé de réfuter tout (ce qu') il a dit,

Si vous venez chez moi, je (vous) régalerai,

Regardez ce beau tableau, Nous avons été régénéré en Jésus Christ par la grace

Riglez votre conduite làdeffus

du baptême,

George trois règne en Angleterre,

Tout le monde regrette fa

(Le) Comte de Lally avoit été dégradé de noblesse,

Americans.

How will you retify that

Draw back this chair. Redouble your efforts.

I do not dread his refent-

It would be difficult to reform all abuses.

Bridle your paffions.

Do not refuse (me) that favour.

It would be easy to refute all he faid.

If you come to me, I will feast (you.)

Look (at) this fine picture.

We have been regenerated in Christ by the grace of baptism.

Regulate your conduct there-

George the third reigns in England.

Every one regrets his loss.

Count Lally had been degraded from his nobility,

AMISTIDATA

mais fon fils a été réba-

(La) beauté rehausse le prix de (la) vertu,

Les ouvrages de Voltaire ont été réimprimés blen des fois,

Je (vous) réitère mes prières,

Philoclès fut relégué dans l'île de Samos,

Combien demandez - vous pour relier ce livre?

Avez-vous remarqué ce qu'il a fait?

Avez-vous été remboursé de vos frais?

Je vois le mal, mais (je) ne puis (y) remédier,

Je (vous) remercie très-

Je (lui) ai remontré son devoir,

Les emplois vacans ont été

Les Anglois ont remporté une victoire complète sur les Américains,

but his fon has been re-

Beauty enhances the value of virtue.

The works of Voltaire have been reprinted many times.

I repeat my entreaties (to you.)

Philocles was banished to the island of Samos.

How much do you ask to bind this book?

Did you remark what he has done?

Were you reimbursed your expences?

I fee the evil, but cannot remedy (it.)

I most humbly thank (you.)

I pointed out his duty (to him.)

The vacant places were filled up.

The English have obtained a complete victory over the Americans.

Ne

Ne remuez pas de là,

J' (ai) rentontré votre frère;

Saint Plerre remia trois fois

notre Seigneur,

Renoncez (à) vos prétentions,

Nous renouvellerons notre

ancienne amitié,

Rentrez (dans) tous vos droits,

Prènez garde, vous allez ren
verser la table.

Réparez vos fautes, L'armée repassa la rivière,

Renvoyez votre domestique,

Qu'il répète sa leçon, Ne (me) répliquez pas, Repoussez (la) force par (la) force,

Représentez au roi notre trifte fituation,

Réprimandez-le févèrement, Ne reprochez jamais les fervices (que) vous avez rendus,

Il (a) répudié sa femme,
Où réfulez-vous pendant l'

Do not fir from thence.

I met your brother.

Saint Peter denied our Lord

three times.

We shall renew our former friendship.

Refume all your rights.

Take care, you are going to

Stud away [discharge] your fervant.

Repair [amend] your faults.
The army croffed the river again.

Let him repeat his leffon.

Do not reply (to me.)

Repel violence by violence.

Represent to the king our fad fituation.

Reprove him feverely.

Never repreach the services you have rendered.

He repudiated his wife.

Where do you refide during the fummer?

I

Ne résistez-pas (au) mal,
Respectez vos supérieurs,
Je ne puis respirer,
A quoi cela ressemble-t-il?
Restez un moment avec moi,
Il a restitué ce qui ne (lui)
appartenoit pas

Que résulte-t-il de là ?

Il a retiré sa fille du couvent,

On (lui) a retranché (le) vin, Respections les grandes vérités (que) Dieu a révélées à son église,

Je rêvoi la nuit passé que j'étois roi de France, avec le surnom de Louis le grammairien.

Le roi publia un édit qu'ils

Rincez les verres,
Je ne veux rien risquer,
Rivez les cloux,
Rognez vos ongles,
(L') entendez-vous ronster?

Do not refif evil.

Respect your superiors.

I cannot breathe.

To what does that resemble?

Stay a moment with me.

He has returned [restored] what did not belong (to him.)

What does it refult [follow]

He withdrew his daughter from the convent.

They forbid (him) wine.

Let us respect the great truths God has revealed to his church.

I dreamt last night that I was king of France, with the furname of Lewis the grammarian.

The king published an edict which he repealed soon after.

Wash the glasses.

I will hazard nothing.

Rivet the nails.

Pair your nails.

Do you hear (him) snore?

Le

Le chien ronge un os, (L') eau rouille (le) fer, La boule roule, Vous ruinerez votre fanté,

Le sang ruisseloit de sa bles-

The dog is gnawing a bone.

Water rusts iron.

The bowl rolls.

You will ruin [impair] your health.

The blood gusped from his wound.

S.

La ville fut saccagée, Louis seize sut sacré à Reims,

Dieu ordonna(à) Abraham de (lui) facrifier fon fils Ifaac,

Saignez le malade,
Salez le porc,
Si vous (le) rencontrez, faluez-le,
Sanglez mon cheval,
Savonnez ce mouchoir,
Sautez ce fossé,
Sauvez-nous, Seigneur, nous
allons périr,
Ne scandalisez pas votre pro-

chain,

The town was facked.

Lewis the fixteenth was

crowned at Reims.

God commanded Abraham

to facrifice his fon Ifaac (to
him.)

Bleed the patient.

Put the girt on my horse.

Wash this handkerchief.

Jump (over) this ditch.

Save us, O Lord, we are going to perish.

If you meet (him,) falute him.

Salt the pork.

Do not fcandalize [be not an occasion of scandal to] your neighbour.

-I,2

Scien du bois, Je feconderai vos efforts, Secouez les couvertures, Les Jésuites ont été sécularifes,

Combien (de) mois sejournerons-nous à Paris ? Sellez mon cheval, l'ai semé de la graine de perfil dans mon jardin, Le mari et la femme sont

Séparés, Cet enfant est trop jeune pour être feuré,

Ne fifflez pas,

Voici une occasion favorable de fignaler votre reconnoissance,

Signez le marché, Je (lui) ai fignifié vos ordres,

Votre maison de campagne est située sur une riante colline, Soignez les malades,

Soldez mon compte,

cour,

Saw some wood.

I will fecond your efforts. Shake the blankets.

The Jesuits have been fecularized.

How many months shall we Stay at Paris ?

Saddle my horse.

I have fowed some parsleyfeed in my garden.

The husband and wife are parted.

That child is too young to be weaned.

Do not whiftle.

This is a favourable opportunity to fignalize your gratitude.

Sign the agreement.

I communicated your orders (to him.)

Your country-house is situated on a pleasant hill,

Attend the patients. Close my account. Je sollicite une place à (la) I am soliciting a place at court.

Elle

Elle ne dort pas, mais (elle) She does not fleep, but flumfommeille, 200 11 12 15

Il somma les alliés de (lui) He summoned the allies to fournir des vaisseaux, Nous sondâmes (pour) voir dans quels parages nous étions,

A quoi fongez-vous? Sennez vos domestiques, Mon anneau est cassé, pourriez-vous (le) fouder?

Les impôts, que le roi met fur ses sujets, servent en partie à foudoyer les troupes,

Soufflez le feu, Sa mère (l') a souffleté, Monfieur, j'ai l'honneur de (vous) foubaiter le bon in jour,

Soulagez les malheureux, Je soupçonne (qu') il vouloit (me) tromper,

Voulez-vous fouper avec Will you fup with us? nous?

Pourquoi foupirez-vous? Spécifiez-moi toutes les qualités de cette plante,

bers. Al all ter thegat

fupply (him) with fhips. We founded to see upon what coast we were.

Le semple d'Argonne What are you thinking of? Ring (for) your fervants. My ring is broke, could you folder (it?)

The taxes, which the king lays upon his subjects. ferve partly to pay his armies. San instance

Blow the fire. Her mother buffetted (her.) Sir, I have the honour to wish (you) a good day. also week poissons every lie

Relieve the unfortunate. I suffect he meant to deceive (me.)

Why do you figh? Specify to me all the qualities of this plant.

Les Cartaginois furent fubjugués par les Romains,

Le vaisseau fut entièrement The ship was entirely sunk. Submergé,

Les témoins ont été subornés,

Le temple d'Appollon ne subsiste plus,

Il a été substitué à la place de fon frère,

Louis seize succéda (à) Louis quinze, fon ayeul,

Il est fur le point de fuecomber He is on the point of finking fous fon fardeau,

(Les) fang-fues succent (le) fang humain,

Ne sucrez pas tant votre Do not sweeten your tea so thé,

vous feroit du bien,

Il fut suffoqué par la fumée,

Suggirez-lui une réponse Suggest to him a suitable anconvenable,

Prenez garde qu'il (ne) (vous) supplante,

The Carthaginians were fubdued by the Romans.

The witnesses have been Suborned.

Apollo's temple does no longer fubfift.

He was fubflituted in his brother's room.

Lewis the fixteen fucceeded Lewis the fifteenth, his grandfather.

under his burden.

Leeches fuck human blood.

much.

Si vous pouviez suer, cela If you could sweat [perspire,] that would do you good.

> He was suffocated [smothered] by the smoke.

fwer.

Take care left he should Supplant (you.)

Je

Je (vous) supplie de (m') accorder cette faveur,

Ie ne faurois supporter plus long-tems fon impertinence,

Je suppose que nous aurons bientôt la guerre,

Les fermiers généraux ont été supprimés en France, Supputons toute la dépense,

Louis seize a été surnommé le Sevère,

Virgile a surpaffe tous les poëtes Latins,

Vous (m') avez fuscité (des) ennemis,

(Les) pasteurs ont été établis (pour) surveiller à leurs troupeaux,

I intreat (you) to grant (me) that favour.

I can no longer bear [endure] his impertinence.

I suppose we shall soon have a war.

The farmers general have been suppressed in France.

Let us calculate the whole expence.

Lewis the fixteenth has been furnamed the Severe.

Virgil has surpassed [excelled] all the Latin poets.

You did fir up enemies (against me.)

Shepherds have been established to watch over their flocks.

or depress with a subset.

Puis-je tabler là dessus? Vous avez taché votre robe, Tâchez de revenir de bonne. heure,

Voulez-vous (me) tailler Will you mend (me) a pen. une plume?

May I depend upon that? You have stained your gown. Endeavour to return betimes.

Il (m') a témoigné beaucoup He shewed (me) much civi-(de) civilités

La pluie a tempéré la chaleur, Alors Jéfus fut conduit par l'esprit dans le désert, pour être tenté par le diable, Trois fois je terrassai le lion, trois fois il (fe) releva,

Cet enfant tète-t-il encore? Quatre chevaux pourroient à-peine tirer cette voiture, Le peintre a-t-il toifé son

En Angleterre toutes (les) religions font tolérées, Prenez garde, vous tomberez,

ouvrage?

Ne touchez pas à cela, Ne (me) tourmentez pas, Il tourne sa pensée du côté de (la) guerre,

Ne me touffez pas dans le you have heires vilage,

Tracez le plan de cette ville,

Deux chevaux traineroient aisément cette charrette.

lity.

The rain moderated the heat. Then Jesus was led into the defart by the spirit, to be tempted by the devil.

Three times I knocked the lion down; three times he role again.

Does that child fuck still? Four horses could scarcely draw this carriage.

Has the painter measured his work?

All religions are tolerated in England.

Take care, you will down.

Don't touch that.

Do not plague (me.)

Heturns his thoughts towards war.

Do not cough in my face.

Draw [delineate] the plan of that town.

Verification states and the states and the

Two horses could easily draw this carte une shume!

Il (m') a traité en ami, Ils ont tramé ce complot enfemble,

gouvernement à un autre,

Ne transgressez pas la loi de Dieu.

Cela (vous) fera transpirer,

Les malfaiteurs ont été tranfporté hors du royaume,

La première page de ce livre a été transposée,

Travaillez pendant que vous êtes jeune,

Comment traverserons-nous cette rivière?

le tremble de froid, Treffez mes cheveux,

Tricotez-moi une paire de

J'ai triomphé de tous mes en- I triumphed over all my enenemis,

Vous cherchez à (me) trom- You feek to deseive (me.) per,

He treated (me) as a friend, They machinated [devised]

that plot together.

Le roi (l') a transféré de ce The king has transferred (him) from that government to another.

> Do not transgress the law of God.

That will make (you) per-Spire.

The malefactors have been transported out of the kingdom.

The first page of that book was mifplaced.

Work while you are young.

How shall we cross this river?

I am thivering with cold. Plait my hair.

Knit me a pair of stockings.

mies.

K

Voulez-

Voulez-vous trequer votre montre contre ma canne ? Ne laissez pas trotter votre cheval.

Pourquoi troublez-vous l'eau (que) je bois ? Trouffez votre robe, Je trouve (que) vous avez bien fait, Vous ne tuerez point,

Will you exchange your watch for my cane? Do not let your horse trot.

Why do you disturb the water I am drinking? Tuck up your gown. I find you have done right.

You shall not kill.

V. U.

Ne vacillez pas dans vos réponses, Vannez votre bled, Vantez vos exploits, Laissez-moi vaquer (à) mes affaires,

Variez les couleurs, Veillez fur la conduite de votre fils.

Vergettez mes habits, Vérifiez ces écritures-(là,) Versez (du) vin dans mon

verre.

Je ne violerai ni (les) loix I will neither violate divine divines, ni (les) loix humaines,

Do not hesitate in your anfwers.

Winnow your corn. Boast (of) your atchievements. Let me mind my business.

Vary the colours. Watch over your fon's conduct. Brush my cloaths. Verify those writings. Pour wine into my glass.

nor human laws.

A quoi vifez-vous? Soulagez les pauvres, et vifitez les malades,

Vos fenêtres sont-elles vi- Are your windows glased? trées?

La flotte vogue fur les flots,

Que (vous) a-t-il vole?

Les pigeons volent autour du colombier,

Regardez comme ces moineaux voltigent d'une branche à l'autre,

Vouons un temple au Seigneur, le Dieu des armées,

Mon habit est tout use, Vous usurpez mes droits, J' (ai) beaucoup voyagé, Vuidez cette bouteille,

What are you aiming at? Relieve the poor, and vifit the fick.

The fleet fails upon the waves.

What did he fleal (from you?)

The pigeons fly about the pigeon-house.

See how these sparrows flutter from one branch to another.

Let us vow a temple to the Lord, the God of the armies.

My coat is quite worn out, You usurp my rights. I travelled a good deal. Empty this bottle.

N. B. Thus far, the English translation has been so very literal as to answer, almost word for word, to the French in every phrase; by which means the pupil has been able to treasure up in his memory some thousand words, and to ascertain the true signification of each of them. But, as every sentence will not admit of a literal translation, I shall, in the following pages, decline this tedious task, and particularly attend, in my version, to the idiom of both languages respectively.

More Verbs of the first Conjugation, that do not admit of a literal Translation.

N'ABUSEZ pas de fa patience,
Il est accablé de chagrin,
Ils vous accommoderont bien,
Votre femme est-elle accouchée?

Sa boutique est bien achalandée,

Il est acharné contre mois

DO not abuse his pa-

He is overwhelmed with grief. They will use you well. Is your wife brought to bed?

His shop is much frequented.

He entertains a persevering fpite against me.

Additionnez toute la somme, Cast up the whole sum: Il affronte tous les dangers, N'agacez pas le chien,

Il a aliéné son bien, Ces arbres sont bien alignés,

Alimentez votre famille, Il ambitionne de grands em- He thirfts after great employplois, La flotte est apprivisionnée pour fix mois, Argentez les chandéliers, Arpentez vos terres, Affaisonnez la falade. Attelez les chevaux, N'attentez à la vie de perfonne,

Bandez votre arc. La muraille est barbouillée de peinture, Vous begayez, Les bœufs beuglent, . Il marche en biaifant, Biffez cette écriture-là,

Qu'en augurez-vous?

He braves all dangers. Do not fet on the dog. Il n'agréera pas votre offre, He will not agree to your propofal. He has alienated his effate.

These trees are laid out in a . Straight line.

Provide for your family. ments.

The fleet is victualled for fix months.

Plate the candlefticks. Survey your land. Drefs the falad. Put to the horses. Attempt no one's life.

What do you conjecture from it? Bend your bow.

The wall is dawbed with paint.

You stammer.

Oxen low.

He walks flanting. Blot out that writing.

Le purlair a été boifé, Il beite, La vigne bourgeonne, Pai une dent qui branle, Briguez la faveur des grands,

Les chèvres broutent,
Ne le brafquez pas,
Ne bratalifez perfonne,
Las chèvres cabriolent,
Vous cajolez votre voifine,
Où les troupes font elles
cantonnées?
Votre corps chancèle,
Savez-vous chiffrer?
Cloquez des mains,
Comparez ceci avec cela,
Compilez les auteurs anciens,
Pourquoi êtes-vous fi conflamé?

Contex-nous ce qui est arrivé, Elle a le visage bien contourné,

Contre-marquez le ballot,

Contre-minez la forteresse, Co-opérez à sa félicité,

The patlour was wainfcotted. He limps. The vine buds. I have a loofe tooth. Labour to obtain the favour of the great. Goats brouze. Do not be rough with him. Behave brutally to no one. Goats caper. You cajole your neighbour. Where are the forces quartered? Your body totters. Are you expert at figures? Clap your hands. Compare this to that. Compile from antient authors. Why are you so dejected?

Relate to us what happened. She has a well-turned face.

Set a counter-mark on the bale.

Co-operate in his happiness.

Ne

Ne me corner pas dans les Do not ding in my ears.

Couchez l'enfant,
Couchez le lièvre en joue,
Un vaisseau de guerre a été
coulé à fond,

Courtifez cette demoiselle-

La poule couve ses œufs,
Il crève de rire,
Le corbeau croasse,
Crochetez la serrure,
Croisez vos bras,
Croquez ce poulet,
Ne vous crottez pas,
Crucifiez-le, disoient les Juiss
impies,

Il a tout culbuté dans le cabinet,

Avez-vous déballé les marchandifes? Débarrassez la table,

Débâtez l'âne,

Il débite bien sa marchandise, Par où débuterez-vous? Quand décamperez-vous? Coust along the English Store.

Put the child to be.

Level at the hair.

A man of war was face.

Court that young lady.

The hen batches her egg.
He is burfling with laughter.
The raven creaks.
Pick the lock.
Put your arms a-creft.
Eat up this chicken.
Don't dirt yourfelf.
Crucify him, faid the impious lews.

He has overturned every dising in the closet.

Did you unpack the goods?

Clear the table.

Take the pack-faddle of the afs.

He has a great file.

Where will you begin?

When will you march off?

Elle

Elle eft dicidie,

Les anciens décernoient aux grands hommes les honneurs divins,

Décochez-lui une flèche, Il paroît tout décontenancé,

Décrassez bien vos mains,
Décrassez la viande,
Défoncez cette futaille,
Je vous défrayerai,
Toutes vos terres sont-elles
défrichées?

Défroncez vos sourcils,
Allons, dégainez,
Quand déjeunerons-nous?
Le vaisseau est-il démaré?
Ces souliers sont dépareillés,
Qui a déplanté cet arbre?
Vous déraisonnez continuellement,

Ce mot-là ne dérive-t-il pas du Grec?

Déridez votre front, Vos cifeaux font tout-à-fait dérouillés,

Vous paroissez tout dérouté,

She is dead.

The antients decreed divine honours to great men.

Let fly an arrow at him.

He appears quite out of cound tenance.

Wash your hands theroughly.

Take the meat off the book.

Stave this cask.

I will bear your expense.

Is all your ground cleared?

Smooth your brows.

Come, draw.

When shall we breakfast?

Has the ship failed?

These shoes are not fellows.

Who has pulled up this tree?

You are for ever speaking nonsense.

Does not that word come from the Greek? Compose your countenance. The rust is quite rubbed off your scissors.

You feem quite at a loss.

Etes-

Etes-vous enfin défaitére?

Tous ceux qui le connoisfent désapprouvent sa conduite,

Vous me défolé quand je vous entends parler ainsi,

Vous l'avez tout déforienté, Désossez la viande, et la hachez,

On lui a enfin défillé les yeux,

Les chandéliers sont dessoudés,

Qand détalerez-vous?

Jean, vous dételerez les bœufs
au coucher du foleil,

Dévidez la foie,

Le porc est difficile à digérer,
Je vous avois chargé de faire
cela, mais je vous en dif-

J'ai un oiseau des Indes dissequé avec beaucoup d'art,

pense,

Sur quel point disserteronsnous?

Faites dresser ce petit chien fur ses pattes de derrière,

Have you at length quenched your thirst?

All his acquaintance difapprove his conduct.

You make me miferable when I hear you speak thus.

You did quite confound him. Take the meat off the bones, and hash it.

His eyes have been at length opened.

The candlesticks are un-

John, you must unyoke the oxen at sun-set,

Wind the filk into a skain.

Pork is hard to be digefted.

I had commissioned you to do that, but I dispense with your doing it.

I have a bird from Indiawhich was diffected with great art.

Upon what subject shall we debate?

Make this little dog fland on his hind-legs.

Echancrez

Echancrez un peu ce drap,

Il économife son petit revenu,

Ecrafez cette arraignée,
Ecroutez le pain,
Je n'ai fait qu' effleurer la
matière,
Egouttez la salade,
Egrugez du sel pour le diner,
Le doigt m'élance,
Les canons sont-ils embarqués?

Emblavez vos champs,
Emboursez cet argent,
Le flambeau de la guerre a
embrase toute l'Europe,
Faites empailler ces chaises,

Empaquetez ces bas,
Empoignez ce cordage, et le
tenez ferme,
Ces pistolets sont tout encuirasses,
Le boulanger a-t-il ensourné

fon pain?

Il ne faut pas laisser enraciner
les abus,

Out this cloth somewhat

He manages his little income frugally.

Ecrasez cette arraignée, Crush this spider to death.

Ecroutez le pain, Cut off the crust of the bread.

Je n'ai fait qu' effleurer la I have touched upon the submatière, ject but superficially.

Dry the falad.

Pound fome falt for dinner.

My finger fboots.

Are the great guns on board?

Sow corn in your grounds Pocket this money.

The torch of war has fet Europe in a flame.

Get those chairs feated with

Pack up these stockings.

Take this rope in your hand, and hold it fast.

These pistols are grown quite rusty.

Has the baker put his bread into the oven?

Abuses must not be suffered to take root.

Il n' enrage pas pour mentir,

Mon petit garçon est enrhumé, Envoyez chercher le médecin,

Faites-le évader.

Dieu exauce toujours les prières ferventes,

Tous les mauvais citoyens devroient être expatriés,

l'ai feuilleté tout ce livre, fans pouvoir trouver ce que j'y cherchois,

Il a foulé aux pieds tous les fentimens de religion et d'honneur.

Fénélon, en écrivant son Télémaque, a frayé un chemin, dans lequel perfonne n'a encore pu le fuivre,

On voit plus de gens fré- More are seen resorting to quenter les bals que les églises,

Faites griller la viande, Te ne veux rien bazarder, Je l' ignore entièrement, Imbibez ce linge d'huile, Vous m'impatientez,

He utters falsehoods with thorough composure.

My little boy has got a cold. Send for the physician.

Affift him in making bis escape.

God always liftens propitioufly to fervent supplications.

All bad citizens should be expelled their country.

I have turned over this whole book, without being able to find what I fought.

He trampled under foot every fense of religion and ho-HOUT.

Fenelon, in writing his Telemachus, has ftruck into a road, where none has yet been able to follow him.

balls than to churches.

Put the meat on the gridiron. I will rifk nothing. I am quite ignorant of it. Soak this linen in oil. You make me lose patience.

L2

Il ne faut pas impofer aux autres un fardeau, qu'on ne peut pas porter foimême,

Je suis fâché de vous voir infatué de cette opinion,
N' insultez pas aux malheureux,

Je lui intenterai un procès,

Intercédez pour lui auprès du roi,

J'ai interjetet appel de cette fentence,

Comment intitulerez-vous

Vous vous amusez-là à jar-

Lachez la bride à votre cheval,

Louis quatorze fit légitimer plusieurs de ses enfans naturels,

Il ne lui manque rion que de l'argent,

Les François marchandent long-tems avant que d' acheter,

on others, which we ourfelves are not able to bear.

I am concerned at feeing you bigotted to that opinion.

Do not infult the wretched.

I will commence a fuit against

Intercede for him with the king.

I ludged an appeal from that

What title will you give your book?

You are diverting yourself there with gardening.

Give your horse the bridle.

Lewis the fourteenth caused feveral of his natural children to be legitimated.

He wants nothing but mo-

The French are long bargaining before they buy.

Saint

Saint André fut martyrise Saint Andrew suffered mardans l' Achaïe,

Beaucoup de François se font naturaliser Anglois,

Vous m' avez navré le cœur,

Je fuis néceffité à lui intenter un procès,

Il ne faut point obstiner les enfans,

Les juges opinèrent à la mort de l'accusé,

Participerai-je avec les autres aux profits attachés à cet emploi?

Patientez, et tout ira bien,

Les François inventent les arts, et les Anglois les perfectionnent,

Les statues, qu'on érige aux grands hommes, ferventà perpétuer leur mémoire, Vous ne ponetuez pas bien,

tyrdom in Achaia.

Many French get themselves naturalized in England.

You have rent my heart.

I am forced to institute a fuit against him.

Children must not be made obstinate by unseasonable refiftance.

The judges opinions were for the death of the accufed.

Shall I bave a like sbare with others in the emoluments annexed to that place?

Have patience, and every thing will go well.

The French make discoveries, which the English bring to perfection *.

The statues, erected to great men, serve to immortalize their names.

You do not make your flops with propriety.

Gaudy Monfieur invented the ruffle, and honest John tacked the fairt to it.

Il postule un emploi, mais je He is a candidate for an emdoute qu'il l'obtienne,

100

L'embarras du monde et des The tumult of the world affaires préjudicie à notre falut,

Vous a-t-on préposé au soin de ses affaires ?

Il a projetté de partir incognito.

Promenez l'enfant dans le jardin,

On l'a qualifié de menteur, entential lates will be specied.

Quittancez mon mémoire, Les vivres ont rabaissé de prix, la cq lie ye in

fe n'ai point grand appétit, et il me faut des choses qui me ragoûtent,

Vous me paroiffez rapetiffe, majar whith it with while

Rapprochez cette caffetière who feet where more of his

Redigez vos propositions par écrit,

Redreffez ce baton,

ployment, but I question whether he will obtain it.

and the hurry of bufiness are obstacles to our salvation.

Were you made overfeer of his affairs?

He formed the design of setting out incognito.

Take the child to walk in the garden.

They gave him the character of a liar.

Write a receipt on my bill.

The price of provisions has fallen.

I have no great appetite, and want proper things to flimulate it.

You feem to me to have grown shorter.

Place this coffee-pot again near the fire.

Commit your propositions to writing.

Make this flick frait again.

JESUS

IESUS CHRIST reffuscita plein de gloire le troisième jour,

Il faut fanctifier le Dimanche,

Faites sécher le linge,

Il faut subordonner l'intérêt particulier à l'intérêt commun,

Je suppléerai à tout,

On ne tanne le cuir nulle part mieux qu'en Angleterre,

Faites tapisser votre apparte- Get your apartment hung ment,

Il me tarde de la voir après cinq années d'absence,

Il a terminé sa carrière.

Il a testé en faveur de sa nièce,

L'eau va en tournoyant,

H tranche du grand seigneur,

Trempez votre vin,

JESUS CHRIST roje gloriously from the dead on the third day.

We ought to keep boly the Lord's day.

Dry the linen.

Private emoluments must be rendered fubservient to the public good.

I shall make up every deficiency.

Leather is no where better tanned than in England.

with tapestry.

I long to see her after an absence of five years.

He has ended his career.

He made his will in favour of his niece.

The water glides meandering along.

He assumes the airs of a man of distinction.

Mix water with your wine.

sayed seath on a finish the said to too as at

with the company to the state of the state o

I as their defended with a large to be view

the second of the second of the first second of the second

merchanic cultivates of the solid the water of the fi

district the entire of the artificial state of the control of the control of

do cana

La coutume syrannife, Custom exercises syrannic fway.

On vendange ordinairement The usual time of vintage is dans le mois de Septem- in September. bre.

la forêt a été voituré par eau,

Langue Langued From M.

Contract and the visites

the state of the same of the same

the the desire will

Additionally the storest

Tout le bois provenant de All the wood felled in the forest was brought by water-carriage.

Allen hat in receive the

Constant services and

The state of the state of the state of

A REFLECTIVE VERB ENDING IN er.

1.		
S'armer,	-	To arm one's felf.
S'armant,	014 111 160	Arming one's felf.
3.		Mining one s Jen.
Armé,	en en en en	Armed. Armed Armed Armed Armed
Je m'	a-ma	Tame miles
	arme,	I arm myfelf.
	armes,	thou armest thyself.
Page 1 Sept 5 Sept 10	arme,	he arms bimfelf.
	armons,	we arm ourselves.
	armez,	ye arm yourselves.
ils s'	arment,	they arm themselves.
	armois,	I did arm myfelf.
_ 6.	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
Je m'	armai,	I armed myfelf.
tu t	armas,	thou armedst thyself.
il s'	arma,	he armed bimfelf.
	armâmes,	we armed ourselves.
	armâtes,	ye armed yourselves.
DURANTE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO	armèrent,	they armed themselves.
7.		
Je m'	armerai,	I will arm myself.
8.	Asher when	Mr. Carlotte Carlotte Contract
Je m'	armerois,	I would arm myfelf.
Arme-toi,	Alter Carry 1919	Arm thyfelf.
Market Committee	arme	let him arm bimself.
	arme,	
armons-nous		let us arm ourselves.
armez-vous		arm ye yourselves.
qu'ils s'	arment,	let them arm themselves.
(Due) To	B (18 B) 18 94 9	(Thee) I
(Que) Je 2	n arme,	(That) I may arm myself.
(Que) Je	n' armasse,	(That) I might arm myfelf. M RE-

REFLECTIVE VERBS, ENDING IN er,

Ne vous absentez pas,
Il s'adonise.
Il s'adonne à l'étude,
Addressez-vous à lui,
Appliquez-vous à l'étude,
Approchez-vous de moi,
Appuyez-vous fur moi,
Assurez-vous de sa personne,
Attachez-vous à la pratique
de la vertu,
Pourquoi vous attrissez-vous?

De quoi vous avisez-vous?

Baissez-vous un peu,

Bornez-vous à cela,

Cachez vous derrière la porte,

Chaussez-vous,

Chaussez-vous,

Vous vous choquez pour rien,

Comportez-vous fagement,

Concentrez-vous à la maison.

Confiez-vous en Dieu.

Vous vous consumez en regrets inutiles,

the error of the

Do not absent yourself. He decks bimfelf out. He devotes himself to study. Apply to him. Apply to fludy. Come near me. Lean upon me. Secure his person. Keep firm to the practice of virtue. Why do you make yourfelf uneafy? What are you about? Stoop a little. Confine yourself to that. Hide yourfelf behind the door. Warm yourself. Put on your Thoes and flockings. You take offence at nothing. Demean yourfelf prudently. Keep close at home. Put your truft in God. You waste away in useless concerns.

Cor-

Corrigez-vous de vos défauts,
Couchez-vous de honne heure,
Je me suis coupé le doigt,
Courbez-vous un peu,
Cramponnez-vous aux cordages du navire,
Débarrassez-vous de lui le
plutôt que vous pourrez,
Déchaussez-vous,

Ne vous décoiffez pas,

Ne vous décoltez pas,

Défiez-vous des menteurs,

Délassons-nous sur l'herbe,

Il s'est enfin démasqué,
Comme vous vous demenez!
Ce garçon-ci s'est bien déniaisé,
Dépêchez-vous de diner,
Il se dépite,
Dépouillez-vous de vos habits,
Dérobez-vous à ses poursuites,

Désabusez-vous, la sagesse n'a rien d'austère, Je me désbabillerai aussitôt que j'aurai dit mes prières,

Amend your faults.

Go to bed betimes.

I have cut my finger.

Stoop a little.

Stick to the cordage of the

Get rid of him as foon as you can.

Pull off your shoes and stock-

Do not sumble your bair. Do not make your neck bare.
Mistrust liars.

Let us rest ourselves on the grafs.

He at last took off the mask.

What a bustle you make!

This boy has acquired much

smartness.

Dispatch with your dinner.
He is vexed.
Strip off your cloaths.

Conceal yourflif from his pur-

Be undecelved, wildom has nothing austere.

I shall undress myself as soon as I have said my prayers.

M 2

Défba-

Déshabituez-vous de mentir, Désistez-vous de vos prétenfions.

Déterminez-vous à le faire, ou à sortir de chez moi, Dispensez-vous de venir chez

Dispensez-vous de venir chez moi,

Disposez-vous à partir demain,

Ne vous échauffez pas à courir,

Le tems s'écoule avec rapidité,

Alors il s'écria, je suis le plus malheureux de tous les hommes!

Le chateau s'est écroulé,

Les hommes s'efféminent par toutes fortes d'intempérance,

La rose s'effeuille aisément, Ne vous efforcez pas à courir, Efforcez vous de gagner les bonnes graces du prince,

Vous avez tort de vous égaler à lui,

Si vous allez dans la forêt, yous vous égarerez,

Give over telling lies.

Relinquish your pretentions.

Refolve either upon doing it, or quitting my house.

Forbear coming to my house.

Be ready to fet out to-morrow morning.

Do not overheat yourfelf with running.

Time elapses with rapidity.

When he exclaimed, I am the most unhappy of men!

The castle tumbled down.

Men become effeminate by all forts of intemperance.

The role foon loses it leaves.

Do not out-run yourself.

Endeavour to obtain the prince's favour.

You are wrong to fet yourself on a level with him.

If you go into the forest, you will lose your way.

Les

Les chiens fe sont élancés sur The dogs rusbed impetuously le fanglier,

Il s'élève au dessus de sa fphère,

Eloignez-vous de moi, ouvriers d'iniquité; j'ai été dans la détresse, et vous ne m'avez point soulagé,

Mon ami, vous vous émancipez trop,

Quand comptez-vous vous embarquer?

Ne vous embarrassez pas de ce que font les autres,

Emparez-vous de ses effets, Si vous vous conduisez bien, je m'emploierai pour vous, Ne vous emportez pas contre lui,

On doit s'empresser à rendre fervice à ses amis,

Sur-tout ne vous endettez

Il s'est enfermé dans un cloître,

Ne vous engagez pas dans de mauvailes affaires,

upon the wild boar.

He raises himself above his condition.

Depart from me, you workers of iniquity; for, I was in want, and you did not relieve me.

My friend, you take too much liberty.

When do you think you shall embark?

Do not concern yourfelf with the proceedings of other

Seize upon his goods.

If you behave well, I will use my interest for you.

Don't fly into a passion with him.

We ought to be forward to oblige our friends.

Beware especially of contracting debts.

He turned monk.

Do not involve yourself in troublesome business.

Il s'est eniuré d'esu-de-vie, Il s'ennage de tout,

Si vous fortez fans chapeau, vous vous enrhumerez,

Il s'est enrôlé dans les troupes du roi,

Je me suis enroué à vous appeler,

Entre-aidons-nous les uns les autres,

Envelopez-vous dans votre manteau,

Prenez garde de vous eny-

Elle s'épouvante de rien,

Il s'érige en auteur,

Quoi! vous vous étonnez de cela?

Etudiez-vous à vous faire aimer de tout le monde,

Bien des gens s'expatrient pour se dérober à la rigueur des loix,

Ne vous fâchez pas de ce qu'elle a dit,

Ne vous familiarifez qu'avec

He got drunk with brandy.
Every thing palls upon him.
If you go out without a hat,
you will take cold,
He lifted in the king's troops.

I am boarfe with calling you.

ord in a distinguish and the fa-

Let us mutually succour one another.

Wrap yourfelf up in your cloak.

Beware of intoxication.

The least thing frightens her.

He fets up for an author.

How! is it a matter of furprise to you?

Endeavour to make yourself beloved by every body.

Many quit their country to fcreen themselves from the severity of its laws.

Be not vexed at what the

Be not familiar except with a fmall number of friends.

La

La beauté se flêtrit presqu' aussi promptement qu'on voit les seurs se faner,

Il y a toujours des gent qui se faufilent où ils n'ont que faire,

Vous pouvez vous fier à ma parole,

distributes designed that

Figurez-vous un homme de quatre pieds de hauteur, la tête enfoncée entre les deux épaules, &c... voilà mon oncle,

Il fe flatte d'un fuccès complet,

Ne vous formalisez pas de ce que je dis,

Raphaël s'est formé sur de bons modèles,

Il s'est glisse une erreur dans le compte.

Habillez-vous promptement, Ne vous babituez pas à mentir,

Hâtez-vous de partir,

Ne vous imaginez pas me faire la loi, Beauty lofes its infire almost as fuddenly as flowers are feen to fade.

There never fails a race of men who obtained themfolives where they are not wanted.

You may rely on my word.

Fancy a man four feet high, with his head funk between his shoulders, &c. . fuch was my uncle.

He flatters himself with com-

Do not take offence at what.
I fay.

Raphael formed bimfelf upon good models.

An error flips into the ec-

Dress yourfelf quickly.

Do not use your self to telling lies.

Make hafte to fet out.

Do not think you are to command me. Ne vous impatientez pas,

La nouriture que nous prenons s'incorpore tellement avec nous, qu'elle devient nous-mêmes,

Il s'est indemnisé de cette perte sur un autre article,

Il s'est indigné de votre inso-

Je me suis informé de l'état de votre fanté,

Vous vous inquietez trop,

Il cherche à s'infinuer dans vos bonnes graces,

Tout me parle pour vous, mon cœur même s'intéresse en votre faveur,

Vous vous intriguez pour des choses qui vous sont étrangères,

Il se jeta aux pieds du roi,

Il ne lui sera pas aisé de se justifier,

On fe lasse de faire toujours la même chose,

Be not impatient.

Our food is in fuch manner incorporated with us, that it becomes ourselves.

He re-imbursed himself for that loss upon another article.

Your impertinence quite exafperated him.

I inquired after your health.

You disquiet yourself too much.

He is endeavouring to wriggle himself into your favour.

Every thing speaks to me in your behalf, my very heart is biassed in your favour.

You buftle about matters with which you have no concern.

He prostrated himself at the king's feet.

He will not easily exculpate himself.

We grow weary of an undiversified round of action. Je me l'everai demain de bon- I shall rife to-morrow bene heure,

Les jeunes gens se livrent aisement au premier vehu,

N'est-il pas honteux de voir - des hommes raifonnables se masquer, et aller danser comme des finges?

Vous prétendez ne me devoir que deux guinées, mais vous vous mécomptez,

Méfiez-vous de vous même comme de votre plus cruel ennemi,

De quoi vous mêlez-vous? Ne vous méfalliez pas,

Ne vous mesurez pas avec lui,

On doit savoir se moderer,

On ne se moque pas impunément du Seigneur,

Mouchez-vous,

Les troupes se sont mutinées,

Il tomba dans un marais, et s'y noya,

times.

Young people readily confide in the first comer.

Is it not a shame to see rational beings put on masks, and go capering about like monkeys?

You infift upon owing me only two guineas, but you miscalculate.

Mistrust yourself as your most cruel enemy.

Why do you interfere? Do not match yourfelf unfuitably.

Do not enter into competition with him.

A man should know how to restrain himself within the bounds of moderation.

No one derides the Lord with impunity.

Blow your nofe.

The troops revolted.

He fell into a marsh, and was drowned there.

N

C'eft

C'est un homme qui l'ob. He is a circumspect man. ferve,

La fontune s'abstine à me perfécuter,

Occupez-wous à l'étude,

Elle s'offense de la moindre chole.

Il s'opiniatre à vouloir l'épouser.

Ne vous opposez pas aux volontés du prince,

Voyons, que ferons-nous? Commençons à neus orienter,

Vous vous oubliez parce que vous êtes dans l'abondance, 经产品证明

Vous vous parez tous les jours de vos plus beaux habits,

La beauté se passe,

Vous vous passionnez pour tout ce qui est nouveau,

Peignez-vous à fond,

Penchez-vous un peus

Perfectionnex-vous dans l' écriture,

Fortune perfifts in perfecuting me.

Apply yourself to study.

She takes offence at the flighteft matter.

He perfifts obstinately in his purpole of marrying her.

Do not refift the prince's defire.

Let us confider, what course shall we take? We must begin by taking proper measures.

You forget yourfelf because you live in plenty.

You deck yourself daily in your best apparel.

Beauty vanishes away.

You are enamoured of every novelty.

Comb your head thoroughly. Bend yourfelf a little.

Perfect yourfelf in your writing.

Te me persuade devoir faire I hold myfolf bound to take cette démarche,

Vous vous piquez mal-àpropos de la réponfe,

Il faut favoir se plier à lhumeur des autres.

Comment vous portez-vous? Tâchez de vous poffeder,

Postez-vous à la porte, et ne laiffez entrer personne,

Précautionnez-vous contre les pièges qu'il pourroit vous tendre.

Il se présente une question à décider,

Vous ne vous preffez pas beaucoup de faire votre ouvrage,

Les génies du premier ordre - se prétent également aux plaifirs et aux affaires,

Caliplo fe promenoit fouvent feule fur les gazons fleuris that ftep.

You are wrong to be nettled at his answer.

We should know how to adapt our felves to the tempers of others.

How do you do?

Endeavour to be mafter of yourself.

Place your felf at the door, and let nobody in.

Guard yourfelf against the fnares he may lay for you.

There occurs a question to be discussed.

You go on but flowly with your work.

Geniuses of the first magnitude have no less aptitude for refined enjoyments than for momentous concern.

Calipso often walked alone upon the flowery grafs N .2 dont dont un printems éternel bordoit fon île,

Les Mages, étant entré dans l'endroit où étoit l'enfant (Jesus,) se prosternèment devant lui et l'adorèrent,

Quand voulez-vous vous purger?

Il se qualisse de docteur, Le mari et la semme se querellent depuis le matin

jusqu' au soir,

Il s'est enfin raccommodé avec sa femme,

Rangez-vous à côté de moi, Faites pour le mieux, je m'en rapporte à vous,

Rassurez-vous, il n'y a point de danger,

S'abandonner à ses passions brutales, c'est se ravaler jusqu'à la condition des bêtes,

J'avois deffein d'aller à la campagne, mais je me suis ravisé,

with which an eternal fpring had decked her island.

The Magi, having entered where the child (Jesus) was, prostrated themselves in his presence and adored him.

When do you intend to take physic?

He files bimself a doctor.

The husband and wife are wrangling from morning till night.

He was at length reconciled to his wife.

Stand by me.

Do your best, I commit it to your management.

Take courage, the danger is over.

To habituate one's felf to brutal passions degrades a person to the level of a beast.

I had a mind to go into the country, but I thought better of it.

Il se réclame de l'ambassadeur He shelters himself under the de France,

Recommandez-vous à Dieu, abus qu'il est impossible de

réformer, Où le cerf s'est-il réfugié?

Vous pouvez vous régler làdeffus,

Il s'est relâché de sa première ferveur,

Repofez-vous fur moi,

Dieu s'est réservé la vengeance.

On doit se respecter soimême,

Il s'en est retourné chez lui,

Il avoit avancé une erreur, mais il s'eft rétracté,

Un fils n'oseroit se revancher contre fon père,

Les Amériquains se sont réwoltés,

Ne vous roulez pas fur l'herbe,

Ils se sauvèrent à la nage,

French ambaffador's name.

Commend yourself to God.

Vous vous récriez contre des You exclaim against abuses which it is impossible to reform.

> Where did the flag take cover?

You may take your measures in confequence of it.

He relaxed from his first fervor.

Rely on me.

God has referved vengeance to himself.

A man should reverence him-

He returned to his own home.

He had advanced an error, but retracted it.

A fon dares not contest with his father.

The Americans revolted.

Do not roll yourfelf on the grass.

They escaped by swimming. Puisque Pailque nous he laurions, nous convenir, separansnous,

Il ainte à fe fingularifer, Je ne me foucie guère de vos remontrances,

Ils fe font foulevés contre leur prince légitime,

Comment s'est terminé votre différend ?

Tranquillifez-vous un peu, Vous vous trompez,

Ne vous vantez pas de vos exploits,

En Espagne les dames se

Mon habit commence à s'ager, et c'est précisément ce qui sait rire mon tailleur,

Mon père commence à fe

atest and the members are the set

Since we cannot agree, let us part.

He affects fingularity.

I do not much mind your remonstrances.

They revolted against their lawful prince.

How was your contest decided?

Compose yourself a little.

You are deceived.

Do not blazon your exploits,

In Spain the ladies veil their

My coat begins to wear threadbare; a circumstance which excites my tailor's merriment.

My father begins to float with age.

The total managers and the territory

A Pattern of the Second Conjugation ending in ir.

	THE SERVICE STREET, THE SE
Agir,	To act.
Agissant,	Acting.
Agi,	Acted.
J'agis, tu agis, il agit, nous agissons, vous agissez, ils agissent,	I act. thou acteft. he acts. we act. ye act. they act.
J'agissie,	I did act.
J'agis,	I acted.
J'agirai,	I will act.
J'agirois,	I would act.
Agis, qu'il agisse, agissons, agissez, qu'ils agissent,	Do you act. let him act. let us act. act ye. let them act.
(que) J'agife,	(That) I may act.
(que) J'agiffe,	(That) I might act

A Pattern of the Third Conjugation ending in tir, vir, or mir.

Sentir, To feel.

Sentant, Feeling.

Senti, Felt.

Je fens,

tu fens,

il feel.

thou feelest.

il fent,

nous sentons,

vous fentez,

ils sentent,

the feels.

they feel.

Je fentois, Julia I did feel, &c.

Je sentis, I felt, &c.

Je fentirai, I will feel, &c.

Je sentirois, I would feel, &c.

Sens,
qu'il fente,
fentons,
fentez,
qu'ils fentent,
let us feel.
feel ye.
qu'ils fentent,
let them feel.

(que) Je sente, (That) I may feel, &c.

(que) Je fentiffe, (That) I might feel, &cc.

The

The Third Conjugation.

i. Bervir,

To ferve.

Servant,

Serving:

Servi,

Served:

Je fers, tu fers, il fert, nous fervons, vous fervent, ils fervent,

I ferve: thou fervest. he ferve: we ferve: ye ferve: they ferve.

Je fervois,

I did ferve

6. Je servis,

I ferved.

Je servirai,

I will ferve.

Je fervirois,

1 would ferve.

Sers, qu'il ferve, fervez, fervez, qu'ils fervent,

Serve thou.
let him ferve.
let us ferve.
ferve. ye.
let them ferve.

(que) Je serve,

(That) I may ferve.

(que) Je servisse,

(That) I might ferve.

The Third Conjugation.

Dormir, To fleep.

Dormant, Sleeping.

Dormi, Slept.

Je dors,
tu dors,
thou fleepeff.
he fleeps.
nous dormens,
vous dormez,
ils dorment,
they fleep.

Je dormois, I did fleep.

6. Je dormis, I slept.

Je dormirai, I will fleep,

Je dormirois, I would fleep.

Dors, Sleep thou.
qu'il dorme, let him sleep.
dormens, let us sleep.
dormez, sleep ye.
qu'ils dormens, let them sleep.

(que) Je dorms, (That) I may fleep.

(que) Je dormisse, (That) I might fleep.

A Pattern of the Fourth Conjugation ending in evoir.

Recevoir,

Recevant,

Reçu,

Je reçois, tu reçois, il reçoit, nous recevez, vous recevez, ils reçoivent,

Je recevois,

Je reçus,

Je recevrai,

Je recevrois,

Reçois,
qu'il reçoive,
recevez,
qu'ils reçoivent,

(que) Je recçoive, tu reçoives, il reçoive, nous recevions, vous receviez, ils reçoivent,

(que) Je reçusse,

To receive.

Receiving.

Received.

l receive.
thou receives.
he receive.
we receive.
ye receive.
they receive.

I did receive.

I received.

I will receive.

I would receive.

Receive thou.
let him receive.
let us receive.
receive ye.
let them receive.

(That) I may receive.
thou mayeff receive.
he may receive.
we may receive.
ye may receive.
they may receive.

(That) I might receive.

A Pattern of the Fifth Conjugation ending in aindre eindre, or oindre.

Craindre,

To fear.

Craignant,

Fearing.

Craint,

Feared.

Je crains. tu crains, il craint, nous craignons, vous craignez, ils craignent,

I fear. thou fearest. he fears. we fear. ye fear. they fear.

Je craignois,

I did fear.

6. Je craignis,

I feared.

Je craindrai,

I shall fear.

8. Je craindrois,

I would fear.

Crains, (qu'il) craigne, craignons, craignez, (qu'ils) craignent,

Fear thou. let him fear. let us fear. fear ye. let them fear.

10. (que) Je craigne,

(That) I may fear.

(que) Je craignisse, (That) I might fear.

The

The Fifth Conjugation

Peindre,

To paint.

Peignant,

Painting.

Peint,

Painted.

Je peins, tu peins, il peint, nous peignons, vous peignez, ils peignent,

I paint. thou paintest. he paints. we paint. ye paint. they paint.

Je peignois,

I did paint.

6. Je peignis,

I paint.

Je peindrai,

I shall paint.

Je peindrois,

I should paint.

Peins, qu'il peigne, peignons, peignez, qu'ils peignent,

Paint thou. let him paint let us paint. paint ye. let them paint.

(que) Je peigne, (That) I may paint.

(que) Je peignisse, (That) I might paint,

The Fifth Conjugation.

Joindre,	To join.	
2. Joignant,		0
《公司》的《中国》	Joining.	
Joint,	Joined.	
Je joins, tu joins,	I join. thou joinest.	inag Kabu
il joint, nous joignons,	he joins, we join,	149644 24144
vous joignez, ils joignent,	ye join.	naansa Padran
Je joignois,	I did join,	dien.
6. Je joignis,	I joined,	en an
Je joindral	THE STREET STREET	
2	I shall join.	
9.	I would join.	
Joins, qu'il joigne,	Join thou. let him join.	
joignons,	let us join. join ye.	ischte. Wisker
qu'ils joignent,	let them join.	
(que) Je joigne,	(That) I may	join.
(que) Je joignisse,	(That) I might	join,

A Pattern of the Sixth Conjugation ending in endre, endre,

i de la ci Libraria de Libraria Libraria dela Libraria (Libraria)

Same of

-1.	36236			
Vendre	古是支撑53	1000	T	fell.
A Distal P	STATE OF	125.65	TO	IEII.

3.	TYPE LARVE	
Vendu,	The Late	Sold.
4 6/10/12	把手手里的話	DOIG.

4.	10年4月1日日日	A STATE OF THE STATE OF
Je vends,	DESCRIPTION D	I fell.
tu vends,	大阪研究	thou felleft
il vend,	THAT IS	he fells.
nous vendo	1125,	we fell.
vous vende	2,	ye fell.
ils vendent		they fell.

5.	2631			
Je vendois,		I	lid (-II
3.19多多安全是				

Vends,				
qu'il ve	nd.	REAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF T	l thou	THE RESERVE AND DESCRIPTION OF
Vendons		SECRETARIA DE LA CONTRACTORIO DE L	him f us fell	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
vendez,		California de California	ye.	
qu'ils v			them	fell.

10.	
(que) Je vende,	(That) I may fell.
II.	
(que) Je vendisse.	(That) I might fell.

The Sixth Conjugations

Répondre.

To answer.

Répondant, Answering

Répondu, Answered,

Je réponds,

I answer. tu répends, thou answerest, il répond, he answers. nous répendens, we answer. vous répondez, ye answer. ils répondent, they answer.

Je répondois, I did answer

Je répondis, . I answered.

Je répondrai, I shall auswer.

Je répendreis, I should answer.

Réponds, qu'il réponde qu'ils répendent, let them answer.

Answer thou let him answer. répondons, let us answer. répondez, answer ye.

IO. (que) Je répande,

(That) I may answer.

(que) Jerépondiffe, (That) I might answers

The Sixth Conjugation.

Perdre, To lofe.

Perdant, - Lofing.

Perdu, Loft.

Je perds,
tu perds,
il perd,
nous perdons,
vous perdez,
ils perdent,

I lose.
thou loses.
we lose.
ye lose.

Je perdois, I did lose.

Je perdis, I loft.

Je perdrai, I shall lose.

Je perdrois, I should lose.

Perds,
qu'il perde,
perdons,
let us lose,
perdez,
qu'ils perdent,
let them lose.

(que) Je perde, (That) I may lose.

(que) Je perdisse, (That) I might lose.

A Pattern of the Seventh Conjugation ending in wire,

Conduire,

To conduct.

Conduisant,

Conducting.

Conduit,

Conducted.

Je conduis, tu conduis, il conduit, nous conduisons, yous conduisez, ils conduisent,

I conduct.
thou conducteft,
he conduct.
we conduct.
ye conduct.
they conduct.

Je conduisois,

I did conduct,

Je conduiss,

I conducted.

Je conduirai,

I shall conduct.

Je conduirois,

I should conduct.

Conduis, qu'il conduise, conduises, conduises, qu'ils conduisent,

Conduct thou.
let him conduct,
let us conduct,
conduct ye.
let them conduct.

(que) Je conduise,

(That) I may conduct.

(que) Je conduissse, (That) I might conduct.

A Pattern of the Eighth Conjugation ending in oftre.

I. Conneitre,

To know.

Connoiffant,

Knowing.

Connu,

Known.

Je connois tu connois, il connoît, nous conneissons, vous connoiffez, ils connoissent,

I know. thou knowest. he knows. we know. ye know. they know.

Je connoissois,

I did know.

6. Je connus,

I knew.

Je connoîtrai,

I shall know.

Je connoîtrois,

I should know.

9. Connois, qu'il connoisse, connoissons, connoiffez, qu'ils connoissent,

Know thou. let him know. let us know. know ye. let them know.

IO.

(que) Je connoisse, (That) I may know.

(que) Je connusse, (That) I might know.

Verbs conjugated like agir, exemplified.

L'empereur a aboli plusieurs mauvaises loix,

Son champ aboutit au grand chemin,

La boisson abrutit,

Accomplirez vous votre promeffe ?

Accourcissez votre ouvrage,

La philosophie adoucit les humeurs farouches,

Affermissez votre esprit contre les dangers,

Mes forces commencent à s'affoiblir,

Affranchiffez les esclaves,

Affranchissez les lettres,

Affranchissez vous de sa domination.

fes domaines,

Vous aigrirez fon esprit,

La sauce s'aigrira,

Les larmes amolissent les Tears soften the hearts. cœurs,

The emperor repealed several bad laws.

His field confines upon the highway.

Drinking renders one flupid.

Shall you fulfil your promile?

Abridge your work.

Philosophy mollifies savage humours.

Inure your courage against dangers.

My strength begins to decay.

Set the flaves free.

Frank the letters.

Shake off his yoke.

Le roi cherche à aggrandir The king wishes to inlarge his dominions.

You will exasperate him.

The fauce will turn four.

L'étude

L'étude de la philosophie The study of philosophy allays amortit les passions,

L'expérience amortit les feux de la jeunesse,

Anéantissons - nous devant Dieu.

Il a été anobli par le roi, Ses profusions l'ont appauvri,

La paresse appésantit le corps, Aplanissez cette difficulté, Le tems humide applatit les cheveux,

Applaudir à une comédie, Vous vous applaudisfez, Arrandissez la balle,

J' ai été affailli par quatre voleurs de grand chemin,

Affortiffez les rubans,

Tâchez d'affoupir la querelle,

Ha affouvi fa colere,

Notre art nous assujétit à beaucoup de règles,

Vos malheurs m'attendriffent,

Avertissez-le de son devoir, Vous avilissez votre dignité, Baniffez-le,

the passions.

Experience cools the heats of youth.

Let us humble ourselves before God.

He was ennobled by the king. His profusions have impoveri bed him.

Idleness makes the body heavy. Remove that difficulty.

Wet weather lanks one's hair.

To clap a play.

You applaud yourself. Make the ball round.

I was affaulted by four highwaymen,

Match the ribbons.

Endeavour to Stifle the quarrel. He has fatisfied his anger,

Our art ties us up to a great many rules.

I am moved to compassion for your misfortunes.

Warn him of his duty. You disgrace your dignity. Banif him.

J'ai bâti une maison de cam- I have built a country-house.

Faites blanchir votre linge, Les moutons bondissent sur l'herbe,

Chérissez vos enfans,

Choififfez la plus belle fleur du jardin,

Quand on emprunte, on ne choisit pas, (proverbe,)

Croupir dans l'oisivété, Définissez cet homme-là,

Il a fait démolir sa maison,

Il m'a désobéi,

Divertissons-nous,

Faites dureir les œufs,

Votre beauté éblouit,

Eclaircissez le fait,

Le tems commence à s'éclaircir,

Elargifez votre jardin, On a fait élargir tous les prifoniers,

Vous avez embelli votre maifon, Emplissez les bouteilles,

Get your linen washed.

The sheep caper upon the grafs.

Cherish your children.

Choose the finest flower in the

Beggars must not be choofers.

To live in idleness.

Give the character of that man.

He caused his house to be pulled down.

He was disobedient to me.

Let us divert ourselves.

Boil the eggs hard. Your beauty dazzles.

Clear the fact.

The weather begins to clear up.

Enlarge your garden.

All the prisoners were fet at liberty.

You have adorned your house.

Fill the bottles.

En-

Endurcissez-vous au travail, La mer engloutit tout,

Enrichir une langue, S'enfévelir dans la folitude, N'envabiffez pas ses terres, Epaississe le bouillon avec de la farine, Cette fleur commence à s'épanouir, Etabliffez le fait, Vous m'étourdiffez les oreil-Etréciffez mon habit, Elle s'est évanouie, Finissez ce tableau, La grace fléchit le cœur le plus endurci, Les fleurs fe flétriffent, Les arbres fleuriront bientôt, Franchissez le fossé,

Nous avons franchi toutes

Son nom feul fait frémir,

On a garni la place de toutes

les choses nécessaires,

Je vous en garantis,

les difficultés, Franchissez le mot, Inure yourfelf to labour.

The sea swallows up every thing.

To enrich a language.

To be buried in solitude.

Do not invade his land.

Thicken the broth with flour.

This flower begins to spring out.

State the case.

You stun my ears.

Straiten my coat.

She fainted away.

Finish this picture.

Grace subdues the most obdurate heart.

Flowers wither.

The trees will foon bloffom.

Leap over the ditch.

We have furmounted all dif-

ficulties.

Do not mince the matter.

His name alone frikes terror.

I warrant you.

They have furnished the place with all necessaries.

Il gémit sur vos malheurs, Votre fils grandit considérablement,

Les pluies ont groffi les ri-

Ce miroir groffit les objets,

Cela guérit de la fièvre, Guérissez sa blessure, Je me suis guéri à la campagne,

Il se fait bair de tout le monde.

Faites investir la place, Il jouit d'un honnête revenu, La nature languit pendant l'hiver,

Il maigrit,

Munissez vous contre le froid,

Noircissez la porte,

La bonne terre nourrit les
plantes,

Obscurcir la réputation de quelqu'un,

Je le ferai pour vous obéir, Vous pâlissez, Je pâtis de vous voir, Le monde périra à la fin, He laments your misfortunes.

Your fon grows amazingly tall.

The rain has fwelled up the rivers.

This looking-glass magnifies the objects.

That cures the ague.

Heal his wounds.

I recovered my health in the country.

He makes himself bated by every body.

Invest the place with troops. \
He enjoys a sufficient income.
Nature droops in winter-time.

He grows lean.

Provide against cold weather.

Blacken the door.

Good ground nourishes plants.

To blemish one's reputation:

I will do it to obey you.
You turn pale.
I suffer to see you.
The world will perish at last.

Les

Les pommes le pourrirent,
Je le ferai pourrir en prison,
Vous avez fait pourrir la
viande de cuire,
Mon rhume commence à

Mon rhume commence à pourrir;

Je le punirai exemplairement,

Raccourcissez les cordons;
Raffermissez son courage;
Raffraichissez mes cheveux;
Raffraichissez-vous sur l'a
herbe;

Il me paroît que vous rd-

Le tems rallentira fon ar-

On m'a ravi mon bien,

Réfléchissez sur vos fauses, Votre amitié se réfréidit, Il régit toute la maison, Cet opprobre réjaillit sur ses proches,

Allons, mes amis, réjouissons-

Remplissez les bouteilles,

The apples will rot.

I will make him rot in a goal. You have boiled the meat to rugs.

My cold begins to ripen.

I shall bring him to an exemplary punishment. Shorten the strings.

Keep up his drooping spirits. Crop my hair.

Cool gourfelf on the grafs.

You feem to me to grow young

Time will abate his eager-

They have taken away my fortune from me.

Reflect upon your faults.
Your friendship relents.

He rules the whole house.

That reproach reflects upon his relations.

Now, my friends, let us make ourselves metry.

Fill the bottles again,

Il a rempli l'attente du He answered the expectation public, Le pain est renchéri, Vous rétrécirez ma veste,

Cette terre a été réunie au domaine du roi, Il a réuffi dans ses desseins, La vertu fe roidit contre tous les obstacles, Faites rôtir la viande, Pourquoi rougissez-vous? Ne faites que rougir votre

eau, Faites rouffir votre beurre,

rugir? La fièvre l'a saifi,

Ne vous salissez pas, Il a subi une peine très-rigoureufe, 10000101061 Nous avons subi la loi du vainqueur,

Faites tiedir l'eau. Il a trahi fon maître,

of the public. The price of bread role. You will make my waistcoat Araiter.

That estate was re-annexed to the king's demesne. He has succeeded in his designs. Virtue withstands all obstacles.

Get the meat roafted. Why do you bluft? Do but colour your water.

Fry your butter till it looks yellow.

Entendez-vous les lions Do you hear the lions roar?

The fever has feized upon him.

Do not dirty yourfelf. He underwent a very rigorous punishment.

We yielded to the conqueror.

性。12.12年中华·西班牙尔人

Make the water lukewarm. He has betrayed his mafter. Leurs

Leurs actions trabiffent leurs Their actions belye their paroles, words.

Vernissez mon carosse, Varnisse my coach.

J'ai envie de vomir, I want to vomit.

Ils ont uni leurs forces, They have joined their forces.

The following VERBS, printed in *Italic*, are conjugated like *Sentir*, to feel; fuch, as admit of it, being taken in different fenses.

Gardez-vous bien de mentir, Have a care of lying.

Vos actions démentent vos Your actions belye your paroles, words.

Il partira demain, He will set out to-morrow.

Votre maître est-il sorti? Is your master gone out?

Vous repentez-vous de votre Do you repent your rashness? folie?

Je n'y consentirai jamais, I shall never consent to it.

Je pressentois ce malheur, I foresaw that missortune.

Je ressens de tems en tems I feel now and then a pain in une douleur au bras, my arm.

The following Verb, Desservir, is the only one like Servir, to serve.

Allons, Pierre, desservez, Come, Peter, clear the table.

Ne desservez-vous pas une Do you not serve a parish?

cure?

Il cherche à me desservir, He is endeavouring to do me an ill office.

En-

Endermir, to lull affeep, and fe rendermir, to fall affeep again, are the only two Verbs conjugated like dermir.

Endormez l'enfant, Elle se rendormit bientôt, Lull the child afleep.

She foon fell afleep again.

The following Verbs are varied like Receveir, to receive.

J'apperçois un homme dans I descry a man in the garle jardin, den.

Je m'apperçois que vous avez I find that you are in the raison. right.

Je ne concevois pas ce qu'il disoit,

I did not comprehend what he faid.

Vous me deuez deux guinées, Les impôts sont difficiles à percevoir,

You owe me two guineas.

It is a difficult matter to collect taxes,

The following Verbsare varied like Craindre, to fear,

On le contraignit à le faire, Je plains votre malheur, Vous vous plaignez toujours,

He was compelled to do it.

I pity your misfortune.

You complain always.

The following Verbs are varied like Peindre, to paint.

Les poëtes dramatiques An- The English dramatic poets glois ne s'astreignent guère seldom tie themselves up to

aux règles d'Aristote & d'Horace,

Il court si vîte qu'il est impossible de l'atteindre,

Aveignez le linge qui est au fond du coffre, (du style familier,)

Geignez votre épée,

La ville est enceinte de fortes murailles,

La Hollande a enfreint les traités,

Eteignez le feu.

Vous feignez de l'aimer,

Je me restreins à cela, Les draps sont-ils teints? the rules of Aristotle and Horace.

He runs so fast that it is impossible to overtake him.

Take out the linen which is at the bottom of the trunk.

Gird your fword about you. The town is incompassed with strong walls.

Holland has infringed the treaties.

Put out the fire.

You pretend, or feign, to love him.

I confine myfelf to that.

Are the cloths dyed?

The following Verbs are varied like Joindre, to join.

Je vous enjoins de vous rendre I command you to repair to en prison, prison,

Le jour commence à poindre, The day begins to peep.

The following Verbs are varied like Vendre, to fell.

Nous attendons le retour du We expect the king's returniroi,

Il nous faut condescendre à We must bear with their leurs foiblesses, weakness.

Descendez

Defcendez promptement, Descendez de cheval, Il descend de cette famille. La marée descend. Entendez-vous ce que je vous dis? Donnez-le lui à entendre. Pentends que vous fassiez cela. Faites comme vous l'enten-· dez Cela s'entend, Etendez votre manteau par . terre, Il l'a étendu fur le carreau, Il a étendu ses conquêtes,

Il s'est beaucoup étendu sur ce sujet, Faites-nous bonne chère, tant que cet argent pourra

La vie de l'homme ne s'étend guères au delà de cent ans, Fendez cette planche, Il gèle à pierre fendre, Vous me fendez la tête,

La tête me fend,

s'étendre.

Come down quickly.

Light off your horse.

He comes of that family.

The tide goes out.

Do you hear what I say?

Give him a hint of it.

I expect you should do that,

Do as you think fit.

That's to be supposed.

Spread your cloak upon the ground.

He killed him upon the spot.

He extended his conquests.

He dwelt much upon this subject.

Make us good cheer, as far as that money can go.

Man's life feldom reaches above a hundred years.

Cleave that plank.

It freezes very hard.

You break my head.

I have a violent head-ache.

Le cœur me fend de douleur,

On a pendu deux criminels,

Il a pendu l'épée au croc, Il m'a dit pis que pendre, Votre jupon pend trop bas de ce côté-là,

Autant vous en pend à l' oreille,

Je prétendois de vous cette marque de reconnoissance,

Que prétendent ces misérables?

Rendez-lui fon argent, Je vous rends graces, Je lui ai rendu visite, Sa vertu le rend illustre,

Il a rendu son épée au vainqueur,

La place s'est rendue,

Le roi rend la justice luimême,

Le parlement a rendu un arrêt, portant que . . .

Cet abscès rend beaucoup de pus,

My heart is ready to break for grief.

They have banged two malefactors.

He laid up his fword.

He has railed at me bitterly.

Your petticoat hangs too low on that fide.

The like fate awaits you.

I expected from you that proof of gratitude.

What do these wretches

Return him his money.

I return you thanks.

I paid him a visit.

His virtue makes him illuf-

He delivered his fword to the conqueror.

The town furrendered.

The king administers justice personally.

The parliament made a decree, enacting that . . .

There comes a great deal of matter out of that abscess.

Enfin

Enfin'il rendit l'esprit,

Il faudra que vous rendiez vos comptes,

Vos traits sont bien rendus dans ce portrait,

Vous avez répandu du vin fur la table,

Elle répandit des larmes devant les juges,

Ne répandez pas le fang humain,

Il a répandu beaucoup d'a argent pour gagner la faveur du peuple,

Il s'est beaucoup répandu en éloges sur votre compte,

Tendez votre arc,

Les pêcheurs ont tendu leurs filets,

Tendez-moi la main, Tendez-moi mon chapeau, Elle tendoit les mains au ciel,

J'ai été plongé dans les malheurs, et vous ne m'avez point tendu les mains, Où tendent vos pas?

and the control of th

At length he expired.

You will be obliged to deliver your accounts.

Your features are well expressed in this picture.

You have fpilled wine on the table.

She shed tears in the presence of the judges.

Do not shed human blood,

He scattered a great deal of money to gain the people's favor.

He launched out into great commendations of you.

Bend your bow,

The fishermen have spread their nets.

Stretch out your hand to me. Reach me my hat.

She lifted up her hands to heaven.

I was funk in misfortunes, and you did not lend me a helping hand.

Which way do you steer your course.

J'ignore

J'ignore où tend votre dis- I know not the drift of your cours, discourse.

The following Verbs are varied like Répondre, to answer, or Perdre, to lose.

heart, if offernoed dam be for is the fame,)

Ne confondez point ceci avec

Vous ne correspondez point à l'amitié que je vous ai témoignée,

Le ploinb est fondu, Pourquoi fondez-vous en larmes?

Nous fondîmes fur l'ennemi, Il a perdu ses états,

Il a perdu les bonnes graces du prince,

Les Américains perdirent la bataille,

Il perdit fon proces,

On le perd de vue dans ses discours

Quand je perdrai le jour,

Je me suis perdu,

Il se perd dans ses raisonnemens,

Do not confound this with that.

dragar nels like

You do not correspond to the friendship I shewed you.

La poule a-c-ellic possic?

Why do you melt in tears?

We fell upon the enemy. He lost his dominions. He lost the prince's favour.

The Americans loft the bat-

He was caft.

He rambles in his discourse.

When shall I go to the land of darkness.

Less work conducte

I loft my way.

He has a rambling way of arguing.

Ce chien m'a mordu, Il a mordu à l'hameçon (c'està-dire, il est tombé dans le piège,)

Il s'en mordra les pouces, (il s'en repentira,)

On a refondu les monnoies,

Je me suis morfondu à vous attendre,
La poule a-t-elle pondu?
Tondez vos brebis,
Tordez la laine,
Il nous faut tordre de la soie,
Tordons le linge,

This dog bit me. He bit at the hook, (that is, he fell in the fnare.)

He will live to repent it.

They have melted the old coin.

I waited in vain for you (I danced attendance.)
Did the hen lay eggs?
Shear your sheep.
Twist the wool.
We must throw silk.
Let us wring the linen.

The following Verbs are varied like Conduire, to conduct.

Le berger conduit fon troupeau,
Il conduit bien fa barque,
Dieu vous conduife,
Je vous apprendrai à vous
mieux conduire,
Faites cuire la viande,
Le veau est trop cuit,
La main me cuit,

The shepherd drives his flock.

He is a good economist.

God be with you.

I shall teach you better manners.

Drist the meat.

The veal is too much done.

My hand smarts.

Le mouton n'est pas assez Boil the mutton again, it is cuit, faites le recuire, Enduisez la muraille de plâtre, Il m'a induit à le faire. Il instruit ses élèves, Qui a introduit cette coutume ?

Le luxe s'introduit bientôt dans les grandes villes, Cet arbre produit de beau

fruit,

Qu'est-ce que cela vous produira?

Il commence à se produire dans le monde,

Il sera bientôt réduit à la He shall soon be reduced to mendicité,

Réduisez ces pierres en poudre,

Il les a réduit sous son obéiffance.

Mon ami, je vous réduirai à la raison,

Tout son discours se réduisit à ce point,

Gardez-vous bien de vous laiffer féduire,

Traduisez ceci en Anglois,

not done enough.

Do the wall over with plafter.

He induced me to do it.

He instructs his pupils.

Who introduced that cuffom?

Luxury foon finds its way into large towns.

That tree produces or brings forth fine fruit.

What will you get by that?

He begins to put himself forward in the world.

beggary.

Powder these stones.

He brought them under his dominion.

I shall bring you to reason, my friend.

All his discourse amounted to that.

Take heed you be not feduced.

Translate this into English.

outes les maisons de bois All the wooden houses were ont été détruites, pulled down.

Vous m'avez détruit dans l'- You alienated the king from esprit du roi, me.

Avez-vous déduit de mon Did you deduct from my accompte ce que je vous ai count what I paid you? payé?

Déduisez les raisons que vous Urge the reasons you have avez de faire cela, to do that.

Le foleil luit avec beaucoup The fun shines with great d'éclat, lustre.

Tout ce qui reluit n'est pas All is not gold that glitters.

Vous ne sauriez me nuire, You cannot prejudice me.

The following Verbs are varied like Connoître, to know.

L'ange apparut à Joseph, et The angel appeared to Joseph, lui dit, and said to him.

Vous me paroissez François, You appear to me to be a

Il dit, et disparut sur le He said, and disappeared imchamp, mediately.

Nous comparûmes devant le We appeared besore the judge,

Croissez et multipliez, Increase and multiply.

Les eaux décroissent, The waters decrease.

Les jours décroissent, The days grow shorter.

Il méconnoît ses amis, Il se méconnoît, He forgets his friends.
He forgets his former condition.

Ne me reconnoissez-vous pas? Reconnoissez votre faute, A présent je me reconnois, Don't you know me again?
Acknowledge your fault.
Now I know where I am.

nous alient, it is a new gran

All the Verbs we have already feen, have been called Regulars by Grammarians; and those, we are going to fee, have been distinguished by the appellation of Irregulars; however, according to my fiftem, they are all of the same kind, and, in their conjugation, follow the very fame rules, as may be feen in my French Table, which reduces all the verbs to the same class or form of conjugation. The only effential difference, therefore, extant between the former and the latter, is, that the former stand, each in its fort, as models to other verbs of the same termination with them, whereas all the latter are verbs that have none similar to them, fave their compounds, which, in every language, follow the variations of their simple. That thefe verbs, the most useful in the language, may be engraved in the memory, I shall illustrate them and their compounds in a variety of subsequent examples, and shall also take them in different senses. tary his pro.

I. I to Irregular

Aller,

Allant.

Allé,

Je vais, tu vas, il va, nous allons, vous allez, ils vont,

J' allois, J' allai, tu allas, il alla, nous allames, vous allâtes, ils allerent,

I' irai,

l' irois.

qu'il aille, allons, allez, qu'ils aillent,

(que) J' aille, tu ailles, il aille, nous allions, vous alliez, ils aillent,

(que) J' allaffe,

To go.

Going.

Gone.

I go. thou goeft. he goes. we go. ye go. they go.

I did go.

I went. thou wentelt. he went. we went. ye went. they went.

I will go.

I would go.

Go thou. let him go. let us go. go ye. let them go.

(That) I may go. thou mayest go. he may go. we may go. ye may go. they may go.

(That) I might go.

Irregular Verbs in ir.

Acquérir,

Acquérant,

Acquis, 4.

J' acquiers, tu acquiers, il acquiert, nous acquérons, vous acquérez, ils acquièrent,

J' acquerois,

J' acquis,

J' acquerrai,

J' acquerrois,

Acquiers, qu'il acquierre, acquérons, acquérez, qu'ils acquierrent,

(que) J'acquierre, tu acquierres, il acquierre, nous acquériers, vous acquériez, ils acquierrent,

(que) J'acquisse,

To acquire.

Acquiring.

Acquired.

I acquire, thou acquires, he acquire, we acquire, ye acquire, they acquire.

I did acquire.

I acquired.

I shall acquire.

I should acquire.

Acquire thou. let him acquire. let us acquire. acquire ye. let them acquire.

(That) I may acquire.
thou mayest acquire.
he may acquire.
we may acquire.
ye may acquire.
they may acquire.

(That) I might acquire.

Brequier Verbs in ir. Bouillir, To boil. 2. mispos o l' Acquerir Boiling. Bouillant, Accoring. Acculation Bouilli, horippoA Boiled. Acquis, Je bous, ... wpoa I boil. tu bous, in inch thou boileft. il bout, he boils. nous bouillons, we boil. ye boil. yous bouillez, ils bouillent, they boil. Je bouillois, H. I did boil Je bouillis, I boiled, it pos 70 map as the ch I shall boil. Je bouillirai, I friedd acquise. acquarrats. I should boil. Je bouillirois, Acquire thou. Acquiere, Boil thou. let him sequi-9. Bous, let him boil. qu'il bouille, bouillons, let us boil. boil ye. bouillez, let them boil qu'ils bouillent, ניוםם שוויפים וסבים וויכ. and the state. (que) Je bouille, (That) I may boil.

(That) I might boil.

(que)] Hope

we may reside

(que) Je bouillisse,

tomaton tignen I (mel I)

I. Courir,

To run.

Courant,

Running.

3. Couru,

Run.

Je cours, tu cours, il court, nous courons, vous courez, ils courent,

I run. thou runneft. he runs. we run. ye run. they run.

Je courois,

I did run.

6. Je courus,

I ran.

7. Je courrai,

I shall run.

Je courrois,

I would run.

9. Cours, qu'il coure, courons, courez, run ye. qu'ils courent,

Run thou. let him run. let us run. let them run.

TO. 1 1801 1 1817 (que) Je coure,

(That) I may run.

(que) Je courusse, (That) I might run.

To gather. Cueillir, Gathering. Cueillant, Cueilli, Gathered. I gather. Je cueille, thou gathereft. tu cueilles, il cueille, he gathers. we gather. nous cueillans, ye gather. vous cueillez, they gather. ils cueillent, " Je cueillois, I did gather. Je cueillis, I gathered. Je cueillirai, I shall gather. Je cueillirois, I should gather. 9. Cueille, Gather thou. (qu'il) cueille, let him gather. cueillons, let us gather. cueillez, gather ye. (qu'ils) cueillent, let them gather,

(que) Je cueille, (That) I may gather.

(que) Je cueillisse, (That) I might gather.

Tressaillir,

To ftart.

Treffaillant.

Starting.

Treffailli,

Started.

Je treffaille, tu treffailles, il treffaille, nous treffailles, vous treffaillez, ils treffaillent,

I ftart.
thou ftarteft.
he ftarts.
we ftart.
ye ftart.
they ftart.

Je treffaillois,

I did ftart.

6. Je tresfaillis,

I ftarted.

Je tressaillirai,

I shall start.

8. Je treffailli*rois*,

I should flart.

Treffaille, qu'il treffaille, treffaillens, treffaillez, qu'ils treffaillent,

Start thou. let him ftart. let us ftart. ftart ye. let them ftart.

(que) Je tressaille,

(that) I may start.

(que) Je treffaillisse,

(that) I might ftart.

Fuir,

Fuyant,

Fui,

Je fuis, tu fuis, il fuit, nous fuyons, vous fuyez, ils fuient,

Je fuyois, 6. (Wanted.)

Je fuirai, 8. Je fuirois,

Fui, qu'il fuye, fuyens, fuyez, qu'ils fuyent,

(que) Je fuye,

(Wanted.)

To fly, or flee.

Flying.

Fled.

I fly.
thou flieft,
he flies.
we fly.
ye fly.
they fly.

I did fly.

I shall fly.

I should fly.

Fly thou. let him fly. let us fly. fly ye. let them fly.

(That) I may fly.

Revêtir,

2. Revêtant,

Revêtu,

Je revêts, tu revêts, il revêt, nous revêtens, vous revêtez, ils revêtent,

Je revêtois,

6. Je revêtis,

Je revêtirai,

Je revêtirois,

Revêts, qu'il revête, revêtez, revêtez, qu'ils revêtent,

10. (que) Je revête,

(que) Je revêtisse,

To clothe.

Clothing.

Clothed.

I clothe.
thou clotheft.
he clothes.
we clothe.
ye clothe.
they clothe.

I did clothe.

I clothed.

I will clothe.

I would clothe.

Clothe thou.
let him clothe.
let us clothe.
clothe ye.
let them clothe.

(That) I may clothe.

(That) I might clothe.

aratoip o

Mourir,

Mourant,

Mort,

Je meurs, tu meurs, il meurt, nous mourens, vous mourez, ils meurent,

Je mourois,

Je mourus,

Je mour*rai*,

Je mourrois,

Meurs,
qu'il meure,
mourons,
mourez,
qu'ils meurent,

(que) Je meure, tu meures, il meure, nous mouriens, vous mouriez, ils meurent,

(que) Je mourusse,

To die.

Dying.

Dead.

I die. thou diest. he dies. we die. ye die. they die.

I did die.

I died.

I shall die.

I should die.

Die thou. let him die. let us die. die ye. let them die.

(That) I may die. thou mayest die. he may die. we may die. ye may die. they may die.

(That) I might die.

Offrir,

To offer.

Offrant,

Offering.

Offert,

Offered.

J' offre, tu offres, il offre, nous offrens, vous offrez, ils offrent,

I offer. thou offerest. he offers. we offer. ye offer. they offer.

J' offrois,

I did offer.

J' offris,

I offered.

J' offrirai,

I shall offer.

J' offrireis,

I should offer.

Offre, qu'il offre, offrez, offrez, qu'ils offrent,

Offer thou. let him offer. let us offer. offer ye. let them offer.

(que) J' offre,

(That) I may offer.

(que) J' offrisse,

(That) I might offer.

Ouvrir,

2. Ouvrant,

Ouvert,

J' ouvre, tu ouvres, il ouvre, nous ouvrens, vous ouvrez, ils ouvrent,

J' ouvreis,

J' ouvris,

J' ouvrirai,

J' ouvrirois,

Ouvre, qu'il ouvre, ouvrens, ouvrez, qu'ils ouvrent,

(que) J' ouvre,

11. (que) J' ouvrisse,

To open.

Opening.

Opened.

I open.
thou openeft.
he opens.
we open.
ye open.
they open.

I did open.

I opened.

I shall open.

I should open.

Open thou. let him open. let us open. open ye. let them open.

(That) I may open.

(That) I might open.

Souffrir,

2. Souffrant,

Souffert,

Je fouffre, tu fouffres, il fouffre, nous fouffrens, vous fouffrez, ils fouffrent,

Je souffrois,

6. Je souffris,

Je souffrirai,

Je souffrirois,

Souffre, qu'il fouffre, fouffrens, fouffrez, qu'ils fouffrent,

(que) Je fouffre,

(que) Je fouffriffe,

To fuffer.

Suffering.

Buffered.

I fuffer. thou fufferest. he fuffers. we fuffer. ye fuffer. they fuffer.

I did fuffer.

I fuffered.

I shall suffer.

I should suffer.

Suffer thou. let him fuffer. let us fuffer. fuffer ye. let them fuffer.

(That) I may fuffer.

(That) I might fuffer.

Tenir,

Tenant,

Tenu,

Je tiens, tu tiens, il tient, nous tenens, vous tenez, ils tiennent,

Je tenois,
6.
Je tins,
tu tins,
il tint,
nous tînmes,
vous tîntes,

Je tiendrai,
8.
Je tiendrois,

ils tinrent,

Tiens,
qu'il tienne,
tenons,
tenez,
qu'ils tiennent,
10.
(que) Je tienne,
tu tiennes,
il tienne,
nous tenions,
vous teniez,

(que) Je tin//e,

ils tiennent,

To hold.

Holding.

Holden.

I hold. thou holdest. he holds. we hold. ye hold. they hold.

I did hold.

I held.
thou heldeft.
he held.
we held.
ye held.
they held.

I will hold.

I would hold.

Hold thou.
let him hold.
let us hold.
hold ye.
let them hold.

(That) I may hold. thou mayeft hold. he may hold. we may hold. ye may hold. they may hold.

(That) I might hold.

Venir,
Venant,

Venu, Je viens,

tu viens, il vient, nous venens, vous venez, ils viennent,

Je venois,
6.
Je vins,
tu vins,
il vint,
nous vînmes,
vous vîntes,
ils vinrent,

Je viendrai,
8.
Je viendrois,
9.
Viens,
qu'il vienne,
venons,
venez,
qu'ils viennent,

(que) Je vienne, tu viennes, il vienne, nous veniens, vous veniez, ils viennent,

(que) Je vinffe,

To come.

Coming.

Come.

I come.
thou comeft.
he comes.
we come.
ye come.
they come.

I did come.

I came.
thou cameft.
he came.
we came.
ye came.
they came.

I will come.

I would come.

Come thou.
let him come.
let us come.
come ye.
let them come.

(That) I may come. thou mayest come. he may come. we may come. ye may come. they may come.

(That) I might come.

Irregular Verbs in oir,

S'affeoir,

2. S'affeyant,

Affis,

Je m' affieds, tu t' affieds, il s' affied, nous nous affeyons, vous vous affeyez, ils s' affeyent,

Je m' affeyois,
6.

Je m' assis,

Je m' affiérai, or m' affeyerai,

Je m' affiérois, or m' affeyerois,

Affied-toi, qu'il s' affeye, affeyons-nous, affeyez-vous, qu'ils s' affeyent,

(que) Je m' affeye,

(que) Je m' affiffe,

To fit down,

Sitting down,

Sitten down.

I fit down.
thou fittest down,
he fits down,
we fit down,
ye fit down,
they fit down.

I did fit down,

I fat down.

I shall fit down.

I should fit down,

Sit thou down.
let him fit down.
let us fit down.
fit ye down.
let them fit down.

(that) I may fit down.

(that) I might fit down.

Mouvoir, 2. Mouvant, 3.

Mu,

4.
Je meus,
tu meus,
il meut,
nous mouvens,
vous mouvez,
ils meuvent,

Je mouvois,
6.
Je mus,
7.
Je mouvrai,

Je mouvrois,
9.
Meus,
qu'il meuve,
mouvens,
mouvez,
qu'ils meuvent,

que) Je meuve, tu meuves, il meuve, nous mouviens, vous mouviez, ils meuvent,

que) Je musse,

To move.

Moving.

Moved.

I move. thou movest. he moves. we move. ye move. they move.

I did move.

I moved.

I shall move.

I should move.

Move thou. let him move. let us move. move ye. let them move.

(that) I may move. thou may move. he may move. we may move. ye may move. they may move.

(that) I might move.

Pouvoir,

To be able.

Pouvant,

Being able.

Pu,

Been able:

Je puis, or peux, tu peux, nous pouvons, vous pouvez, ils peuvent,

I am able. thou art able. he is able. we are able. ye are able. they are able.

Je pouvois,

I was able.

6. Je pus,

I was able.

Je pourrai,

I shall be able,

Je pourrois,

I should be able.

(Wanted.)

(que) Je puisse, (that) I may be able.

Company of the

(que) Je puffe, (that) I might be able.

ANNEUTOIN-LIPON

Savoir (une chose,) To know (a thing.)

Sachant, Knowing.

obe wells.

Su, Known.

Je fais,

tu fais,

il fait,

nous favons,

vous favez,

ils favent,

I know.

thou knoweft.

he knows.

we know.

ye know.

they know.

Assista

04.98.23

Je favois, I did know.

6. Je fus, I knew.

Je faurai, I shall know.

Je faurois, I should know.

Sache,

qu'il fache,
fachens,
fachez,
qu'ils fachent,

Know thou.
let him know.
let us know.
know ye.
let them know.

(que) Je fache, (that) I may know.

(que) Je suffe, (that) I might know.

Valoir,
2.
Valant,
3.
Valu,
4.
Je vaux,
tu vaux,
il vaut,
nous valons,
vous valez,

ils valent,
5.
Je valois,
6.
Je valus,

Je vaudrai, 8. Je vaudrois,

Vaux, (qu'il) vaille, valons, valez, (qu'ils) vaillent,

(que) Je vaille, tu vailles, il vaille, nous valions, vous valiez, ils vaillent,

11. (que) Je valusse, To be worth.

Being worth,

Been worth.

I am worth.
thou art worth.
he is worth.
we are worth.
ye are worth.
they are worth.

I was worth.

I was worth.

I shall be worth.

I should be worth.

Be thou worth.
let him be worth.
let us be worth.
Be ye worth.
let them be worth.

(That) I may be worth, then may be worth, we may be worth, ye may be worth, they may be worth.

(That) I might be worth.

Voir,

To fee.

Voyant,

Seeing.

Vu,

Seen.

Je vois, I fee, tu vois, thou feeft. il voit, he fees. nous voyens, we fee. vous voyez, ye fee. ils voyent, they fee.

5. Je voyeis, I did see,

Je vis, I faw.

Je verrai, I shall see.

8.

Je verreis, I should see.

Vois, qu'il voye, voyons, VOYez, qu'ils voyent,

See thou. let him fee. let us fee. see ye. let them fee.

10. (que) Je voye,

(That) I may fee.

(que) Je visse,

(That) I might see.

Vouloir,

Voulant,

3. Voulu,

Je veux. tu veux, il veut, nous voulons. vous voulez ils veulent,

Je voulois.

Je voulus,

Je voudrai,

(Wanted.)

(que) Je veuille, tu veuilles, il veuille, nous voulions, vois vouliez, ils veuillent.

(que) Je voulusse,

To be willing.

Being willing.

Been willing.

I am willing. thou art willing he is willing. we are willing. ye are willing. they are willing.

I was willing,

I was willing.

I shall be willing.

Je voudrois, I should be willing.

(That) I may be willing. thou mayest be willing. he may be willing. we may be willing. ye may be willing. they may be willing.

(That) I might be willing.

Irregular

Irregular Verbs in re.

I. Battre,

Battant.

Battu

Te bats. tu bats, il bat, nous battons, vous battez, ye beat. ils battent,

Je battois,

6. Te battis,

Je battrai,

8. Je battrois,

9. Bats, qu'il batte, battons, battez, qu'ils battent,

IO. (que) Je batte

To beat.

Beating.

Beaten.

I beat. thou beateft. he beats. we beat. they beat.

I did beat.

I beat.

I will beat.

I would beat.

Beat thou. let him beat. let us beat. beat ye. let them beat.

(that) I may beat.

(que) Je battiffe, (that) I might beat.

Boire,

Buvant,

Bu,

Je bois, tu bois, il boit, nous buvens, vous buvens, ils boivent,

Je buvois, 6. Je bus,

Je boi*rai*,

Je boirois,

Bois, qu'il boive, buvens, buvez, qu'ils boivent,

(que) Je boive, tu boives, il boive, nous buviens, vous buviez, ils boivent,

11. (que) Je buffe,

To drink.

Drinking.

Drunk.

I drink.
thou drinkeft.
he drinks.
we drink.
ye drink.
they drink.

and a little

I did drink.

I drank.

I will drink.

I would drink.

Drink thou.
let him drink.
let us drink.
drink ye.
let them drink.

(That) I may drink.
thou mayeft drink.
he may drink.
we may drink.
ye may drink.
they may drink.

(That) I might drink,

Croire,

To believe.

policies,

Croyant,

Believing.

Cru,

Believed.

Je crois, tu crois, il croit, nous croyens, vous croyez, ils croyent,

I believe, thou believes, he believes, we believe, ye believe, they believe.

Je croyeis,

I did believe.

6. Je crus,

I believed.

Je croirai,

I will believe.

Je croirois,

I would believe.

Crois, qu'il croye, croyez, croyez, qu'ils croyent,

Believe thou.
let him believe.
let us believe.
believe ye.
let them believe.

(que) Je croye,

(That) I may believe.

(que) Je crusse,

(That) I might believe.

Vaincre,

Vainquant,

Vaincu,

Je vaincs, tu vaincs, il vainc, nous vainquens, vous vainquez, ils vainquent,

Je vainquois,

Te vainquis,

Je vaincrai,

Je vaincrois,

Vaincs, qu'il vainque, vainquons, vainquez, qu'ils vainquent,

(que) Je vainque,

To conquer.

Conquering.

Conquered.

I conquer. thou conquereft. he conquers. we conquer. ye conquer. they conquer.

I did conquer.

I conquered.

I will conquer.

I would conquer.

Conquer thou. let him conquer. let us conquer. conquer ye. let them conquer.

(That) I may conquer.

(que) Je vainquisse, (That) I might conquer.

T.

Conclure, To conclude.

Concluding.

Concluded.

Je conclus,

tu conclus,

il conclude.

thou concludes.

he concludes.

nous concluens,

vous concluez,

ils concluent,

they conclude.

Je conclusis, I did conclude.

Je conclus, I concluded.

Je conclurai, I will conclude

Je conclurais, I would conclude.

Conclus,
qu'il conclus,
conclus,
conclus,
conclus,
conclus,
conclus,
conclus,
qu'ils conclus,
qu'ils conclus,
let them conclude.

(que) Je conclue, (That) I may conclude,

(que) Je concluse, (That) I might conclude.

To fay. Dire, Saying. Disant, Said. and moral . Declared I fay. Je dis, tu dis, thou fayeft. he fays. nous difons, we fay. vous dites, ye fay. ils disent, they fay. Je disois, I did say, 6. Je dis, I faid. Je dirai, I will fay, Je dirois 9. Say thou. (qu'il) dife, let him fay, disons, let us say. TO KILLINGS dites, fay ye. (qu'il) disent, let them say. (que) Je dife, (That) I may fay.

(que) Je diffe, (That) I might fay.

II.

Ecrire,

To write.

Ecrivant,

Writing.

Ecrit,

Written.

J' écris, tu écris, il écrit, nous écrivens, vous écrivez, ils écrivent,

I write.
thou writes.
he writes.
we write.
ye write.
they write.

J' écrivois,

I did write.

6. J' écrivis,

I wrote.

J' écrirai,

I will write.

J' écrirois,

I would write.

9. Ecris, qu'il écrive, écrivens, écrivez, qu'ils écrivent,

Write thou.

let him write.

let us write.

write ye.

let them write.

(que) J' écrive,

(That) I may write.

(que) J' écrivisse,

(That) I might write.

Rire,

Riant,

3. Ri,

Je ris, tu ris, il rit, nous rions, vous riez, ils rient,

Je riois,

6. Je ris,

Je rirai,

Je rirois,

Ris, qu'il rie, rions, riez, qu'ils rient,

(que) Je rie,

(que) Je riffe,

To laugh.

Laughing.

Laughed.

I laugh.
thou laugheft.
he laughs.
we laugh.
ye laugh.
they laugh.

I did laugh.

I laughed.

I will laugh.

I would laugh.

Laugh thou.
let him laugh.
let us laugh.
Laugh ye.
let them laugh.

(That) I may laugh.

(That) I might laugh.

Rompre,

Rompant,

Rompu,

Je romps, tu romps, il romp, nous rompent, vous rompez, ils rompent,

Je rompois,

6. Je rompis,

Je romprai,

8. Je romp*rois*,

Romps, qu'il rompe, rompens, rompez, qu'ils rompent,

(que) Je rompe,

(que) Je rompisse,

To break.

Breaking.

Broken.

I break.
thou breakeft.
he breaks.
we break.
ye break.
they break.

I did break.

I broke.

I will break.

I would break.

Break thou. let him break. let us break. break ye. let them break.

(that) I may break.

(that) I might break.

Coudre,

Coulant,

Coufu,

Je couds, tu couds, il coud, nous coulens, vous coulez, ils coulent,

Je coulois,

6. Je cousis,

Je coudrai,

8. Je coudrois,

Couds,
qu'il couse,
couses,
cousez,
qu'ils cousent,

(que) Je coule,

(que) Je coufife,

To few.

Sewing.

Sewed.

I few. thou feweft. he fews. we few. ye few. they few.

I did few-

I fewed.

I will few.

I would few.

Sew thou.
let him few.
let us few.
few ye.
let them few.

(that) I may few-

(that) I might few.

1.

Moudre,

To grind.

Moulant,

Grinding.

Moulu,

Ground

Je mouds, il moud, nous moulens, vous moulez, ils moulent,

I grind.
thou grindest.
he grinds.
we grind.
ye grind.
they grind.

Je moulois,

I did grind.

6. Je moulus,

I ground.

Je moudrai,

I will grind.

Je moudrois,

I would grind.

Mouds,
qu'il moule,
moulens,
moulez,
qu'ils moulent,

Grind thou. let him grind. let us grind. grind ye. let them grind.

(que) Je moule,

(That) I may grind.

(que) Je mouluffe;

(That) I might grind.

Faire, To do.

2.
Fefant, Doing.

Fait, Done.

Je fais,
tu fais,
thou doest.
il fait,
he does.
nous felons,
vous faites,
ils font,
they do.

Je fesois, I did.,

Je fis, I did.

Je feral, I will do.

Je ferois, I would do.

Fais, Do thou.
qu'il fasse, let him do.
fesons, let us do.
faites, do ye.
qu'ils fassent, let them do.

(que) Je fass. (That) I may do.

11.
(que) Je fass. (That) I might do.

To please.

Plaifant,

Pleasing.

·Plu,

Pleased.

Je plais, cu plais, vous plaifez, als plaifent,

I please. thou pleafest. il plait, he pleases.
nous plaisons, we please. ye pleafe. they pleafe.

Je plaifois,

I did please.

6. Je plus,

I pleased.

Je plairai,

I will please.

8.

Je plaireis, I would pleafe,

qu'il plaife, plaifons. plaifez, qu'ils plaisent,

Please thou. let him pleafe. let us please. please ye. let them please.

10. (que) Je plaifs,

(that) I may please,

(que) Je plufe,

(that) I might please.

Se taire,

Se tailant,

3. Tu,

Je me tus,

tais-toi, taifez-vous,

To hold one's tongue.

Holding one's tongue.

Held one's tongue.

Je me tais, I hold my tongue.
tu te tais, thou holdest thy tongue. I hold my tongue. il fe tait, he holds his tongue. nous nous tailons, we hold our tongues. vous vous tailez, ye hold our tongues. ils fe tailent, they hold their tongues.

Je me taisois, I did hold my tongue.

I held my tongue.

Je me tairai, I will hold my tongue.

Je me tairois, I would hold my tongue.

hold thou thy tongue. qu'il se taise, let him hold his tongue. taifons - nous, let us hold our tongue. hold ye your tongue. qu'ils se taisent, let them hold their tongues.

(que) Je me taile, (that) I may hold my tongue.

(que) Je me tuffe, (that) I might hold my tongue.

Lire,

2. Lifant,

Lu,

Je lis, tu lis, il lit, nous lisers, vous lisez, ils lisent,

Je lisois,

6. Je lus,

Je lirai,

Je lirois

Lis, qu'il life, lisons, lifez, qu'ils lisent,

(que) Je lise,

11. (que) Je luffe, To read.

Reading.

Read,

I read. thou readeft. he reads. we read. ye read. they read.

I did read.

I read.

I shall read.

I should read.

Read thou.
let him read.
let us read.
read ye.
let them read.

(that) I may read.

(that) I might read.

Y .

Traire,

2. Trayant,

Trait,

.4. Je trais, tu trais, il trait. nous trayens, vous trayez, ils trayent,

Je trayois, (Wanted.)

Je trairai,

1 Carle Je trairois,

9. Trais, qu'il traye, trayons, trayez, milk ye. qu'ils trayent,

IO. Anne I fam (que) Je traye,

II. Main I (Wanted.)

To milk.

Milking.

Milked.

I milk. thou milkeft. he milks. we milk. ye milk. they milk.

I did milk.

I shall milk.

I should milk.

Milk thou. · let him milk. let us milk. let them milk.

(that) I may milk.

Mettre,

To put.

Mettant,

Putting.

Mis,

Put.

Je mets, tu mets, il met, nous mettens, vous mettez, ils mettent;

I put.
thou putteft.
he puts.
we put.
ye put.
they put.

Je mettois,

I did put.

6. Je mis,

I put.

Je mettrai,

I will put.

8. Je mettrois,

I would put.

Mets, qu'il mette, mettens, mettez, qu'ils mettent,

Put thou. let him put. let us put. put ye. let them put.

(que) Je mette,

(that) I may put.

11. (que) Je misse,

(that) I might put,

Naître,

Naissant,

NE.

Je nais, tu nais, il naît, nous naissers, vous naissers, ils naissent,

Je naissois,

Je naquis,

Je naît*rai*,

8. Je naîtrois,

Nais, qu'il naisse, naissens, naissez, qu'ils naissent,

(que) Je naisse,

(que) Je naquisse,

To be born.

Being born.

Been born.

I am born, thou art born, he is born, we are born, ye are born, they are born,

I was born.

I was born,

I shall be born.

I should be born,

Be thou born.
let him be born.
let us be born.
be ye born.
let them be born.

(That) I may be born.

(That) I might be born.

Prendre,

Prenant,

Pris,

Je prends, tu prends, il prend, nous prenens, vous prenens, ils prennent,

Je prenois,

Je pris,

Je prendrai,

Je prendreis

Prends, qu'il prenne, prenons, prenez, qu'ils prennent,

(que) Je prenne, tu prenne, il prenne, nous preniens, vous preniez, ils prennent,

(que) Je prisse,

To take.

Taking.

Taken.

I take, thou takest, he takes, we take, ye take, they take,

I did take.

I took.

I will take.

I would take.

Take thou. let him take. let us take. take ye. let them take.

(That) I may take.
thou mayeft take.
he may take.
we may take.
ye may take.
they may take.

(That) I might take.

LERGE IS I

Résoudre,

2. Résolvant,

Résolu,

Je résous, tu résous, il résout, nous résolvens, vous résolvez, ils résolvent,

Je résolvois,

6. Je réfolus,

Je résoudrai,

8. Je résoudrois,

Réfous, qu'il réfolve, réfolvens, réfolvez, qu'ils réfolvent,

(que) Je résolve,

que) Je réfolusse,

To resolve.

Refolving.

Resolved.

I refolve.
thou refolves.
he refolves.
we refolve.
ye refolve.
they refolve.

I did resolve.

I resolved.

I shall refolve.

I should resolve.

Refolve thou.
let him refolve.
let us refolve.
refolve ye.
let them refolve.

(That) I may refolve,

(That) I might refolve,

Suivre,

To follow.

Suivant,

Following.

Suivi,

Followed.

Je fuis, tu fuis, il fuit, nous fuivens, vous fuivez, ils fuivent,

I follow.
thou followeft.
he follows.
we follow.
ye follow.
they follow.

Je suivois,

I did follow.

Je suivis,

I followed

Je fuivrai,

I will follow.

Je fuivrois,

I would follow.

Suis, qu'il fuive, fuivens, fuivez, qu'ils fuivent,

Follow thou. let him follow. let us follow. follow ye. let them follow.

(que) Je suive,

(That) I may follow.

11. (que) Je fuivisse,

(That) I might follow.

Vivre,

Vivant,

Vécu,

Je vis, tu vis, il vit, nous vivons, vous vivez, ils vivent,

Je vivois,

Je vécus, 7. Je vivrai,

8. Je vivrois,

Vis, qu'il vive, vivons, vivez, qu'ils vivens,

(que) Je vive,

que) Je vécuffe,

To live.

Living.

Lived.

I live.
thou liveft.
he lives.
we live.
ye live.
they live.

I did live.

I lived.

I shall live.

I should live.

Live thou.
let him live.
let us live.
live ye.
let them live.

(That) I may live.

(That) I might live.

Aller

C

Eft

Con

Aye

Ces

p:

Irregular Verbs exemplified.

Aller, to go.

[REZ-vous à pied ou en caroffe?

Elle va à grand pas,

Il va à tâtons, comme un aveugle,

Pourquoi allez-vous à l'encontre de ce que je dis?

Allez à la rencontre de votre père,

Affeyez-vous, vous ne faites qu' aller et venir,

Je ne ferai qu'aller et venir, Votre montre va-t-elle?

Ce chemin va à la ville,

Votre amour va jusqu' à l'excès.

Vos désordres vont toujours croissant,

C'est un homme qui va à ses fins,

Est-ce ainfi que vous y allez?

Comment vous en va?

Ayez foin que tout aille bien,

Ces deux demoifelles vont de
pair pour la beauté,

WILL you go on foot or in a coach?

She goes very fast.

He goes groping along, like a blind man.

Why do you oppose what I fay?

Go to meet your father.

Sit down, you are ever running up and down.

I shall be back again presently.

Does your watch go?

This way goes to the town. You love to diffraction.

Your excesses go on increa-

He is a man that pursues his point.

Is this your way of proceeding?

How is it with you? See that all be well.

These two young ladies are equal in point of beauty.

Le

Le maître va de pair et compagnon avec fes domestiques,

Quand vous en irez vous? Il va fortir,

Ensuite les juges allèrent aux opinions,

Il s'en va pleuvoir, Allez, vous n'êtes qu'un fot, Vous allez trop vîte en befogne,

J'enverrai cela chez vous,

Je vous enverrois de l'argent, fi j'en avois,

The mafter goes cheek by jole with his fervants.

When will you fet out? He is just going out. Then the judges put to the

It is going to rain. Away, you are but a fool. You are too hasty.

I shall fend that to your house.

Had I any money, I would fend you fome.

Acquérir, to acquire.

Il a acquis de l'expérience, Ce prince conquit plusieurs riches provinces, finesse.

He has acquired experience. That prince conquered several rich provinces. Cela requiert beaucoup de That requires much cunning.

cisiling paragraph Bouillir, to boil.

Faites bouillir la viande, L'eau bout-elle?

isses is this a line

Boil the meat. Does the water boil?

Elle

Elle a bouilli, mais elle ne bout pas à-présent, Faites-la donc rebouillir, It has boiled, but does not boil now.

Then boil it again.

Courir, to run.

Si nous allons à Bath, nous courrons la poste,

Nous courûmes à bride abatue,
Il court après les emplois,

Vous avez couru le pays,
Le bruit court que le roi est
malade,
Qui a fait courir ce bruit-là?
Les fantés couroient à la
ronde,
Vous courez risque d'être

déplacé, Il est fou à courir les rues, (Prov.)

Ils accoururent à nous,

La grace concourt avec le libre arbitre,

Je le ferois, quand tout concourroit à ma ruine,

Ces deux ouvrages concourent pour le prix, If we go to Bath, we shall ride post. In the post of t

We ran full speed.

He ambitiously feeks after employments.

You have ranged the world. There is a report that the king is ill.

Who has spread that news? The healths went round.

You run the hazard of losing your place.

He is out of his wits.

They ran to us.

Grace concurs with free will.

Kamanilla non a miles

Herr division A

I would do it, were all things to conspire to my ruin. If These two publications stand in competition for the prize.

Il a encoure l'indignation du Day out Bool roi.

Mais, discourons un peu enfemble,

Voici votre livre, je viens de le parcourir,

Il parcourut des yeux toute l'affemblée,

Il faut recourir à Dieu dans vos disgraces,

Dieu secourt les affligés,

Heincurred the king's anger. ्रेतार क्रिया के प्रश्ने कार्य प्राप्ति ।

But, let us discourse together a little.

This is your book, I have just run it over.

He surveyed all the spectators.

You must have recourse to God in your misfortunes. God relieves the afflicted.

Cueillir, to gather.

Cueillez des fleurs dans le Gather flowers in the garden. jardin,

Le roi l'a fort accueilli,

Le prince fut accueilli d'une facheuse maladie.

Nous fûmes accueillis d'une violente tempête,

Recueillez tous les fruits, et ayez en foin.

Il a recueilli une immense fucceffion,

Ensuite on recueillit les voix,

The king received him most graciously.

The prince was taken ill of a dangerous fit of fickness.

We were furprized by a violent fform.

Gather all the fruits, and take care of them.

He inherited a large estate.

When they gathered the votes.

Tref-

Treffaillir, to leap, to ftart.

be drawn female, i wight. The past would

Il tressaillit de joie à cette He leaped for joy at the nouvelle, news.

Fuir, to fly, or flee.

Pourquoi fuyez vous, pol- Why do you run away, you tron!

Revêtir, to clothe.

Le roi l'a revêtu d'une charge The king has conferred an honorable, honourable-office upon bim.

Mourin, to die.

Il mourut l'année passée, Le feu est mort, Je meurs de faim, et vous mourez de froid,

tendential a pror knd ad komina I

Je meurs d'envie de la voir, Il nous mourut fix hommes, On prononça fa fentence, et on le fit mourir, On le fait mourir de faim, Vous faites mourir votre père de chagrin, He died last year.

The fire is gone out.

I am starving with hunger,
and you are starving with
cold.

I greatly long to fee her.
We loft fix men.
They passed sentence upon him, and he was executed.
They starve him.
You vex your father to death.

La pauvre femme fe meurt, The poor woman is dying. (elle s'en va tout doucement,)

Offrir, to offer.

Combien lui avez-vous of- How much did you offer him? fert?

Dieu.

Je voulois vous offrir cent écus de votre montre,

Ce fut le premier objet qui s'offrit à ma vue,

Quand on ne veut point acheter, il ne faut point méfoffrir,

Offrez vos fouffrances à Offer your fufferings up to

I meant to bid you a hundred crowns for your watch.

It was the first object that ftruck my fight.

When people are not inclined to buy, they ought not to underbid.

Ouvrir, to open.

nêtres.

Quand ouvrirez vous boutique ?

L'exercice ouvre l'appétit?

La lecture ouvre l'esprit,

La liberté ouvre la porte à la licence,

Outrez les portes et les fe- Open the doors and windows.

When will you open shop?

Exercise sharpens the stomach.

Reading gives light to the mind.

Liberty gives an occasion to licentiousness.

Si votre ami s'addresse à If your friend applies to you vous, ouvrez-lui votre bourfe.

Si vous êtes mon ami, ouvrez-moi votre cœur,

On ouvrira la campagne le mois prochain,

Ce fut lui qui ouvrit cet avis,

Cette porte n'ouvre jamais, Il s'ouvrit à moi, et je lui dis mon fentiment,

Il commence à s'ouvrir l'esprit,

Couvrez le pot au lait,

La mer est couverte de navires,

Ses habits font couverts d'or et d'argent,

Cette découverte le couvrit de honte

Lorfqu'elle chante en compagnie, sa voix couvre les autres,

Couvrez la table, Couvrez-vous, Monsieur, je

vous prie,

make him a tender of your purfe. cust all

If you are my friend, open your heart to me.

They will begin the campaign next month.

It was he who made the motion.

That door never opens.

He opened his mind to me, and I told him my fentiment.

He begins to apprehend things.

Cover the milk-pot.

The fea is covered with thips.

His cloaths are covered with gold and filver lace.

That discovery loaded him with shame.

When the fings in company, her voice drawns that of the other people.

Lay the table-cloth.

Sir, I beg you would put on your hat.

Ce général s'est couvert d'- That general got much hobonneur et de gloire,

Le tems commence à se couvrir,

Découvrez la marmite,

Meffieurs, découvrez-vous, s'il vous plait,

Il s'est enfin découvert au ministre,

Cela se découvrira avec le

Vous avez découvert le pot, recouvrez-le,

Special man of

nour and praise.

The fky begins to be overcaft.

Uncover the pot.

Gentlemen, pull off your hats, if you please.

He at length made himself known to the minister.

Time will bring it to light.

You took off the pot's cover, put it on again, or cover it again. B. constants

Souffrir, to fuffer.

vive.

Ne fauriez-vous fouffrir aucune fatigue?

Dans le service, on ne souffre point d'affront,

En Hollande on fouffre toutes fortes de religions,

Nous devons fouffrir les défauts des autres, fi nous voulons qu'ils fouffrent les nôtres,

Je souffre une douleur très- I endure a very pungent pain.

Can you not bear any hardthips?

In the army, no one puts up with an affront.

In Holland all religions are tolerated.

We must bear with other people's defects, if we will have them to bear with ours.

Il faut fouffrir les abus qu'on ne fauroit empêcher, Je ne fouffrirai jamais qu'il

e ne souffrirai jamais qu'il me parle si effrontément,

Cela ne souffre point de difficulté,

Ce passage souffre différentes explications,

We must connive at abuses which we cannot prevent.

I will never fuffer him to fpeak to me fo impertinently.

There is no question to be made of it.

That passage admits of several interpretations.

Tenir, to hold.

Quel livre tenez-vous à la main?

Il tient le bon bout par devers foi,

Ce prince tient ce pays en fouveraineté,

Elle tient toujours le dé dans la conversation,

Les fix corps des marchans de a ville de Paris tinrent folemnellement l'auteur de ce livre fur les fonds de baptême, avec la Dame de Marville, Comtesse de Gien,

Il tient fes terres par fes mains,

Which book do you hold in your hand?

He has the better end of the flaff.

That prince holds the land as a fovereignty.

She always ingroffes all the talk of the company.

The fix corporations of the merchants at Paris stood folemnly godfathers to the author of this book, with Madame de Marville, Countess of Gien.

He improves his own land.

Il tient ce duché à foi et He holds that dutchy of the hommage du roi,

Gibraltar pourroit tenir contre toutes les forces d'-Espagne,

Je ne tiens rien de lui, L'emploi que j'ai obtenu, c'est de vous que je le tiens,

Je tiens cette nouvelle de bonne part,

Le chat tient de la nature du tigre,

Elle tient de sa mère,

Y a-t-il long-tems que ce mal le tient?

Ces meubles tiennent trop de place,

Tenez-yous la maison tout entière?

Il tient le premier rang dans le parlement,

Elle tient bien fon coin,

Quel milieu tiendrons-nous dans cette affaire?

Il tient boutique, et son frère tient école,

king by fealty and homage.

Gibraltar could be defended against all the Spanish forces.

I have no dependence on him. What employment I have got, I am indebted to you for it.

I have that news from good hands.

The cat is of the nature of the tiger.

She is like her mother.

Has that disease been long upon him?

This furniture takes up too much room.

Do you keep the whole house?

He holds the first rank in the fenate.

She keeps up her rank very well.

Which medium shall we keep in that business?

He keeps a shop, and his brother keeps a school.

Il a un autre frère qui tient. He has another brother, who une hôtellerie,

On tint les états.

Il se tient tous les ans une foire dans ce village,

Pourquoi ne tenez-vous pas vos livres fous la clef?

On le tint deux ans en prifon,

Il tient ses enfans au collège,

Je tiens des pensionnaires, Ce prince tenoit un grand train.

Puisque nous vous tenons, vous dinerez avec nous.

Ce pot tient deux pintes,

Il faut que vous teniez mon fils de court,

Je ne voudrois point d'un emploi que me tint en fujétion,

Je serois fâché de vous tenir rigueur,

Je lui devois de l'argent, et il m'a tenu le pied sur la gorge,

is an inn-keeper.

They held the estates.

There is every year a fair kept in that village.

Why don't you keep your! books under lock and key?

They kept him two years in prifon.

He keeps his children at the college.

I keep boarders.

That prince had a great retinue.

Since we have you here, you must dine with us.

This pot holds two pints.

You must have a strict hand over my fon.

I would not accept of a slavish employment.

I should be forry to be severe upon you.

I was in his debt, and he used me with the utmost rigour.

L'E-

dans le devoir,

Cette merveille tint longtems le monde en fufpens.

L'armée tenoit la ville bloquée

Je tiens cela pour certain, Je tiens l'affaire faite à Pheure qu'il eft,

Je tiendrai votre vilite à grand honneur

On tient ce vailleau de guerre pour perdu,

Tenez-vous-le pour dit

Quelle route tiendronsnous?

Si vous tenez une mauvaise conduite, j'en avertirai votre père,

Tenez la main à ce que cela le fasse, erea of house.

Pourquoi tenez-vous des discours impertinens?

Je vous ferai tenir de l'argent,

L'Electeur tient ses sujets The Elector keeps his subjects to their duty.

That wonder kept the world in fuspense for a long time.

The army kept the town blocked up.

I hold that for a certainty. I look upon the business as

done now.

I shall consider your visit as a great honour.

They look upon that man of war as loft.

Let this be a fufficient warning to you.

What road shall we keep?

If you follow bad courses, I shall acquaint your father of it.

See that thing done.

Why do you talk impertinently?

I shall fend you some money.

Il tient les livres chez un He keeps a banker's books. banquier,

Tenez régistre de tout, Je tiendrai compte de cette faveur,

Ce clou tient bien, Votre maison tient à la mienne.

Cela me tient fort au cœur, Il tient au parti du roi,

Tenez, voila fix fous, A quoi tient-il que nous ne dinions?

Je ne faurois tenir contre vos prières,

Il en tient le bon homme, Les voleurs se tiennent tous par la main.

Quand on a la fièvre, il faut s'abstenir de viande,

A qui cela apartient-il? Cela m'appartient en propre. Il appartient aux maîtres de

châtier leurs disciples,

Ce panier contiendra cinquante œufs,

l'ai été détenu deux heures.

在在市场。

Take notice of all.

I fhall be thankful for that favour.

That nail holds faft.

Your house is contiguous to mine.

I refent that much

He is tied to the king's party.

Here, there is fix-pence.

What is the matter that we do not dine?

I cannot refift your prayers.

The poor man is caught. Thieves go hand in hand

together. When one has a fever, one must abstain from meat.

Whom does that belong to? That is my own property.

It is the duty of masters to chastise their pupils.

That basket will bold fifty

I was detained two hours.

Il obtiendra ce qu'il demande, He shall obtain what he asks

Il a obtenu sa grace du roi, Nous obtîn:nes cela fur lui,

Retenez vos livres, Je voudrois pouvoir retenir I wish I could detain his ce qui lui appartient, Qu'est-ce qui vous retient? l'ai retenu un domestique, Cette colonne foutient tout le bâtiment, Entretenez votre famille, Entretenons-nous ensemble, Maintenez vos droits.

for.

Hehas got the king's pardon. We prevailed so far upon him.

Keep your books to yourfelf. effects.

What hinders you? I have hired a fervant.

That column supports all the building.

Maintain your family. Let us discourse together. Affirm your rights.

Venir, to come.

Je m'en vais à Paris, voulez- I am going to Paris, vous venir avec moi? Je veux le voir venir,

Si ce livre venoit à se perdre,

Il ne vient point de raisins dans ce pays-là, Nous en vinmes aux mains avec l'ennemi. Mais, venons au fait, Nous venons de diner,

you come with me?

I will see what he has a mind to do.

If this book should happen to be loft.

There grows no corn in that country.

We engaged the enemy.

But, let us come to the point. We have dined just now.

s' Affeoir

s' Affeoir, to fit down.

Affeyez cet enfant sur une Set that child down in a chaise,

On ne peut asseoir aucun jugement fur fa déposition, Asseyez-vous auprès de moi,

chair.

One cannot depend upon his deposition. Sit you down near me.

Mouvoir, to move.

Mouvoir une question, Il ne fait que se mouvoir, To fart a question. He does nothing but move.

Pouvoir, to be able.

Cet enfant pourra bientôt marcher, Je n'en puis plus, Vous pouvez tout fur lui,

That child will foon be able to walk. I am quite fpent. You have a great power over him.

Savoir, to know.

Personne que je sache, Je sais cette nouvelle de bonne part, Je vous fais bon gré de cela, rivée,

No body that I know of. I have that news from good hands. I take that kindly of you. Je vous ferai savoir son ar- I shall acquaint you with his arrival:

Valoir, to be worth.

Les ceufs valent quatre sous la douzaine,

Le jeu ne vaut pas la chandelle, (Prov.)

Cela vaut son pesant d'or,

Cela ne vaut pas la peine, Je sais ce qu'en vaut l'aune, (je connois cela par expérience,)

Vous ne faites rien qui vaille, Il fait valoir fon argent, Mon ami, vous vous faites trop valoir, (figurém.) Votre avis ne prévaudra pas, Il fe prévaut de sa science, Eggs are worth four-pence a dozen.

The play is not worth the candle.

That's worth its weight in gold.

It is not worth the while.

I know what belongs to that.

You do it quite wrong.

He improves his money.

My friend, you put yourfelf
too much forward.

Your advice will not prevail.

He values himfelf upon his
fcience.

Voir, to fee.

Je vois un homme dans la

Ne voyez-vous pas de loin un caroffe à quatre chevaux,

Je lui ferai voir bien du pays,

I fee a man in the street.

Do you not see afar off a coach and four.

I shall find work enough for him.

Je vois votre impertinence de mauvais œil,

Faites cela, et vous verrez,

Jevois clair dans cette affaire, I fee plain into that bufiness. A le voir on le prendroit pour un honnête homme,

J' entrevois un homme à cheval,

Dieu pourvoira à tous nos besoins,

Je me pourvoirai en justice contre vous,

l'avois prévu ce qui arriveroit,

Quand reverrai-je ma patrie?

an alroidan

I fee your impertinence with an evil eye.

Do that, and you will see what will become of it.

By his looks one would take him for an honest man.

I begin to discover a man on horseback.

God will provide for all our wants.

I will fue you at law.

I had foreseen what should happen.

When shall I fee my country again?

Vouloir, to be willing.

Voulez-vous me payer?

Il ne fait ce qu'il veut,

Pourquoi m'en voulez-vous?

Que veut dire cela?

Are you willing to pay me?

He does not know his own mind.

Why do you bear ill-will to doctor it beam out

What is the meaning of that?

Battre, to beat.

Il battit fon valet,

He beat his fervant.

ВЬ

Bat-

Battez la mesure pendant Do beat time while I shall que je chanterai, Il n'y a que les princes fouverains qui puissent faire battre monoie, Deux hommes battoient du bled, Une femme battoit le beurre, Battez les cartes, Le pouls lui bat encore, Le cœur me bat, A peine eut-il parlé que tout le monde battit des mains, Cet oiseau bat des aîles. Allons, battons-nous, On a abatu tous les arbres de la forêt, Elle se laisse abattre à la trifteffe. La pluie abattra la poussière, Cela lui abattra le courage, Son cheval s'abattit fous lui, Le vent s'abat, Il vous faut combattre vos propres inclinations, Cette proposition fut longtems débattue,

travers and there are

fing. None but fovereign princes have a right to coin money. Two men were thrashing corn. churning A woman was milk. Shuffle the cards. His pulse beats still. My heart pants. He had hardly spoken, when every one applauded. That bird flutters. Now, let us fight. They have cut down every tree in the forest. She fuffers herfelf to be cast down with grief. The rain will lay the dust. That will damp his courage. His horse fell under him. The wind abates. You must combat, or oppose, your own inclinations. That proposition was debated, or discussed, for a conside-

rable time.

Ne

Ne voulez-vous rien rabattre du prix de ce poulet? Elle ne veut rien rabattre de fa fierté,

Le tailleur n'a pas rabatu les coutures de votre habit,

Les perdrix fe rabatirent dans ce champ,

Will you not abate fomething of the price of this chicken? She will not be brought down.

The tailor has not beaten down the feams of your coat.

The partridges fell down in that field,

Boire, to drink.

Voulez-vous beire un verre de vin? Le papier boit, Tu as fait la folie, c'est à toi à la boire, Will you drink a glass of wine?

The paper blots.

Thou hast played the fool, 'tis fit thou shouldst suffer for it.

m trouverses living Il cases

Croire, to believe.

Je crois que vous avez raison, Vous irez à Paris, si vous m'en croyez, I believe you are right: You shall go to Paris, if you will be ruled by me.

Vaincre, to conquer.

Il a vaince tous ses ennemis, He has conquered all his ene-

Laissez-vous vaincre à la Be moved to pity.

B b 2

Elle

Elle s'est laissée vaincre à la She sunk under grief. douleur. Trainer or ab realist

Conclure, to conclude.

On conclut à la guerre,

THEOR-TO RECEIVE MILL ONLY Cette raison ne conclut pas, Je conclus à ce qu'il plaise à la cour m'absoudre,

They concluded, or refolved, upon the war.

This reason is not convincing. I move that the court be pleased to acquit me.

Dire, to fay.

Dites vos prières, Say your prayers. Que veut dire cela? Est-ce à dire pour cela que j'ai tort? Ord world Cela ne dit rien,

l'ai trouvé ces livres si chers que je n'en ai rien dit, Venez, je vous dirai quelque chose à l'oreille, Cela va sans dire,

What does that mean? Does it follow therefrom that I am in the wrong? That is nothing to the purpose.

I found those books so dear. that I bade nothing for them. Come, I want to whisper fomething in your ear. That is to be understood.

Ecrire, to write.

Avez-vous écrit à Monsieur Did you write to your favotre père? visage,

ther? Son malheur est écrit sur son His ill-luck is written in his forehead.

Il a fort bien décrit les beautés He gave a fine description of de cette île, Inferivez mon nomfur votre

livre, Je me suis inscrit en faux

contre cet acte, Prescrivez-moi ce que je dois faire, the last the

Le ministre proscrivit tous ses ennemis.

Récrivez votre thème,

Souscrivez ce contract,

Je fouscrirai à tout ce que vous ferez, Transcrivez cette note,

the beauties of that island. Write my name on your book.

I pleaded the falfity of that writing.

Prescribe to me what I must do. ALL STOR DESTRUCTION

The minister banished all his enemies.

Write your exercise over again.

Set your name to that contract.

I shall consent to every thing you shall do.

Transcribe, or copy, this note.

Rire, to laugh.

De quoi riez-vous? Elle ne rit que du bout des lèvres,

Vous riez fous cape, Ils éclatèrent de rire,

striuor r

L SHOUL

Je le disois pour rire, Vous apprêtez à rire à tout le monde,

What makes you laugh? She laughs but from the teeth outward.

Yel wilming

You laugh in your fleeve. They burst out with laugh-

ing.

I faid it in jest.

You make yourfelf ridiculous to every body.

Tout

Tout rit dans la campagne,

Every thing fimiles in the country.

Je vous ai vu fourire,

I faw you fmile.

Rompre, to break.

Vous me rompez la tête, J'ai rompu avec lui,

rompt les mœurs,

rompu,

You break my head. I fell out with him.

La mauvaise compagnie cor- Bad company adulterates manners.

Je n'aime point à être inter- I do not love to be disturbed.

Coudre, to few.

Coufez vos manchettes,

Découfez la doublure,

reconfez-le,

Sew your ruffles.

Unfew the lining.

Votre tablier est déchiré, Your apron is torn, sew it up again.

Moudre, to grind.

Faites moudre les couteaux, Get the knives ground.

Faire, to do, to make.

Que faites-vous? La chate a fait des petits,

What are you doing? The cat has brought forth young ones.

Lance con some cante

Faifons

Faisons un tour de prome- Let us take a turn. criving a latinia

La servante a-t-elle fait la Did the maid sweep the chambre? Vous êtes-vous fait la barbe? Le perruquier vous a-t-il

fait les cheveux ? Je ne faurois qu'y faire, Cela fait toutes mes délices,

Cela fesoit un fort bel effet, Je fais profession des armes. On fesoit le roi mort,

Cela n'y fait rien, Vous lui faites les yeux doux, Il fait le fin, Savez-vous faire des armes? Faites un faut. Ie viens de faire un faux pas, et me suis fait mal au pied,

Une frègate de roi a relâché dans ce port, pour faire du bois et de l'eau.

La flotte fera bientôt voile. Cet habit vous fait fort bien, On lui fit fon procès,

room ?

Did you shave yourself? Did the hairdreffer cut your hair? sinkall althorna

I cannot help it.

That is all my delight.

That looked very well.

I profess arms.

They gave out that the king was dead. ou were left if

It is no matter.

You look fweetly upon her. He carries it cunningly.

Can you fence? Take a leap.

I made a falle step, and hurt my foot.

One of the king's frigates put into that harbour, to take in a provision of wood and fresh water.

The fleet will foon fet fail. That fuit fits you very well. They tried him.

Un soldat sesoit la sentinelle, A soldier stood sentry. Le roi fera bientôt la revue des troupes,

Il a fait banqueroute,

Je ne me mêle de rien à la maifon, c'est ma cui sinière qui fait la dépense,

Fait il clair de lune?

Mon maître ne fait que de fortir

Il me fit mille remercimens, standards and the owner and

Pallai vous voir, et vous me fites mauvais vilage,

Tachez de vous faire des amis,

Il se fit moine et sa sœur religieuse,

Il se fait tard,

Mon ami! vous vous en faites bien accroire.

北海市政策

Se peut-il faire qu'il foit parti.

Il fait chaud,

Il fait froid,

Il fait cher vivre à Londres,

The king will foon take a review of the troops.

He broke.

I have no concerns at home, it is my cook that buys every thing.

Does the moon shine?

My mafter is just gone out.

He thanked me a thoufand times was in a side of

I went to fee you, and you received me unkindly.

Endeavour to get friends.

He turned monk and his fifter nun.

It grows late.

My friend! you are much conceited.

Is it possible he should be gone! It is hot.

It is cold.

It is dear living in London.

PROSTATION TO

Vous contrefactes le malade,

Défaites tout votre ouvrage, Je me suis défait de ma montre,

Défaites-vous de cette mauvaise habitude,

Refaites tout cela, Cela ne me satisfait pas,

Vous furfaites trop,

You counterfeit sickness, or you pretend to be fick.

Undo all your work.

I fold my watch.

Break yourfelf of that ill habit.

Do all that over again.

That does not fatisfy, or. please me.

You exact too much.

Plaire, to please.

Elle me plait autant que sa She pleases me as much as fœur me déplait, Cela vous plait à dire, Je n'ai fait cela que pour lui complaire,

her fifter difpleases me. You are pleased to say so. I did it only to please him.

Taire, to keep secret, or conceal.

faut taire.

le monde,

taire?

Il ne dit rien de ce qu'il He never says a word of what ought to be kept a fecret.

Par là vous ferez taire tout By fo doing you will stop people's mouths.

Ne voulez-vous pas vous Will you not hold your tongue?

Cc

Lires

Lire, to read.

Vous lifez fort bien, On l'a élu tout d'une voix,

Cela suffit pour sa subsistance,

Le peu que j'ai me suffit,

You read very well.

He was unanimously chosen, or elected.

That is sufficient for his subfiftence.

I am contented with what little I have.

Traire, to milk.

ches,

Il nous faut abstraire du sujet tout ce qui y est inhérent,

Je suis occupé, ne cherchez pas à me distraire,

Tâchez de le distraire de ce mauvais deficin, Extraire un livre,

Souftraire des sujets de l'obéissance de leur prince,

Il voudroit se soustraire de la puissance paternelle,

Ayez soin de traire les va- Take care to milk the cows.

We must abstract from the fubject all that is inherent to it.

I am at work now, do not feek to divert me from my bufinefs.

Endeavour to diffuade him from that bad defign.

To abridge a book.

To withdraw subjects from their allegiance.

He is inclined to forfake his duty to his father.

Les

Les hommes, qui font nés libres, ont droit de se soustraire à la tyrannie, Il est allé en Hollande pour fe soustraire à la justice, Rentraire une tapifferie, Le propre de l'ane est de braire.

Men, that were born free, have a right to shake off the voke of tyranny. He went to Holland to fly from justice. To darn a tapestry. It is natural for an afs to bray.

Mettre, to put.

Mettez ce livre fur la table. Ayez soin de mettre chaque chose en sa place, Vous mettez la charue devant les boeufs, (Prov.) Mettez fa déposition par écrit Nous avons heureusement mis le sceau à cette affaire. Il vient de mettre au jour He has just published a work.

un ouvrage, Ses chevaux ont été mis en vente. Il mit la main à son épée, Quand mettrez-vous la main à la plume ?

Put this book on the table. Have a care to let every thing in its place. You fet the cart before the horfe.

We have happily made an end of that bufinefs.

Set down his deposition.

His horses have been exnofed to fale. He took hold of his fword.

When shall you take pen in your hand?

Cc 2

Que

Que ne mettez-vous ces. Why do you not write thefe verbes au net ?~ verbs fair ?

Nous mettrons demain à la We shall set sail to-morrow. voile,

Le roi va mettre de nouvelles troupes fur pied,

Mettez la paix dans cette maison,

Je vous mettrai à l'amende, Qui a mis ces paroles en mulique?

Il met beaucoup du sien dans la conversation,

Il est allé mettre ordre à ses affaires,

Sa tête fut mise à prix,

Il m'a mis en tête d'aller à Paris,

Que ne mettez-vous votre argent à intérêt ?

Il a mis son épée en gage, Il a été mis hors de cour et de procès,

Quand mettrez-vous votre fils en apprentissage?

Ne vous mettez pas devant moi,

The king is going to levy. new troops.

Set all right in that family.

I shall fine you.

Who fet these words to mufic?

He introduces much of his own in the conversation.

He went to fettle his own affairs.

They fet so much moneyupon his head.

He perfuaded me to go to Paris

Why do you not put out your money to use? He has pledged his fword. He has obtained judgement.

When will you bind your fon apprentice?

Do not stand before me.

Allons,

Allons, mettez-vous en devoir Come, dispose yourself to read. de lire,

Ensuite elle se mit à pleurer, Mettez-vous à votre aise, Mettons-nous à l'ombre,

Elle a su se mettre bien dans l'esprit du roi,

Il s'est mis sur les rangs pour la place vacante,

Il se met toujours très-bien,

Vous ne voulez pas vous mettre à la raison,

Je n'admets point votre excufe,

Je commettrai mes affaires à I will commit my affairs to vos foins.

Il commet son autorité,

Il a commis les deux frères ensemble.

Il s'est démis de sa charge, Il s'est démis le bras,

J'ai omis une phrase dans ma lettre,

que . . .

Il se permet beaucoup de He takes a great latitude. choses,

When she fell a crying. Take your ease.

Let us go into the fhade.

She used her skill to creep into the king's favour.

- He is in pursuit of the vacant place.

He dreffes always very well.

You will not be ruled by reason.

I do not admit of your excufe.

your hands.

He exposes his authority.

He has fet the two brothers at variance.

He resigned his place.

He has put his arm out of joint.

I omitteda phrase in my letter.

Permettez-moi de vous dire, Permit me, or give me leave, to tell you, that . . .

Il ne se permet aucun plaisir, He indulges himself in no fort of pleafure.

S'il m'est permis de parler ainfi,

Vous lui avez promis votre fille en mariage,

Les bleds promettent beaucoup

Ce jeune homme promet beaucoup,

Je me suis promis d'aller vous voir,

Remettez-moi les cless de la maifon,

Je vous ferai remettre de l'argent,

Je remets mes intérêts entre vos mains,

Remettez-vous à votre ouvrage,

Ne me remettez-vous pas?

Il compromit sa dignité, Ne vous compromettez pas

avec lui,

jugement,

Je me soumettrai à vos or- I will submit to your orders. dres,

You promised, or you betrothed, your daughter to him.

If I may use the expression.

There is great hope of a very good harvest.

That lad is a very promising youth.

I am resolved to go and see you.

Deliver the keys of the house up to me.

I shall remit you some mo-

I put all my concerns into your hands.

Set yourfelf again to your work.

Do you not recollect me? He exposed his character.

Do not engage in a quarrel with him.

Je foumets la chose à votre I submit the thing to your judgement.

Ses vertus feront transmises à la postérité,

His virtues will be transmitted or handed down to posterity.

Naître, to be born.

Il naquit le vingt Septembre, He was born on the twentieth mil fept cent deux,

On dit que le phoenix renait de ses cendres,

La nature renait au printems,

Cela a fait renaître la vieille querelle,

Menez paltre le bétail, Il se repait d'espérances

yaines.

of September, one thousand feven hundred and two.

The phoenix is faid to be born again, or to fpring up again, from his own aftes. Nature is revived in the fpring.

That has revived the old quarrel.

Lead the cattle to the paffere. He feeds bimfelf with vain hopes,

Prendre, to take.

Prenez vos livres, Quand la cour prend-elle le deuil? Prenez-le au mot, On ne fait comment yous prendre.

Take your books. When will the court go into mourning? Take him at his word. People do not know how to deal with you.

Prenez

Prenez un air riant,

Il vous faut prendre à droite, J'irai à Douvres par la voye du carosse,

Si la curiofité vous prend d'y

Il nous faut prendre la chose de plus haut,

La rivière prend fa fource en ce lieu-là,

Il a pris possession de tous

Prenez exemple fur votre frère,

Nous primes terre à neuf heures du matin,

Pourquoi prenez-vous l'épouvante?

Je prends beaucoup de part à votre malheur,

On fit filence, et il prit ainfi la Parole,

Il prit la fuite,

Nous primes la poste pour aller à Londres,

Ils prirent les armes,

Put on a smiling counter-

You must take to the right.

I shall go to Dover by the coach.

If your curiofity prompt you to go thither.

We must fetch the thing higher.

The river rifes in that place.

He entered into possession of all his estates.

Take example by your brother.

That house was set on fire. We landed at nine in the morning.

Why do you take the alarm?

I take a great part in your misfortune.

They proclaimed filence, and he began to speak thus.

He fcampered away.

We took post to go to London.

They took up arms.

J'ai

J'ai pris l'habitude de dé- I contracted a habit of breakjeuner de bon matin, Prenez la droite fur elle, Vous prenez la chèvre pour

Il me prit au faut du lit,

Vous me prenez furementpour un autre, Prenez en main mes intérêts, Elle me prit fous fa protection Il a pris le bonnet,

J'ai pris naissance à Paris,

Ce ragoût prend à la gerge,

Bien lui en prit d'avoir un bon ami,

Ce mot se peut prendre en divers fens,

Vous vous y prenez bien pour réuffir,

Vous obtiendrez tout de lui, fi vous vous y prenez bien, S'il se perd quelque chose, je m'en prendrai à vous,

fasting early.

Take the right hand of her. You fly into a passion for nothing.

He came to me early in the morning.

You certainly must mistake me.

Espouse my cause.

She took me under her protection.

He has taken his degrees.

Paris is the place of my birth.

That ragou catches at one's throat.

It was well for him he had a good friend.

This word may be taken in feveral fenfes.

You take the right method to fucceed.

You may have any thing of him by fair means.

If any thing be loft, you shall be answerable to me for

it.

D d .

Avez-

Avez-vous appris votre le- Did you learn your leffon? con,

Vous désapprenez le François You forget your French jours,

Je ne comprends pas ce que I do not understand what vous dites.

Vous entreprenez trop de You undertake too many choses à-la-fois,

Je croyois le connoître, mais I thought I knew him, but I je me suis mépris,

Les Anglois ont repris la The English have retaken ville,

Reprenons notre discours, Let us resume our discourse. Elle reprit ses esprits,

Laissez moi reprendre ha- Let me fetch my breath leine,

Cela me surprend, La nuit nous surprit, La pluie me furprit,

de plus en plus tous les more and more every day.

you fay.

things at once.

was under a miftake.

the town.

She came to herfelf again.

again.

I am amazed at that. The night overtook us. I was caught in the rain.

Résoudre, to resolve.

do it.

Ne fauriez-vous résoudrecette Can't you resolve that quesquestion? Je ne saurois me résoudre à I cannot find in my heart to cela.

tion?

Absoudre

Absoudre un penitent,

To give a penitent finner the absolution.

Diffolvez ces pilules,

Diffolve these pills.

Suivre, to follow.

Suivez vos frères.

Follow your brothers.

Il poursuivit son dessein,

He purfued or profecuted his defign.

Que s'ensuit-il de là?

What does it follow from that?

Faites frire le poisson,

Fry the fifh.

Vivre, to live.

Il vit au jour la journée,

He lives from hand to mouth.

Il ne fait pas vivre,

He knows not how to behave himfelf.

L'air de la campagne me fait

revivre,

Elle furvécut à son mari,

The air of the country brings me to life again.

She outlived her husband.

E.N.D. THE

19112]

The fire of a stock !

Butter in Allen were

I show their ten de BRITAN NICVM

Johl of The

Here we had not been the state of the state of the state of the State of State of State of the The state of the s

the state of the same

Sic outlined her halberd.

entiversities to

Compared to warming

Lake do 12 campagne me had. The air of the bountry leading The second of

I was not a largy at old I

